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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: PEPTIDES AND RELATED MOLECULES THAT BIND TO TALL-1

a¹a²a³CDa⁴La®a³a¹¹Ca¹²a¹³a¹⁴

(SEQ. ID. NO: 100),

b¹b²b³Cb⁵bʻDb®Lb¹⁰b¹¹b¹²b¹³b¹⁴Cb¹ʻb¹²b¹³b¹

(SEQ. ID. NO: 104)

c¹c²c³Cc⁵Dc²Lc°c¹⁰c¹¹c¹²c¹³c¹⁴Cc¹⁰c¹²c¹³c (SEQ. ID. NO: 105)

d¹d²d³Cd⁵dʻd⁻WDd¹⁰Ld¹³d¹⁴d¹⁵Cd¹⁰d¹²d¹8

(SEQ. ID. NO: 106)

e¹e²e³Ce⁵éeð⁻De°Le¹¹Ke¹³Ce¹⁵e¹⁵e¹⁵e¹²e¹8

 $(X^1)_a - V^1 - (X^2)_b$ (I)

(SEQ. ID. NO: 107)

f¹f²fKfDf7Lf°f¹°Qf¹²f¹³f¹4

(SEQ. ID NO: 109)

(57) Abstract: The present invention concerns therapeutic agents that modulate the activity of TALL-1. In accordance with the present invention, modulators of TALL-1 may comprise an amino acid sequence Dz2Lz4 wherein z2 is an amino acid residue and z4 is threonyl or isoleucyl. Exemplary molecules comprise a sequence of the formulae ala2a3CDa6La8a9a10Ca12a13a14 (SEQ.ID.NO:100), b1b2b3Cb5b6Db8Lb10b11b12b13b14Cb16b17b18 $c^1c^2c^3Cc^5Dc^7Lc^9c^{10}c^{11}c^{12}c^{13}c^{14}Cc^{16}c^{17}c^{18}\\$ (SEQ.ID.NO:104) (SEQ.ID.NO:105) $d^1d^2d^3Cd^5d^6d^7WDd^{10}Ld^{13}d^{14}d^{15}Cd^{16}d^{17}d^{18}$ (SEQ.ID.NO:106) e1e2e3Ce5e6e7De9Le11Ke13Ce15e16e17e18 (SEQ.ID.NO:107) f¹f²f³Kf⁵Df⁷Lf⁹f¹⁰Qf¹²f¹³f¹⁴ (SEQ.ID NO:109) wherein the substituents are as defined in the specification. The invention further comprises compositions of matter of the formula $(X^1)_{a}$ - V^1 - $(X^2)_{b}$ wherein V^1 is a vehicle that is covalently attached to one or more of the above TALL-1 modulating compositions of matter. The vehicle and the TALL-1 modulating composition of matter may be linked through the N- or C-terminus of the TALL-1 modulating portion. The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain, and the preferred Fc domain is an IgG Fc domain.



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PEPTIDES AND RELATED MOLECULES THAT BIND TO TALL-1

This application is related to U.S. provisional application no. 60/290,196, filed May 11, 2001, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

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Background of the Invention

After years of study in necrosis of tumors, tumor necrosis factors (TNFs) α and β were finally cloned in 1984. The ensuing years witnessed the emergence of a superfamily of TNF cytokines, including fas ligand 10 (FasL), CD27 ligand (CD27L), CD30 ligand (CD30L), CD40 ligand (CD40L), TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand (TRAIL, also designated AGP-1), osteoprotegerin binding protein (OPG-BP or OPG ligand), 4-1BB ligand, LIGHT, APRIL, and TALL-1. Smith et al. (1994), Cell 76: 959-962; Lacey et al. (1998), Cell 93: 165-176; Chichepotiche et al. (1997), J. Biol. 15 <u>Chem.</u> 272: 32401-32410; Mauri et al. (1998), <u>Immunity</u> 8: 21-30; Hahne et <u>al</u>. (1998), J. <u>Exp</u>. <u>Med</u>. **188**: 1185-90; Shu <u>et al</u>. (1999), J. <u>Leukocyte Biology</u> 65: 680-3. This family is unified by its structure, particularly at the Cterminus. In addition, most members known to date are expressed in 20 immune compartments, although some members are also expressed in other tissues or organs, as well. Smith et al. (1994), Cell 76: 959-62. All ligand members, with the exception of LT- α , are type II transmembrane proteins, characterized by a conserved 150 amino acid region within Cterminal extracellular domain. Though restricted to only 20-25% identity, 25 the conserved 150 amino acid domain folds into a characteristic β -pleated sheet sandwich and trimerizes. This conserved region can be proteolytically released, thus generating a soluble functional form. Banner et al. (1993), Cell 73: 431-445.

Many members within this ligand family are expressed in lymphoid enriched tissues and play important roles in the immune system development and modulation. Smith et al. (1994). For example, TNFα is mainly synthesized by macrophages and is an important mediator for inflammatory responses and immune defenses. Tracey & Cerami (1994), Ann. Rev. Med. 45: 491-503. Fas-L, predominantly expressed in activated T cell, modulates TCR-mediated apoptosis of thymocytes. Nagata, S. & Suda, T. (1995) Immunology Today 16: 39-43; Castrim et al. (1996), Immunity 5: 617-27. CD40L, also expressed by activated T cells, provides an essential signal for B cell survival, proliferation and immunoglobulin isotype switching. Noelle (1996), Immunity 4: 415-9.

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The cognate receptors for most of the TNF ligand family members have been identified. These receptors share characteristic multiple cysteine-rich repeats within their extracellular domains, and do not possess catalytic motifs within cytoplasmic regions. Smith et al. (1994). The receptors signal through direct interactions with death domain proteins (e.g. TRADD, FADD, and RIP) or with the TRAF proteins (e.g. TRAF2, TRAF3, TRAF5, and TRAF6), triggering divergent and overlapping signaling pathways, e.g. apoptosis, NF-kB activation, or JNK activation. Wallach et al. (1999), Annual Review of Immunology 17: 331-67. These signaling events lead to cell death, proliferation, activation or differentiation. The expression profile of each receptor member varies. For example, TNFR1 is expressed on a broad spectrum of tissues and cells, whereas the cell surface receptor of OPGL is mainly restricted to the osteoclasts. Hsu et al. (1999) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96: 3540-5.

A number of research groups have recently identified TNF family ligands with the same or substantially similar sequence. The ligand has been variously named neutrokine α (WO 98/18921, published May 7, 1998), 63954 (WO 98/27114, published June 25, 1998), TL5 (EP 869 180, published October 7, 1998), NTN-2 (WO 98/55620 and WO 98/55621,

published December 10, 1998), TNRL1-alpha (WO 9911791, published March 11, 1999), kay ligand (WO99/12964, published March 18, 1999), and AGP-3 (U.S. Prov. App. Nos. 60/119,906, filed February 12, 1999 and 60/166,271, filed November 18, 1999, respectively); and TALL-1 (WO 00/68378, published Nov. 16, 2000). Each of these references is hereby incorporated by reference. Hereinafter, the ligands reported therein are collectively referred to as TALL-1.

TALL-1 is a member of the TNF ligand superfamily that is functionally involved in B cell survival and proliferation. Transgenic mice 10 overexpressing TALL-1 had severe B cell hyperplasia and lupus-like autoimmune disease. Khare et al. (2000) PNAS 97(7):3370-3375). Both TACI and BCMA serve as cell surface receptors for TALL-1. Gross et al. (2000), Nature 404: 995-999; Ware (2000), J. Exp. Med. 192(11): F35-F37; Ware (2000), Nature 404: 949-950; Xia et al. (2000), J. Exp. Med. 192(1):137-15 143; Yu et al. (2000), Nature Immunology 1(3):252-256; Marsters et al. (2000), Current Biology 10:785-788; Hatzoglou et al. (2000) J. of Immunology 165:1322-1330; Shu et al. (2000) PNAS 97(16):9156-9161; Thompson et al. (2000) J. Exp. Med. 192(1):129-135; Mukhopadhyay et al. (1999) J. Biol. Chem. 274(23): 15978-81; Shu et al. (1999) J. Leukocyte Biol. 20 65:680-683; Gruss et al. (1995) Blood 85(12): 3378-3404; Smith et al. (1994), Cell 76: 959-962; U.S. Pat. No. 5,969,102, issued October 19, 1999; WO 00/67034, published November 9, 2000; WO 00/40716, published July 13, 2000; WO 99/35170, published July 15, 1999. Both receptors are expressed on B cells and signal through interaction with TRAF proteins. In addition, 25 both TACI and BCMA also bind to another TNF ligand family member, APRIL. Yu et al. (2000), Nature Immunology 1(3):252-256. APRIL has also been demonstrated to induce B cell proliferation.

To date, no recombinant or modified proteins employing peptide modulators of TALL-1 have been disclosed. Recombinant and modified

proteins are an emerging class of therapeutic agents. Useful modifications of protein therapeutic agents include combination with the "Fc" domain of an antibody and linkage to polymers such as polyethylene glycol (PEG) and dextran. Such modifications are discussed in detail in a patent application entitled, "Modified Peptides as Therapeutic Agents," publicshed WO 00/24782, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

A much different approach to development of therapeutic agents is peptide library screening. The interaction of a protein ligand with its receptor often takes place at a relatively large interface. However, as demonstrated for human growth hormone and its receptor, only a few key residues at the interface contribute to most of the binding energy. Clackson et al. (1995), Science 267: 383-6. The bulk of the protein ligand merely displays the binding epitopes in the right topology or serves functions unrelated to binding. Thus, molecules of only "peptide" length (2 to 40 amino acids) can bind to the receptor protein of a given large protein ligand. Such peptides may mimic the bioactivity of the large protein ligand ("peptide agonists") or, through competitive binding, inhibit the bioactivity of the large protein ligand ("peptide antagonists").

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Phage display peptide libraries have emerged as a powerful method in identifying such peptide agonists and antagonists. See, for example, Scott et al. (1990), Science 249: 386; Devlin et al. (1990), Science 249: 404; U.S. Pat. No. 5,223,409, issued June 29, 1993; U.S. Pat. No. 5,733,731, issued March 31, 1998; U.S. Pat. No. 5,498,530, issued March 12, 1996; U.S. Pat. No. 5,432,018, issued July 11, 1995; U.S. Pat. No. 5,338,665, issued August 16, 1994; U.S. Pat. No. 5,922,545, issued July 13, 1999; WO 96/40987, published December 19, 1996; and WO 98/15833, published April 16, 1998 (each of which is incorporated by reference in its entirety). In such libraries, random peptide sequences are displayed by fusion with

coat proteins of filamentous phage. Typically, the displayed peptides are affinity-eluted against an immobilized target protein. The retained phages may be enriched by successive rounds of affinity purification and repropagation. The best binding peptides may be sequenced to identify key residues within one or more structurally related families of peptides. See, e.g., Cwirla et al. (1997), Science 276: 1696-9, in which two distinct families were identified. The peptide sequences may also suggest which residues may be safely replaced by alanine scanning or by mutagenesis at the DNA level. Mutagenesis libraries may be created and screened to further optimize the sequence of the best binders. Lowman (1997), Ann. Rev. Biophys. Biomol. Struct. 26: 401-24.

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Structural analysis of protein-protein interaction may also be used to suggest peptides that mimic the binding activity of large protein ligands. In such an analysis, the crystal structure may suggest the identity and relative orientation of critical residues of the large protein ligand, from which a peptide may be designed. See, e.g., Takasaki et al. (1997), Nature Biotech. 15: 1266-70. These analytical methods may also be used to investigate the interaction between a receptor protein and peptides selected by phage display, which may suggest further modification of the peptides to increase binding affinity.

Other methods compete with phage display in peptide research. A peptide library can be fused to the carboxyl terminus of the <u>lac</u> repressor and expressed in <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u>. Another <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u>-based method allows display on the cell's outer membrane by fusion with a peptidoglycan-associated lipoprotein (PAL). Hereinafter, these and related methods are collectively referred to as "<u>E</u>. <u>coli</u> display." In another method, translation of random RNA is halted prior to ribosome release, resulting in a library of polypeptides with their associated RNA still attached. Hereinafter, this and related methods are collectively referred to as "ribosome display."

Other methods employ peptides linked to RNA; for example, PROfusion technology, Phylos, Inc. See, for example, Roberts & Szostak (1997), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 94: 12297-303. Hereinafter, this and related methods are collectively referred to as "RNA-peptide screening." Chemically derived peptide libraries have been developed in which peptides are immobilized on stable, non-biological materials, such as polyethylene rods or solvent-permeable resins. Another chemically derived peptide library uses photolithography to scan peptides immobilized on glass slides. Hereinafter, these and related methods are collectively referred to as "chemical-peptide screening." Chemical-peptide screening may be advantageous in that it allows use of D-amino acids and other unnatural analogues, as well as non-peptide elements. Both biological and chemical methods are reviewed in Wells & Lowman (1992), Curr. Opin. Biotechnol. 3: 355-62. Conceptually, one may discover peptide mimetics of any protein using phage display, RNA-peptide screening, and the other methods mentioned above.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention concerns therapeutic agents that modulate the activity of TALL-1. In accordance with the present invention, modulators of TALL-1 may comprise an amino acid sequence Dz²Lz⁴ (SEQ ID NO: 108) wherein z² is an amino acid residue and z⁴ is threonyl or isoleucyl. Such modulators of TALL-1 comprise molecules of the following formulae:

wherein:

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a¹, a², a³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

a⁶ is an amino acid residue;

a⁹ is a basic or hydrophobic residue;

30 a⁸ is threonyl or isoleucyl;

a¹² is a neutral polar residue; and

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a<sup>13</sup> and a<sup>14</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues.
                                    b1b2b3Cb5b6Db8Lb10b11b12b13b14Cb16b17b18
      I(b)
                                              (SEQ. ID. NO: 104)
 5
      wherein:
                b1 and b2 are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                b³ is an acidic or amide residue;
                b<sup>5</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                b6 is an aromatic residue;
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                b<sup>8</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                b<sup>10</sup> is T or I;
                b<sup>11</sup> is a basic residue;
                b12 and b13 are each independently amino acid residues;
                b<sup>14</sup> is a neutral polar residue; and
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                b<sup>16</sup>, b<sup>17</sup>, and b<sup>18</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid
      residues.
                                    c<sup>1</sup>c<sup>2</sup>c<sup>3</sup>Cc<sup>5</sup>Dc<sup>7</sup>Lc<sup>9</sup>c<sup>10</sup>c<sup>11</sup>c<sup>12</sup>c<sup>13</sup>c<sup>14</sup>Cc<sup>16</sup>c<sup>17</sup>c<sup>18</sup>
      I(c)
                                                (SEQ. ID. NO:105)
       wherein:
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                c<sup>1</sup>, c<sup>2</sup>, and c<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                c⁵ is an amino acid residue;
                c<sup>7</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                c' is T or I;
                c<sup>10</sup> is a basic residue;
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                c11 and c12 are each independently amino acid residues;
                c13 is a neutral polar residue;
                c14 is an amino acid residue;
                c16 is an amino acid residue;
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c17 is a neutral polar residue; and
                c<sup>18</sup> is an amino acid residue or is absent.
                            d¹d²d³Cd⁵d6d7WDd10Ld12d13d14Cd15d16d17
       I(d)
                                         (SEQ. ID. NO: 106)
       wherein:
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                d¹, d², and d³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                d<sup>5</sup>, d<sup>6</sup>, and d<sup>7</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                d10 is an amino acid residue;
                d13 is T or I:
                d14 is an amino acid residue; and
10
                d16, d17, and d18 are each independently absent or amino acid
       residues.
       I(e)
                               e<sup>1</sup>e<sup>2</sup>e<sup>3</sup>Ce<sup>5</sup>e<sup>6</sup>e<sup>7</sup>De<sup>9</sup>Le<sup>11</sup>Ke<sup>13</sup>Ce<sup>15</sup>e<sup>16</sup>e<sup>17</sup>e<sup>18</sup>
                                         (SEQ. ID. NO: 107)
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       wherein:
                e<sup>1</sup>, e<sup>2</sup>, and e<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                e<sup>5</sup>, e<sup>6</sup>, e<sup>7</sup>, e<sup>9</sup>, and e<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                e" is T or I; and
                e^{15}, e^{16}, and e^{17} are each independently absent or amino acid residues.
                                           f^1f^2f^3Kf^5Df^1Lf^2f^{10}Qf^{12}f^{13}f^{14}
       I(f)
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                                              (SEQ. ID NO: 109)
       wherein:
                f', f', and f' are absent or are amino acid residues (with one of f', f',
                         and f^3 preferred to be C when one of f^{12}, f^{13}, and f^{14} is C);
                f is W, Y, or F (W preferred);
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                f' is an amino acid residue (L preferred);
                f' is T or I (T preferred);
                f10 is K, R, or H (K preferred);
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 f^{12} is C, a neutral polar residue, or a basic residue (W, C, or R preferred);

 f^{13} is C, a neutral polar residue or is absent (V preferred); and

 f^{14} is any amino acid residue or is absent; provided that only one of f^1 , f^2 , and f^3 may be C, and only one of f^{12} , f^{13} , and f^{14} may be C.

Compounds of formulae I(a) through I(f) above incorporate Dz^2Lz^4 , as well as SEQ ID NO: 63 hereinafter. The sequence of I(f) was derived as a consensus sequence as described in Example 1 hereinbelow. Of compounds within formula I(f), those within the formula

$$I(f') f'f^2f^3KWDf^7Lf^2KQf^{12}f^{13}f^{14}$$

are preferred. Compounds falling within formula I(f') include SEQ ID NOS: 32, 58, 60, 62, 63, 66, 67, 69, 70, 114, 115, 122, 123, 124, 147-150, 152-

Also in accordance with the present invention are compounds having the consensus motif:

(SEQ ID NO: 125)

PFPWE

(SEQ ID NO: 110)

which also bind TALL-1.

177, 179, 180, 187.

Further in accordance with the present invention are compounds of the formulae:

wherein:

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 g^1 , g^2 and g^3 are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

g⁵ is a neutral polar residue;

g⁸ is a neutral polar residue;

30 g¹⁰ is an acidic residue;

 g^{12} and g^{13} are each independently amino acid residues; and g^{14} is absent or is an amino acid residue.

I(h) h¹h²h³CWh⁶h⁷WGh¹⁰Ch¹²h¹³h¹⁴

(SEQ. ID. NO: 102)

5 wherein:

h¹, h², and h³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

h⁶ is a hydrophobic residue;

h⁷ is a hydrophobic residue;

h¹⁰ is an acidic or polar hydrophobic residue; and

h¹², h¹³, and h¹⁴ are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

I(i) i¹i²i³Ci⁵i⁶i⁷i⁸i⁹i¹⁰Ci¹²i¹³i¹⁴

(SEQ. ID. NO: 103)

wherein:

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i¹ is absent or is an amino acid residue;

i² is a neutral polar residue;

i³ is an amino acid residue;

i⁵, i⁶, i⁷, and i⁸ are each independently amino acid residues;

i's an acidic residue;

i¹⁰ is an amino acid residue;

i¹² and i¹³ are each independently amino acid residues; and i¹⁴ is a neutral polar residue.

The compounds defined by formulae I(g) through I(i) also bind TALL-1.

Further in accordance with the present invention, modulators of TALL-1 comprise:

a) a TALL-1 modulating domain (e.g., an amino acid sequence of Formulae I(a) through I(i)), preferably the amino acid sequence Dz²Lz⁴, or sequences derived therefrom by phage display, RNA-peptide screening, or the other techniques mentioned above; and

b) a vehicle, such as a polymer (e.g., PEG or dextran) or an Fc domain, which is preferred;

wherein the vehicle is covalently attached to the TALL-1 modulating domain. The vehicle and the TALL-1 modulating domain may be linked through the N- or C-terminus of the TALL-1 modulating domain, as described further below. The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain, and the preferred Fc domain is an IgG Fc domain. Such Fc-linked peptides are referred to herein as "peptibodies." Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains comprise the amino acid sequences described hereinafter in Tables 1 and 2. Other TALL-1 modulating domains can be generated by phage display, RNA-peptide screening and the other techniques mentioned herein.

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Further in accordance with the present invention is a process for making TALL-1 modulators, which comprises:

- a. selecting at least one peptide that binds to TALL-1; and
- b. covalently linking said peptide to a vehicle.

The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain. Step (a) is preferably carried out by selection from the peptide sequences in Table 2 hereinafter or from phage display, RNA-peptide screening, or the other techniques mentioned herein.

The compounds of this invention may be prepared by standard synthetic methods, recombinant DNA techniques, or any other methods of preparing peptides and fusion proteins. Compounds of this invention that encompass non-peptide portions may be synthesized by standard organic chemistry reactions, in addition to standard peptide chemistry reactions when applicable.

The primary use contemplated for the compounds of this invention is as therapeutic or prophylactic agents. The vehicle-linked peptide may

have activity comparable to—or even greater than—the natural ligand mimicked by the peptide.

The compounds of this invention may be used for therapeutic or prophylactic purposes by formulating them with appropriate pharmaceutical carrier materials and administering an effective amount to a patient, such as a human (or other mammal) in need thereof. Other related aspects are also included in the instant invention.

Numerous additional aspects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent upon consideration of the figures and detailed description of the invention.

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Brief Description of the Figures

Figure 1 shows exemplary Fc dimers that may be derived from an IgG1 antibody. "Fc" in the figure represents any of the Fc variants within the meaning of "Fc domain" herein. "X¹" and "X²" represent peptides or linker-peptide combinations as defined hereinafter. The specific dimers are as follows:

A, D: Single disulfide-bonded dimers. IgG1 antibodies typically have two disulfide bonds at the hinge region of the antibody. The Fc domain in Figures 1A and 1 D may be formed by truncation between the two disulfide bond sites or by substitution of a cysteinyl residue with an unreactive residue (e.g., alanyl). In Figure 1A, the Fc domain is linked at the amino terminus of the peptides; in 1D, at the carboxyl terminus.

B, E: Doubly disulfide-bonded dimers. This Fc domain may be formed by truncation of the parent antibody to retain both cysteinyl residues in the Fc domain chains or by expression from a construct including a sequence encoding such an Fc domain. In Figure 1B, the Fc domain is linked at the amino terminus of the peptides; in 1E, at the carboxyl terminus.

C, F: Noncovalent dimers. This Fc domain may be formed by elimination of the cysteinyl residues by either truncation or substitution. One may desire to eliminate the cysteinyl residues to avoid impurities formed by reaction of the cysteinyl residue with cysteinyl residues of other proteins present in the host cell. The noncovalent bonding of the Fc domains is sufficient to hold together the dimer.

Other dimers may be formed by using Fc domains derived from different types of antibodies (e.g., IgG2, IgM).

Figure 2 shows the structure of preferred compounds of the invention that feature tandem repeats of the pharmacologically active peptide. Figure 2A shows a single chain molecule and may also represent the DNA construct for the molecule. Figure 2B shows a dimer in which the linker-peptide portion is present on only one chain of the dimer. Figure 2C shows a dimer having the peptide portion on both chains. The dimer of Figure 2C will form spontaneously in certain host cells upon expression of a DNA construct encoding the single chain shown in Figure 3A. In other host cells, the cells could be placed in conditions favoring formation of dimers or the dimers can be formed in vitro.

Figure 3 shows exemplary nucleic acid and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2, respectively) of human IgG1 Fc that may be used in this invention.

Figures 4A through 4F show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 3-27) S of NdeI to SalI fragments encoding peptide and linker.

Figures 5A through 5M show the nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 28) of pAMG21-RANK-Fc vector, which was used to construct Fc-linked molecules of the present invention. These figures identify a number of features of the nucleic acid, including:

- promoter regions <u>PcopB</u>, <u>PrepA</u>, <u>RNAI</u>, APHII, luxPR, and luxPL;
- mRNA for APHII, luxR;

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coding sequences and amino acid sequences for the proteins copB protein, copT,
 repAI, repA4, APHII, luxR, RANK, and Fc;

- binding sites for the proteins copB, CRP;
- hairpins T1, T2, T7, and toop;
- operator site for lux protein;

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enzyme restriction sites for <u>Pfill08</u>I, <u>BglII</u>, <u>ScaI</u>, <u>BmnI</u>, <u>DrdII</u>, <u>DraIII</u>, <u>BstBI</u>, <u>AceIII</u>, <u>AfiII</u>, <u>PfiMI</u>, <u>BglI</u>, <u>SfiI</u>, <u>BstEII</u>, <u>BspLullI</u>, <u>NspV</u>, <u>BplI</u>, <u>EagI</u>, <u>BcgI</u>, <u>NsiI</u>, <u>BsaI</u>, <u>Pspl406I</u>, <u>AatII</u>, <u>BsmI</u>, <u>NruI</u>, <u>NdeI</u>, <u>ApaLI</u>, <u>Acc65I</u>, <u>KpnI</u>, <u>SalI</u>, <u>AccI</u>, <u>BspEI</u>, <u>AhdI</u>, <u>BspHI</u>, <u>EconI</u>, <u>BsrGI</u>, <u>BmaI</u>, <u>SmaI</u>, <u>SexAI</u>, <u>BamHI</u>, and BlpI.

Figures 6A and 6B show the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 97) inserted into pCFM1656 between the unique <u>Aat</u>II (position #4364 in pCFM1656) and <u>Sac</u>II (position #4585 in pCFM1656) restriction sites to form expression plasmid pAMG21 (ATCC accession no. 98113).

Figure 7 shows that the TALL-1 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 70) inhibits TALL-1-mediated B cell proliferation. Purified B cells (10^5) from B6 mice were cultured in triplicates in 96-well plated with the indicated amounts of TALL-1 consensus peptibody in the presence of 10 ng/ml TALL-1 plus $2 \mu \text{g/ml}$ anti-IgM antibody. Proliferation was measured by radioactive [3 H]thymidine uptake in the last 18h of pulse. Data shown represent mean \pm SD triplicate wells.

Figure 8 shows that a TALL-1 N-terminal tandem dimer peptibodies (SEQ ID NO: 123, 124 in Table 5B hereinafter) are preferable for inhibition of TALL-1-mediated B cell proliferation. Purified B cells (10^5) from B6 mice were cultured in triplicates in 96-well plated with the indicated amounts of TALL-1 12-3 peptibody and TALL-1 consensus peptibody (SEQ ID NOS: 115 and 122 of Table 5B)or the related dimer peptibodies (SEQ ID NOS: 123, 124) in the presence of 10 ng/ml TALL-1 plus 2 μ g/ml anti-IgM antibody. Proliferation was measured by radioactive [3 H]thymidine uptake in the last 18h of pulse. Data shown represent mean \pm SD triplicate wells.

Figure 9. AGP3 peptibody binds to AGP3 with high affinity.

Dissociation equilibrium constant (K_D) was obtained from nonlinear regression

of the competition curves using a dual-curve one-site homogeneous binding model (KinEx™ software). K_D is about 4 pM for AGP3 peptibody binding with human AGP3 (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figures 10A and 10B. AGP3 peptibody blocks both human and murine AGP3 in the Biacore competition assay. Soluble human TACI protein was immobilized to B1 chip. 1 nM of recombinant human AGP3 protein (upper panel) or 5 nM of recombinant murine AGP3 protein (lower panel) was incubated with indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody before injected over the surface of receptor. Relative human AGP3 and murine AGP3 (binding response was shown (SEQ ID NO: 123).

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Figures 11A and 11B. AGP3 peptibody blocked AGP3 binding to all three receptors TACI, BCMA and BAFFR in Biacore competition assay. Recombinant soluble receptor TACI, BCMA and BAFFR proteins were immobilized to CM5 chip. 1 nM of recombinant human AGP3 (upper panel) were incubated with indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody before injected over each receptor surface. Relative binding of AGP3 was measured. Similarly, 1 nM of recombinant APRIL protein was incubated with indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody before injected over each receptor surface. AGP3 peptibody didn't inhibit APRIL binding to all three receptors (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figures 12A and 12B. AGP3 peptibody inhibits mouse serum immunoglobulin level increase induced by human AGP3 challenge. Balb/c mice received 7 daily intraperitoneal injections of 1 mg/Kg human AGP3 protein along with saline, human Fc, or AGP3 peptibody at indicated doses, and were bled on day 8. Serum total IgM and IgA level were measured by ELISA (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figure 13. AGP3 peptibody treatment reduced arthritis severity in the mouse CIA model. Eight to 12 weeks old DBA/1 male mice were immunized with bovine collagen type II (bCII) emulsified in complete freunds adjuvant intradermally at the base of tail, and were boosted 3 weeks after the initial immunization with bCII emulsified in incomplete freunds adjuvant. Treatment with indicated dosage of AGP3 peptibody was begun from the day of booster

immunization for 4 weeks. As described before (Khare et al., *J. Immunol.*. 155: 3653-9, 1995), all four paws were individually scored from 0-3 for arthritis severity (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figure 14. AGP3 peptibody treatment inhibited anti-collagen antibody generation in the mouse CIA model. Serum samples were taken one week after final treatment (day 35) as described above. Serum anti-collagen II antibody level was determined by ELISA analysis (SEQ ID NO: 123).

Figures 15A and 15B. AGP3 peptibody treatment delayed proteinuria onset and improved survival in NZB/NZW lupus mice. Five-month-old lupus prone NZBx NZBWF1 mice were treated i.p. 3X/week for 8 weeks with PBS or indicated doses of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) or human Fc proteins. Protein in the urine was evaluated monthly throughout the life of the experiment with Albustix reagent strips (Bayer AG).

Figures 16A and 16B show the nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of a preferred TALL-1-binding peptibody (SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 123)

Detailed Description of the Invention

Definition of Terms

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The terms used throughout this specification are defined as follows, unless otherwise limited in specific instances.

General definitions

The term "comprising" means that a compound may include additional amino acids on either or both of the N- or C- termini of the given sequence. Of course, these additional amino acids should not significantly interfere with the activity of the compound.

Additionally, physiologically acceptable salts of the compounds of this invention are also encompassed herein. The term "physiologically acceptable salts" refers to any salts that are known or later discovered to be pharmaceutically acceptable. Some specific examples are: acetate;

trifluoroacetate; hydrohalides, such as hydrochloride and hydrobromide; sulfate; citrate; tartrate; glycolate; and oxalate.

Amino acids

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The term "acidic residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or Lform having sidechains comprising acidic groups. Exemplary acidic residues include D and E.

The term "amide residue" refers to amino acids in D- or L-form having sidechains comprising amide derivatives of acidic groups.

Exemplary residues include N and Q.

The term "aromatic residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or L-form having sidechains comprising aromatic groups. Exemplary aromatic residues include F, Y, and W.

The term "basic residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or Lform having sidechains comprising basic groups. Exemplary basic residues include H, K, and R.

The term "hydrophilic residue" refers to amino acid residues in Dor L-form having sidechains comprising polar groups. Exemplary hydrophilic residues include C, S, T, N, and Q.

The term "nonfunctional residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or L-form having sidechains that lack acidic, basic, or aromatic groups. Exemplary nonfunctional amino acid residues include M, G, A, V, I, L and norleucine (Nle).

The term "neutral polar residue" refers to amino acid residues in Dor L-form having sidechains that lack basic, acidic, or polar groups.

Exemplary neutral polar amino acid residues include A, V, L, I, P, W, M, and F.

The term "polar hydrophobic residue" refers to amino acid residues in D- or L-form having sidechains comprising polar groups. Exemplary polar hydrophobic amino acid residues include T, G, S, Y, C, Q, and N.

The term "hydrophobic residue" refers to amino acid residues in Dor L-form having sidechains that lack basic or acidic groups. Exemplary hydrophobic amino acid residues include A, V, L, I, P, W, M, F, T, G, S, Y, C, Q, and N.

5 <u>Peptides</u>

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The term "peptide" refers to molecules of 1 to 40 amino acids, with molecules of 5 to 20amino acids preferred. Exemplary peptides may comprise the TALL-1 modulating domain of a naturally occurring molecule or comprise randomized sequences.

The term "randomized" as used to refer to peptide sequences refers to fully random sequences (e.g., selected by phage display methods or RNA-peptide screening) and sequences in which one or more residues of a naturally occurring molecule is replaced by an amino acid residue not appearing in that position in the naturally occurring molecule. Exemplary methods for identifying peptide sequences include phage display, <u>E. coli</u> display, ribosome display, RNA-peptide screening, chemical screening, and the like.

The term "TALL-1 modulating domain" refers to any amino acid sequence that binds to the TALL-1 and comprises naturally occurring sequences or randomized sequences. Exemplary TALL-1 modulating domains can be identified or derived by phage display or other methods mentioned herein.

The term "TALL-1 antagonist" refers to a molecule that binds to the TALL-1 and increases or decreases one or more assay parameters opposite from the effect on those parameters by full length native TALL-1. Such activity can be determined, for example, by such assays as described in the subsection entitled "Biological activity of AGP-3" in the Materials & Methods section of the patent application entitled, "TNF-RELATED PROTEINS", WO 00/47740, published August 17, 2000.

Vehicles and peptibodies

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The term "vehicle" refers to a molecule that prevents degradation and/or increases half-life, reduces toxicity, reduces immunogenicity, or increases biological activity of a therapeutic protein. Exemplary vehicles include an Fc domain (which is preferred) as well as a linear polymer (e.g., polyethylene glycol (PEG), polylysine, dextran, etc.); a branched-chain polymer (see, for example, U.S. Patent No. 4,289,872 to Denkenwalter et al., issued September 15, 1981; 5,229,490 to Tam, issued July 20, 1993; WO 93/21259 by Frechet et al., published 28 October 1993); a lipid; a cholesterol group (such as a steroid); a carbohydrate or oligosaccharide (e.g., dextran); any natural or synthetic protein, polypeptide or peptide that binds to a salvage receptor; albumin, including human serum albumin (HSA), leucine zipper domain, and other such proteins and protein fragments. Vehicles are further described hereinafter.

The term "native Fc" refers to molecule or sequence comprising the sequence of a non-antigen-binding fragment resulting from digestion of whole antibody, whether in monomeric or multimeric form. The original immunoglobulin source of the native Fc is preferably of human origin and may be any of the immunoglobulins, although IgG1 and IgG2 are preferred. Native Fc's are made up of monomeric polypeptides that may be linked into dimeric or multimeric forms by covalent (i.e., disulfide bonds) and non-covalent association. The number of intermolecular disulfide bonds between monomeric subunits of native Fc molecules ranges from 1 to 4 depending on class (e.g., IgG, IgA, IgE) or subclass (e.g., IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgA1, IgGA2). One example of a native Fc is a disulfide-bonded dimer resulting from papain digestion of an IgG (see Ellison et al.

(1982), <u>Nucleic Acids Res</u>. 10: 4071-9). The term "native Fc" as used herein is generic to the monomeric, dimeric, and multimeric forms.

The term "Fc variant" refers to a molecule or sequence that is modified from a native Fc but still comprises a binding site for the salvage receptor, FcRn. International applications WO 97/34631 (published 25 September 1997) and WO 96/32478 describe exemplary Fc variants, as well as interaction with the salvage receptor, and are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. Thus, the term "Fc variant" comprises a molecule or sequence that is humanized from a non-human native Fc. Furthermore, a native Fc comprises sites that may be removed because they provide structural features or biological activity that are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention. Thus, the term "Fc variant" comprises a molecule or sequence that lacks one or more native Fc sites or residues that affect or are involved in (1) disulfide bond formation, (2) incompatibility with a selected host cell (3) N-terminal heterogeneity upon expression in a selected host cell, (4) glycosylation, (5) interaction with complement, (6) binding to an Fc receptor other than a salvage receptor, or (7) antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC). Fc variants are described in further detail hereinafter.

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The term "Fc domain" encompasses native Fc and Fc variant molecules and sequences as defined above. As with Fc variants and native Fc's, the term "Fc domain" includes molecules in monomeric or multimeric form, whether digested from whole antibody or produced by other means.

The term "multimer" as applied to Fc domains or molecules comprising Fc domains refers to molecules having two or more polypeptide chains associated covalently, noncovalently, or by both covalent and non-covalent interactions. IgG molecules typically form dimers; IgM, pentamers; IgD, dimers; and IgA, monomers, dimers,

trimers, or tetramers. Multimers may be formed by exploiting the sequence and resulting activity of the native Ig source of the Fc or by derivatizing (as defined below) such a native Fc.

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The term "dimer" as applied to Fc domains or molecules comprising Fc domains refers to molecules having two polypeptide chains associated covalently or non-covalently. Thus, exemplary dimers within the scope of this invention are as shown in Figure 1.

The terms "derivatizing" and "derivative" or "derivatized" comprise processes and resulting compounds respectively in which (1) the compound has a cyclic portion; for example, cross-linking between cysteinyl residues within the compound; (2) the compound is cross-linked or has a cross-linking site; for example, the compound has a cysteinyl residue and thus forms cross-linked dimers in culture or in vivo; (3) one or more peptidyl linkage is replaced by a non-peptidyl linkage; (4) the N-terminus is replaced by -NRR¹, NRC(O)R¹, -NRC(O)OR¹, -NRS(O)₂R¹, -NHC(O)NHR, a succinimide group, or substituted or unsubstituted benzyloxycarbonyl-NH-, wherein R and R¹ and the ring substituents are as defined hereinafter; (5) the C-terminus is replaced by -C(O)R² or -NR³R⁴ wherein R², R³ and R⁴ are as defined hereinafter; and (6) compounds in which individual amino acid moieties are modified through treatment with agents capable of reacting with selected side chains or terminal residues. Derivatives are further described hereinafter.

The terms "peptibody" and "peptibodies" refer to molecules comprising an Fc domain and at least one peptide. Such peptibodies may be multimers or dimers or fragments thereof, and they may be derivatized. In the present invention, the molecules of formulae II through VI hereinafter are peptibodies when V¹ is an Fc domain.

PCT/US02/15273 WO 02/092620

Structure of compounds

<u>In General</u>. The present inventors identified sequences capable of binding to and modulating the biological activity of TALL-1. These sequences can be modified through the techniques mentioned above by which one or more amino acids may be changed while maintaining or even improving the binding affinity of the peptide.

In the compositions of matter prepared in accordance with this invention, the peptide(s) may be attached to the vehicle through the peptide's N-terminus or C-terminus. Any of these peptides may be linked in tandem (i.e., sequentially), with or without linkers. Thus, the vehiclepeptide molecules of this invention may be described by the following formula:

II

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$$(X^1)_a - V^1 - (X^2)_b$$

15 wherein:

V¹ is a vehicle (preferably an Fc domain);

 X^1 and X^2 are each independently selected from -(L¹),-P¹, -(L¹),-P¹-

 P^1 , P^2 , P^3 , and P^4 are each independently sequences of TALL-1

 $(L^2)_d - P^2$, $-(L^1)_c - P^1 - (L^2)_d - P^2 - (L^3)_e - P^3$, and $-(L^1)_c - P^1 - (L^2)_d - P^2 - (L^3)_e - P^3 - (L^4)_f - P^4$

modulating domains, such as those of Formulae I(a) through I(i);

L¹, L², L³, and L⁴ are each independently linkers; and

a, b, c, d, e, and f are each independently 0 or 1, provided that at least one of a and b is 1.

Thus, compound II comprises preferred compounds of the formulae

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$$X^1-V^1$$

and multimers thereof wherein V1 is an Fc domain and is attached at the C-terminus of A¹;

IV

$$V^1-X^2$$

and multimers thereof wherein V^1 is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of A^2 ;

5 V

$$V^{1}-(L^{1})_{r}-P^{1}$$

and multimers thereof wherein V^{1} is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of -(L^{1})_c- P^{1} ; and

VI

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$$V^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}$$

and multimers thereof wherein V^1 is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of $-L^1-P^1-L^2-P^2$.

<u>Peptides</u>. The peptides of this invention are useful as TALL-1 modulating peptides or as TALL-1 modulating domains in the molecules of formulae II through VI. Molecules of this invention comprising these peptide sequences may be prepared by methods known in the art.

Preferred peptide sequences are those of the foregoing formulae I(a) having the substituents identified below.

Table 1--Preferred peptide substituents

Formula I(a)	a ⁸ is T;	
	a° is a basic residue (K most preferred); and	
	a ¹² is a neutral polar residue (F most preferred).	
Farmer la I/h)		
Formula I(b)	b ³ is D, Q, or E;	
	b ⁶ is W or Y;	
	b^{10} is T;	
	b ¹¹ is K or R; and	
	b ¹⁴ is V or L.	
Formula I(c)	c° is T;	
	c ¹⁰ is K or R;	
	c ¹³ is a I, L, or V; and	
	c ¹⁷ is A or L.	
Formula I(d)	d ¹³ is T.	
Formula I(e)	e ¹¹ is T.	
Formula I(f)	f ⁶ is T;	
	f' is K; and	
	f^{10} is V.	
Formula I(g)	g ⁵ is W;	
	g ⁸ is P;	
	g ¹⁰ is E; and	
	g ¹³ is a basic residue.	
Formula I(h)	h ¹ is G;	
	h ⁶ is A;	
	h ⁷ is a neutral polar residue; and	
	h ¹⁰ is an acidic residue.	
Formula I(i)	i² is W; and	
	i ¹⁴ is W.	

Preferred peptide sequences appear in Table 2 below.

Table 2—Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
PGTCFPFPWECTHA	29
WGACWPFPWECFKE	30
VPFCDLLTKHCFEA	
GSRCKYKWDVLTKOCFHH	31
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL	33
SADCYFDILTKSDVCTSS	34
SDDCMYDQLTRMFICSNL	
DLNCKYDELTYKEWCQFN	35
FHDCKYDLLTROMVCHGL	36
RNHCFWDHLLKQDICPSP	37
ANOCWWDSLTKKNVCEFF	38
	39
YKGROMWDII:TRSWVVSL	126
QDVGLWWDILTRAWMPNI	127
QNAQRVWDLLIRTWVYPQ	128
GWNEAWWDELTKIWVLEQ	129
RITCDTWDSLIKKCVPQS	130
GAIMQFWDSLTKTWLRQS	131
WLHSGWWDPLTKHWLQKV	132
SEWFFWFDPLTRAQLKFR	133
GVWFWWFDPLTKQWTQAG	134
MQCKGYYDILTKWCVTNG	135
LWSKEVWDILTKSWVSQA	136
KAAGWWFDWLTKVWVPAP	137
AYQTWFWDSLTRLWLSTT	138
SGQHFWWDLLTRSWTPST	139
LGVGQKWDPLTKQWVSRG	140
VGKMCQWDPLIKRTVCVG	141
CRQGAKFDLLTKQCLLGR	142
GQAIRHWDVLTKQWVDSQ	143
RGPCGSWDLLTKHCLDSQ	144
WQWKQQWDLLTKQMVWVG	145
PITICRKDLLTKQVVCLD	146
KTCNGKWDLLTKQCLQQA	147
KCLKGKWDLLTKQCVTEV	148
RCWNGKWDLLTKQCIHPW	149
NRDMRKWDPLIKQWIVRP	150
QAAAATWDLLTKQWLVPP	151
PEGGPKWDPLTKQFLPPV	152
QTPQKKWDLLTKQWFTRN	153
IGSPCKWDLLTKQMICQT	154
CTAAGKWDLLTKQCIQEK	155
VSQCMKWDLLTKQCLQGW	156
VWGTWKWDLLTKQYLPPQ	157
GWWEMKWDLLTKQWYRPQ	158
TAQVSKWDLLTKQWLPLA	159
QLWGTKWDLLTKQYIQIM	160
WATSQKWDLLTKQWVQNM	161
QRQCAKWDLLTKQCVLFY	162

KTTDCK:DLLTKQRICQV		
LWMFWKWDLLTKQLVPTF	KTTDCKWDLLTKQRICQV	163
QTWAWKWDLLTKQWIGPM 166 NKELLKWDLLTKQCRGRS 167 GQKDLKWDLLTKQCRGRS 168 PKPCQKWDLLTKQVYRQS 168 GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR 170 VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIQTR 171 QEWEYKWDLLTKQWURDQ 171 HWDSWKWDLLTKQWCWQA 173 TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG 174 SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 175 QQTFMKWDLLTKQWFRH 176 QGECKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMCWWPLIKWCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMCWWDLLTKQCUPP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQCUPP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQCQCGWDLLTRIVLPCH 181 LHRACKWDLLTKQWVSSE 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWITG 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKWITTYP 185 GPFGSVWDLLTKWITTVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDLLTKYLYWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQOFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63	LLCQGKWDLLTKQCLKLR	164
NKELLKWDLLTKQCRGRS 167 GQKDLKWDLLTKQYVRQS 168 PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV 169 GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR 170 VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIPPQ 171 QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR 172 HWDSWKWDLLTKQWVQA 173 TRPLQKWDLLTKQWRVG 174 SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 175 QCFEMKWDLLTKQWIRRH 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 QGMCGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCTP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 1TQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGFPAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WWBWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFVFQD 66 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQCWSYDALIKTWIRWP 66	LMWFWKWDLLTKQLVPTF	165
GQKDLKWDLLTKQYVRQS 168 PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV 169 GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR 170 VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIHPQ 171 QEWEYKWDLLTKQWHPQ 172 HWDSWKWDLLTKQWVQA 173 TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG 174 SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 175 QQTFMKWDLLTKQWFWDV 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQWFWD 177 GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTKYQVVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTKYQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKQWYGSS 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRWILGV 186 VWPWGKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQOFKWDLLTKQWQSN 63 QXQGFWDVLTKMFITCS 64 QAQGSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHWKWDLTKQALPWM 66 <t< td=""><td>QTWAWKWDLLTKQWIGPM</td><td>166</td></t<>	QTWAWKWDLLTKQWIGPM	166
PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV	NKELLKWDLLTKQCRGRS	167
GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR 170 VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIHPQ 171 QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR 172 HWDSWKWDLLTKQWFWQA 173 TRPLQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 174 SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 175 QQTFMKWDLLTKQWFRH 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQQQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKLWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWIPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKWILTVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGGFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHWKWDLLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68	GQKDLKWDLLTKQYVRQS	168
VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIHPQ 171 QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR 172 HWDSWKWDLLTKQWVQA 173 TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG 174 SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 175 QQTFMKWDLLTKQWFWDV 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQWFWDV 177 QGECRKWDLLTKQWFRQ 177 QCMGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQQQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKUNIOTG 183 ITQWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKWILGV 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQPFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHWKWDLLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTKWDLLTKQWILQM 66 GHPTKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68	PKPCQKWDLLTKQCLGSV	169
QEWEYKWDLLTKQWUVQA 172 HWDSWKWDLLTKQWUVQA 173 TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG 174 SDQWQKWDLLTKQWLRVG 175 QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHMKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWIQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWQQQ 69 <td>GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR</td> <td>170</td>	GQIGWKWDLLTKQWIQTR	170
HWDSWKWDLLTKQWUVQA 173 TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG 174 SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 175 QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWLLGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTKQFVFYQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWIQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	VWLDWKWDLLTKQWIHPQ	171
TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG 174 SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 175 QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKLWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKWFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWQQQ 69	QEWEYKWDLLTKQWGWLR	172
SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV 175 QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	HWDSWKWDLLTKQWVVQA	173
QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH 176 QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWLQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	TRPLQKWDLLTKQWLRVG	174
QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ 177 GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPE 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQOFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	SDQWQKWDLLTKQWFWDV	175
GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS 178 QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWLGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	QQTFMKWDLLTKQWIRRH	176
QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP 179 HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWHHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWIQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	QGECRKWDLLTKQCFPGQ	177
HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE 180 HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH 181 LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	GQMGWRWDPLIKMCLGPS	178
HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH	QLDGCKWDLLTKQKVCIP	179
LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ 182 GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	HGYWQKWDLLTKQWVSSE	180
GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG 183 ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	HQGQCGWDLLTRIYLPCH	181
ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR 184 QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	LHKACKWDLLTKQCWPMQ	182
QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP 185 GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	GPPGSVWDLLTKIWIQTG	183
GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV 186 VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	ITQDWRFDTLTRLWLPLR	184
VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD 187 WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	QGGFAAWDVLTKMWITVP	185
WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS 188 NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	GHGTPWWDALTRIWILGV	186
NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM 60 PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	VWPWQKWDLLTKQFVFQD	187
PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG 61 WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	WQWSWKWDLLTRQYISSS	188
WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG 62 GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	NQTLWKWDLLTKQFITYM	60
GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN 63 QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	PVYQGWWDTLTKLYIWDG	61
QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS 64 QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	WLDGGWRDPLIKRSVQLG	62
QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP 65 GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	GHQQFKWDLLTKQWVQSN	63
GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM 66 GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	QRVGQFWDVLTKMFITGS	64
GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM 67 WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	QAQGWSYDALIKTWIRWP	65
WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN 68 WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	GWMHWKWDPLTKQALPWM	66
WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ 69	GHPTYKWDLLTKQWILQM	67
	WNNWSLWDPLTKLWLQQN	68
GQMGWRWDPLTKMWLGTS 70	WQWGWKWDLLTKQWVQQQ	69
	GQMGWRWDPLTKMWLGTS	70

It is noted that the known receptors for TALL-1 bear some sequence homology with preferred peptides:

LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL

BAFFR MRRGPRSLRGRDAPVPTPCVPTECYDLLVRKCVDCRLL

TACI TICNHQSQRTCAAFCRSLSCRKEQGKFYDHLLRDCISCASI

BCMA FVSPSQEIRGRFRRMLQMAGQCSQNEYFDSLLHACIPCQLRC

(SEQ ID NOS: 33, 195, 196, and 197, respectively).

Any peptide containing a cysteinyl residue may be cross-linked with another Cys-containing peptide, either or both of which may be linked to a

vehicle. Any peptide having more than one Cys residue may form an intrapeptide disulfide bond, as well. Any of these peptides may be derivatized as described hereinafter.

Additional useful peptide sequences may result from conservative and/or non-conservative modifications of the amino acid sequences of the sequences in Table 2.

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Conservative modifications will produce peptides having functional and chemical characteristics similar to those of the peptide from which such modifications are made. In contrast, substantial modifications in the functional and/or chemical characteristics of the peptides may be accomplished by selecting substitutions in the amino acid sequence that differ significantly in their effect on maintaining (a) the structure of the molecular backbone in the area of the substitution, for example, as a sheet or helical conformation, (b) the charge or hydrophobicity of the molecule at the target site, or (c) the size of the molecule.

For example, a "conservative amino acid substitution" may involve a substitution of a native amino acid residue with a nonnative residue such that there is little or no effect on the polarity or charge of the amino acid residue at that position. Furthermore, any native residue in the polypeptide may also be substituted with alanine, as has been previously described for "alanine scanning mutagenesis" (see, for example, MacLennan et al., 1998, Acta Physiol. Scand. Suppl. 643:55-67; Sasaki et al., 1998, Adv. Biophys. 35:1-24, which discuss alanine scanning mutagenesis).

Desired amino acid substitutions (whether conservative or non-conservative) can be determined by those skilled in the art at the time such substitutions are desired. For example, amino acid substitutions can be used to identify important residues of the peptide sequence, or to increase or decrease the affinity of the peptide or vehicle-peptide molecules (see preceding formulae) described herein. Exemplary amino acid substitutions are set forth in Table 3.

Table 3—Amino Acid Substitutions

Original Residues	Exemplary Substitutions	Preferred Substitutions
Ala (A)	Val, Leu, Ile	Val
Arg (R)	Lys, Gln, Asn	Lys
Asn (N)	Gln	Gln
Asp (D)	Glu	Glu
Cys (C)	Ser, Ala	Ser
Gln (Q)	Asn	Asn
Glu (E)	Asp	Asp
Gly (G)	Pro, Ala	Ala
His (H)	Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg	Arg
lle (I)	Leu, Val, Met, Ala, Phe, Norleucine	Leu
Leu (L)	Norleucine, Ile, Val, Met, Ala, Phe	lle
Lys (K)	Arg, 1,4 Diamino- butyric Acid, Gln, Asn	Arg
Met (M)	Leu, Phe, Ile	Leu
Phe (F)	Leu, Val, Ile, Ala, Tyr	Leu
Pro (P)	Ala	Gly
Ser (S)	Thr, Ala, Cys	Thr
Thr (T)	Ser	Ser
Trp (W)	Tyr, Phe	Tyr
Tyr (Y)	Trp, Phe, Thr, Ser	Phe
Val (V)	Ile, Met, Leu, Phe, Ala, Norleucine	Leu

In certain embodiments, conservative amino acid substitutions also encompass non-naturally occurring amino acid residues which are

typically incorporated by chemical peptide synthesis rather than by synthesis in biological systems.

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As noted in the foregoing section "Definition of Terms," naturally occurring residues may be divided into classes based on common sidechain properties that may be useful for modifications of sequence. For example, non-conservative substitutions may involve the exchange of a member of one of these classes for a member from another class. Such substituted residues may be introduced into regions of the peptide that are homologous with non-human orthologs, or into the non-homologous regions of the molecule. In addition, one may also make modifications using P or G for the purpose of influencing chain orientation.

In making such modifications, the hydropathic index of amino acids may be considered. Each amino acid has been assigned a hydropathic index on the basis of their hydrophobicity and charge characteristics, these are: isoleucine (+4.5); valine (+4.2); leucine (+3.8); phenylalanine (+2.8); cysteine/cystine (+2.5); methionine (+1.9); alanine (+1.8); glycine (-0.4); threonine (-0.7); serine (-0.8); tryptophan (-0.9); tyrosine (-1.3); proline (-1.6); histidine (-3.2); glutamate (-3.5); glutamine (-3.5); aspartate (-3.5); asparagine (-3.5); lysine (-3.9); and arginine (-4.5).

The importance of the hydropathic amino acid index in conferring interactive biological function on a protein is understood in the art. Kyte et al., J. Mol. Biol., 157: 105-131 (1982). It is known that certain amino acids may be substituted for other amino acids having a similar hydropathic index or score and still retain a similar biological activity. In making changes based upon the hydropathic index, the substitution of amino acids whose hydropathic indices are within ± 2 is preferred, those which are within ± 1 are particularly preferred, and those within ± 0.5 are even more particularly preferred.

It is also understood in the art that the substitution of like amino acids can be made effectively on the basis of hydrophilicity. The greatest local average hydrophilicity of a protein, as governed by the hydrophilicity of its adjacent amino acids, correlates with its immunogenicity and antigenicity, <u>i.e.</u>, with a biological property of the protein.

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The following hydrophilicity values have been assigned to amino acid residues: arginine (+3.0); lysine (+3.0); aspartate ($+3.0 \pm 1$); glutamate ($+3.0 \pm 1$); serine (+0.3); asparagine (+0.2); glutamine (+0.2); glycine (0); threonine (-0.4); proline (-0.5 ± 1); alanine (-0.5); histidine (-0.5); cysteine (-1.0); methionine (-1.3); valine (-1.5); leucine (-1.8); isoleucine (-1.8); tyrosine (-2.3); phenylalanine (-2.5); tryptophan (-3.4). In making changes based upon similar hydrophilicity values, the substitution of amino acids whose hydrophilicity values are within ± 2 is preferred, those which are within ± 1 are particularly preferred, and those within ± 0.5 are even more particularly preferred. One may also identify epitopes from primary amino acid sequences on the basis of hydrophilicity. These regions are also referred to as "epitopic core regions."

A skilled artisan will be able to determine suitable variants of the polypeptide as set forth in the foregoing sequences using well known techniques. For identifying suitable areas of the molecule that may be changed without destroying activity, one skilled in the art may target areas not believed to be important for activity. For example, when similar polypeptides with similar activities from the same species or from other species are known, one skilled in the art may compare the amino acid sequence of a peptide to similar peptides. With such a comparison, one can identify residues and portions of the molecules that are conserved among similar polypeptides. It will be appreciated that changes in areas of a peptide that are not conserved relative to such similar peptides would

be less likely to adversely affect the biological activity and/or structure of the peptide. One skilled in the art would also know that, even in relatively conserved regions, one may substitute chemically similar amino acids for the naturally occurring residues while retaining activity (conservative amino acid residue substitutions). Therefore, even areas that may be important for biological activity or for structure may be subject to conservative amino acid substitutions without destroying the biological activity or without adversely affecting the peptide structure.

Additionally, one skilled in the art can review structure-function studies identifying residues in similar peptides that are important for activity or structure. In view of such a comparison, one can predict the importance of amino acid residues in a peptide that correspond to amino acid residues that are important for activity or structure in similar peptides. One skilled in the art may opt for chemically similar amino acid substitutions for such predicted important amino acid residues of the peptides.

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One skilled in the art can also analyze the three-dimensional structure and amino acid sequence in relation to that structure in similar polypeptides. In view of that information, one skilled in the art may predict the alignment of amino acid residues of a peptide with respect to its three dimensional structure. One skilled in the art may choose not to make radical changes to amino acid residues predicted to be on the surface of the protein, since such residues may be involved in important interactions with other molecules. Moreover, one skilled in the art may generate test variants containing a single amino acid substitution at each desired amino acid residue. The variants can then be screened using activity assays know to those skilled in the art. Such data could be used to gather information about suitable variants. For example, if one discovered that a change to a particular amino acid residue resulted in destroyed,

undesirably reduced, or unsuitable activity, variants with such a change would be avoided. In other words, based on information gathered from such routine experiments, one skilled in the art can readily determine the amino acids where further substitutions should be avoided either alone or in combination with other mutations.

A number of scientific publications have been devoted to the prediction of secondary structure. See Moult J., Curr. Op. in Biotech., 7(4): 422-427 (1996), Chou et al., Biochemistry, 13(2): 222-245 (1974); Chou et al., Biochemistry, 113(2): 211-222 (1974); Chou et al., Adv. Enzymol. Relat. Areas Mol. Biol., 47: 45-148 (1978); Chou et al., Ann. Rev. Biochem., 47: 10 251-276 and Chou et al., Biophys. J., 26: 367-384 (1979). Moreover, computer programs are currently available to assist with predicting secondary structure. One method of predicting secondary structure is based upon homology modeling. For example, two polypeptides or 15 proteins which have a sequence identity of greater than 30%, or similarity greater than 40% often have similar structural topologies. The recent growth of the protein structural data base (PDB) has provided enhanced predictability of secondary structure, including the potential number of folds within a polypeptide's or protein's structure. See Holm et al., Nucl. Acid. Res., 27(1): 244-247 (1999). It has been suggested (Brenner et al., 20 <u>Curr. Op. Struct. Biol.</u>, 7(3): 369-376 (1997)) that there are a limited number of folds in a given polypeptide or protein and that once a critical number of structures have been resolved, structural prediction will gain dramatically in accuracy.

Additional methods of predicting secondary structure include "threading" (Jones, D., <u>Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.</u>, 7(3): 377-87 (1997); Sippl <u>et al.</u>, <u>Structure</u>, 4(1): 15-9 (1996)), "profile analysis" (Bowie <u>et al.</u>, <u>Science</u>, 253: 164-170 (1991); Gribskov <u>et al.</u>, <u>Meth. Enzym.</u>, 183: 146-159 (1990);

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Gribskov et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci., 84(13): 4355-8 (1987)), and "evolutionary linkage" (See Home, supra, and Brenner, supra).

<u>Vehicles</u>. This invention requires the presence of at least one vehicle (V¹) attached to a peptide through the N-terminus, C-terminus or a sidechain of one of the amino acid residues. Multiple vehicles may also be used; e.g., Fc's at each terminus or an Fc at a terminus and a PEG group at the other terminus or a sidechain. Exemplary vehicles include:

- an Fc domain;
- other proteins, polypeptides, or peptides capable of binding to a salvage receptor;
- human serum albumin (HSA);
- a leucine zipper (LZ) domain;
- polyethylene glycol (PEG), including 5 kD, 20 kD, and 30 kD
 PEG, as well as other polymers;
- dextran;

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and other molecules known in the art to provide extended half-life and/or protection from proteolytic degradation or clearance.

An Fc domain is the preferred vehicle. The Fc domain may be fused to the N or C termini of the peptides or at both the N and C termini.

20 Fusion to the N terminus is preferred.

As noted above, Fc variants are suitable vehicles within the scope of this invention. A native Fc may be extensively modified to form an Fc variant in accordance with this invention, provided binding to the salvage receptor is maintained; see, for example WO 97/34631 and WO 96/32478.

In such Fc variants, one may remove one or more sites of a native Fc that provide structural features or functional activity not required by the fusion molecules of this invention. One may remove these sites by, for example, substituting or deleting residues, inserting residues into the site, or truncating portions containing the site. The inserted or substituted

residues may also be altered amino acids, such as peptidomimetics or D-amino acids. Fc variants may be desirable for a number of reasons, several of which are described below. Exemplary Fc variants include molecules and sequences in which:

- 1. Sites involved in disulfide bond formation are removed. Such removal may avoid reaction with other cysteine-containing proteins present in the host cell used to produce the molecules of the invention. For this purpose, the cysteine-containing segment at the N-terminus may be truncated or cysteine residues may be deleted or substituted with other amino acids (e.g., alanyl, seryl). In particular, one may truncate the N-terminal 20-amino acid segment of SEQ ID NO: 2 or delete or substitute the cysteine residues at positions 7 and 10 of SEQ ID NO: 2. Even when cysteine residues are removed, the single chain Fc domains can still form a dimeric Fc domain that is held together non-covalently.
- A native Fc is modified to make it more compatible with a selected host cell. For example, one may remove the PA sequence near the N-terminus of a typical native Fc, which may be recognized by a digestive enzyme in <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u> such as proline iminopeptidase. One may also add an N-terminal methionine residue, especially when the molecule is expressed recombinantly in a bacterial cell such as <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u>. The Fc domain of SEQ ID NO: 2 is one such Fc variant.
 - 3. A portion of the N-terminus of a native Fc is removed to prevent N-terminal heterogeneity when expressed in a selected host cell. For this purpose, one may delete any of the first 20 amino acid residues at the N-terminus, particularly those at positions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

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4. One or more glycosylation sites are removed. Residues that are typically glycosylated (e.g., asparagine) may confer cytolytic response. Such residues may be deleted or substituted with unglycosylated residues (e.g., alanine).

5. Sites involved in interaction with complement, such as the C1q binding site, are removed. For example, one may delete or substitute the EKK sequence of human IgG1. Complement recruitment may not be advantageous for the molecules of this invention and so may be avoided with such an Fc variant.

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- 6. Sites are removed that affect binding to Fc receptors other than a salvage receptor. A native Fc may have sites for interaction with certain white blood cells that are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention and so may be removed.
- 7. The ADCC site is removed. ADCC sites are known in the art; see, for example, Molec. Immunol. 29 (5): 633-9 (1992) with regard to ADCC sites in IgG1. These sites, as well, are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention and so may be removed.
 - 8. When the native Fc is derived from a non-human antibody, the native Fc may be humanized. Typically, to humanize a native Fc, one will substitute selected residues in the non-human native Fc with residues that are normally found in human native Fc. Techniques for antibody humanization are well known in the art.

Preferred Fc variants include the following. In SEQ ID NO: 2 (Figure 3), the leucine at position 15 may be substituted with glutamate; the glutamate at position 99, with alanine; and the lysines at positions 101 and 103, with alanines. In addition, one or more tyrosine residues can be replaced by phenyalanine residues.

An alternative vehicle would be a protein, polypeptide, peptide, antibody, antibody fragment, or small molecule (e.g., a peptidomimetic compound) capable of binding to a salvage receptor. For example, one could use as a vehicle a polypeptide as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,739,277, issued April 14, 1998 to Presta et al. Peptides could also be selected by phage display or RNA-peptide screening for binding to the

FcRn salvage receptor. Such salvage receptor-binding compounds are also included within the meaning of "vehicle" and are within the scope of this invention. Such vehicles should be selected for increased half-life (e.g., by avoiding sequences recognized by proteases) and decreased immunogenicity (e.g., by favoring non-immunogenic sequences, as discovered in antibody humanization).

As noted above, polymer vehicles may also be used for V¹. Various means for attaching chemical moieties useful as vehicles are currently available, see, e.g., Patent Cooperation Treaty ("PCT") International Publication No. WO 96/11953, entitled "N-Terminally Chemically Modified Protein Compositions and Methods," herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. This PCT publication discloses, among other things, the selective attachment of water soluble polymers to the N-terminus of proteins.

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A preferred polymer vehicle is polyethylene glycol (PEG). The PEG group may be of any convenient molecular weight and may be linear or branched. The average molecular weight of the PEG will preferably range from about 2 kiloDalton ("kD") to about 100 kD, more preferably from about 5 kD to about 50 kD, most preferably from about 5 kD to about 10 kD. The PEG groups will generally be attached to the compounds of the invention via acylation or reductive alkylation through a reactive group on the PEG moiety (e.g., an aldehyde, amino, thiol, or ester group) to a reactive group on the inventive compound (e.g., an aldehyde, amino, or ester group).

A useful strategy for the PEGylation of synthetic peptides consists of combining, through forming a conjugate linkage in solution, a peptide and a PEG moiety, each bearing a special functionality that is mutually reactive toward the other. The peptides can be easily prepared with conventional solid phase synthesis. The peptides are "preactivated" with

an appropriate functional group at a specific site. The precursors are purified and fully characterized prior to reacting with the PEG moiety. Ligation of the peptide with PEG usually takes place in aqueous phase and can be easily monitored by reverse phase analytical HPLC. The PEGylated peptides can be easily purified by preparative HPLC and characterized by analytical HPLC, amino acid analysis and laser desorption mass spectrometry.

Polysaccharide polymers are another type of water soluble polymer which may be used for protein modification. Dextrans are polysaccharide polymers comprised of individual subunits of glucose predominantly linked by α1-6 linkages. The dextran itself is available in many molecular weight ranges, and is readily available in molecular weights from about 1 kD to about 70 kD. Dextran is a suitable water soluble polymer for use in the present invention as a vehicle by itself or in combination with another vehicle (e.g., Fc). See, for example, WO 96/11953 and WO 96/05309. The use of dextran conjugated to therapeutic or diagnostic immunoglobulins has been reported; see, for example, European Patent Publication No. 0 315 456, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Dextran of about 1 kD to about 20 kD is preferred when dextran is used as a vehicle in accordance with the present invention.

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Linkers. Any "linker" group is optional. When present, its chemical structure is not critical, since it serves primarily as a spacer. The linker is preferably made up of amino acids linked together by peptide bonds. Thus, in preferred embodiments, the linker is made up of from 1 to 30 amino acids linked by peptide bonds, wherein the amino acids are selected from the 20 naturally occurring amino acids. Some of these amino acids may be glycosylated, as is well understood by those in the art. In a more preferred embodiment, the 1 to 20 amino acids are selected from glycine, alanine, proline, asparagine, glutamine, and lysine. Even more preferably,

a linker is made up of a majority of amino acids that are sterically unhindered, such as glycine and alanine. Thus, preferred linkers are polyglycines (particularly (Gly), (Gly), poly(Gly-Ala), and polyalanines. Other specific examples of linkers are:

(Gly)₃Lys(Gly)₄ (SEQ ID NO: 40); (Gly)₃AsnGlySer(Gly)₂ (SEQ ID NO: 41); (Gly)₃Cys(Gly)₄ (SEQ ID NO: 42); and GlyProAsnGlyGly (SEQ ID NO: 43).

To explain the above nomenclature, for example, (Gly)₃Lys(Gly)₄ means Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly (SEQ ID NO: 40). Combinations of Gly and Ala are also preferred. The linkers shown here are exemplary; linkers within the scope of this invention may be much longer and may include other residues.

Preferred linkers are amino acid linkers comprising greater than 5 amino acids, with suitable linkers having up to about 500 amino acids selected from glycine, alanine, proline, asparagine, glutamine, lysine, threonine, serine or aspartate. Linkers of about 20 to 50 amino acids are most preferred. One group of preferred linkers are those of the formulae

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx1x2

(SEQ ID NO: 193)

and

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GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx¹x²GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx³x⁴
(SEQ ID NO: 194)

wherein x^1 and x^3 are each independently basic or hydrophobic residues and x^2 and x^4 are each independently hydrophobic residues. Specific preferred linkers are:

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHM (SEQ ID NO: 59)

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATGM

(SEQ ID NO: 190)

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATGS

(SEQ ID NO: 191), and

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHMGSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHM (SEQ ID NO: 192).

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Non-peptide linkers are also possible. For example, alkyl linkers such as -NH-(CH₂)_s-C(O)-, wherein s = 2-20 could be used. These alkyl linkers may further be substituted by any non-sterically hindering group such as lower alkyl (e.g., C_1 - C_6) lower acyl, halogen (e.g., Cl, Br), CN, NH₂, phenyl, etc. An exemplary non-peptide linker is a PEG linker, VII

wherein n is such that the linker has a molecular weight of 100 to 5000 kD, preferably 100 to 500 kD. The peptide linkers may be altered to form derivatives in the same manner as described above.

<u>Derivatives</u>. The inventors also contemplate derivatizing the peptide and/or vehicle portion of the compounds. Such derivatives may improve the solubility, absorption, biological half life, and the like of the compounds. The moieties may alternatively eliminate or attenuate any undesirable side-effect of the compounds and the like. Exemplary derivatives include compounds in which:

1. The compound or some portion thereof is cyclic. For example, the peptide portion may be modified to contain two or more Cys residues (e.g., in the linker), which could cyclize by disulfide bond formation.

2. The compound is cross-linked or is rendered capable of cross-linking between molecules. For example, the peptide portion may be modified to contain one Cys residue and thereby be able to form an intermolecular disulfide bond with a like molecule. The compound may also be cross-linked through its C-terminus, as in the molecule shown below.

VIII

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$$V^{1}-(X^{1})_{b}-CO-N$$
 $V^{1}-(X^{1})_{b}-CO-N$
 NH_{2}
 NH_{2}
 NH_{3}

In Formula VIII, each "V" may represent typically one strand of the Fc domain.

- 3. One or more peptidyl [-C(O)NR-] linkages (bonds) is replaced by a non-peptidyl linkage. Exemplary non-peptidyl linkages are -CH₂-carbamate [-CH₂-OC(O)NR-], phosphonate, -CH₂-sulfonamide [-CH₂-S(O)₂NR-], urea [-NHC(O)NH-], -CH₂-secondary amine, and alkylated peptide [-C(O)NR⁶- wherein R⁶ is lower alkyl].
- The N-terminus is derivatized. Typically, the N-terminus may be acylated or modified to a substituted amine. Exemplary N-terminal derivative groups include -NRR¹ (other than -NH₂), -NRC(O)R¹, -NRC(O)OR¹, -NRS(O)₂R¹, -NHC(O)NHR¹, succinimide, or benzyloxycarbonyl-NH- (CBZ-NH-), wherein R and R¹ are each independently hydrogen or lower alkyl and wherein the phenyl ring may be substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, chloro, and bromo.
- 5. The free C-terminus is derivatized. Typically, the C-terminus is
 esterified or amidated. Exemplary C-terminal derivative groups
 include, for example, -C(O)R² wherein R² is lower alkoxy or -NR³R⁴

wherein R^3 and R^4 are independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_8 alkyl (preferably C_1 - C_4 alkyl).

A disulfide bond is replaced with another, preferably more stable, cross-linking moiety (e.g., an alkylene). See, e.g., Bhatnagar et al. (1996), J. Med. Chem. 39: 3814-9; Alberts et al. (1993) Thirteenth Am. Pep. Symp., 357-9.

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7. One or more individual amino acid residues is modified. Various derivatizing agents are known to react specifically with selected sidechains or terminal residues, as described in detail below.

Lysinyl residues and amino terminal residues may be reacted with succinic or other carboxylic acid anhydrides, which reverse the charge of the lysinyl residues. Other suitable reagents for derivatizing alpha-amino-containing residues include imidoesters such as methyl picolinimidate; pyridoxal phosphate; pyridoxal; chloroborohydride; trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid; O-methylisourea; 2,4 pentanedione; and transaminase-catalyzed reaction with glyoxylate.

Arginyl residues may be modified by reaction with any one or combination of several conventional reagents, including phenylglyoxal, 2,3-butanedione, 1,2-cyclohexanedione, and ninhydrin. Derivatization of arginyl residues requires that the reaction be performed in alkaline conditions because of the high pKa of the guanidine functional group. Furthermore, these reagents may react with the groups of lysine as well as the arginine epsilon-amino group.

Specific modification of tyrosyl residues has been studied extensively, with particular interest in introducing spectral labels into tyrosyl residues by reaction with aromatic diazonium compounds or tetranitromethane. Most commonly, N-acetylimidizole and tetranitromethane are used to form O-acetyl tyrosyl species and 3-nitro derivatives, respectively.

Carboxyl sidechain groups (aspartyl or glutamyl) may be selectively modified by reaction with carbodiimides (R'-N=C=N-R') such as 1-cyclohexyl-3-(2-morpholinyl-(4-ethyl) carbodiimide or 1-ethyl-3-(4-azonia-4,4-dimethylpentyl) carbodiimide. Furthermore, aspartyl and glutamyl residues may be converted to asparaginyl and glutaminyl residues by reaction with ammonium ions.

Glutaminyl and asparaginyl residues may be deamidated to the corresponding glutamyl and aspartyl residues. Alternatively, these residues are deamidated under mildly acidic conditions. Either form of these residues falls within the scope of this invention.

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Cysteinyl residues can be replaced by amino acid residues or other moieties either to eliminate disulfide bonding or, conversely, to stabilize cross-linking. See, e.g., Bhatnagar <u>et al.</u> (1996), J. <u>Med. Chem.</u> 39: 3814-9.

Derivatization with bifunctional agents is useful for cross-linking the peptides or their functional derivatives to a water-insoluble support matrix or to other macromolecular vehicles. Commonly used cross-linking agents include, e.g., 1,1-bis(diazoacetyl)-2-phenylethane, glutaraldehyde, N-hydroxysuccinimide esters, for example, esters with 4-azidosalicylic acid, homobifunctional imidoesters, including disuccinimidyl esters such as 3,3'-dithiobis(succinimidylpropionate), and bifunctional maleimides such as bis-N-maleimido-1,8-octane. Derivatizing agents such as methyl-3-[(p-azidophenyl)dithio]propioimidate yield photoactivatable intermediates that are capable of forming cross-links in the presence of light. Alternatively, reactive water-insoluble matrices such as cyanogen bromide-activated carbohydrates and the reactive substrates described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,969,287; 3,691,016; 4,195,128; 4,247,642; 4,229,537; and 4,330,440 are employed for protein immobilization.

Carbohydrate (oligosaccharide) groups may conveniently be attached to sites that are known to be glycosylation sites in proteins.

Generally, O-linked oligosaccharides are attached to serine (Ser) or threonine (Thr) residues while N-linked oligosaccharides are attached to asparagine (Asn) residues when they are part of the sequence Asn-X-Ser/Thr, where X can be any amino acid except proline. X is preferably one of the 19 naturally occurring amino acids other than proline. The structures of N-linked and O-linked oligosaccharides and the sugar residues found in each type are different. One type of sugar that is commonly found on both is N-acetylneuraminic acid (referred to as sialic acid). Sialic acid is usually the terminal residue of both N-linked and Olinked oligosaccharides and, by virtue of its negative charge, may confer acidic properties to the glycosylated compound. Such site(s) may be incorporated in the linker of the compounds of this invention and are preferably glycosylated by a cell during recombinant production of the polypeptide compounds (e.g., in mammalian cells such as CHO, BHK, COS). However, such sites may further be glycosylated by synthetic or semi-synthetic procedures known in the art.

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Other possible modifications include hydroxylation of proline and lysine, phosphorylation of hydroxyl groups of seryl or threonyl residues, oxidation of the sulfur atom in Cys, methylation of the alpha-amino groups of lysine, arginine, and histidine side chains. Creighton, <u>Proteins:</u> Structure and Molecule <u>Properties</u> (W. H. Freeman & Co., San Francisco), pp. 79-86 (1983).

Compounds of the present invention may be changed at the DNA level, as well. The DNA sequence of any portion of the compound may be changed to codons more compatible with the chosen host cell. For <u>E</u>. <u>coli</u>, which is the preferred host cell, optimized codons are known in the art. Codons may be substituted to eliminate restriction sites or to include silent restriction sites, which may aid in processing of the DNA in the selected

host cell. The vehicle, linker and peptide DNA sequences may be modified to include any of the foregoing sequence changes.

Methods of Making

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The compounds of this invention largely may be made in transformed host cells using recombinant DNA techniques. To do so, a recombinant DNA molecule coding for the peptide is prepared. Methods of preparing such DNA molecules are well known in the art. For instance, sequences coding for the peptides could be excised from DNA using suitable restriction enzymes. Alternatively, the DNA molecule could be synthesized using chemical synthesis techniques, such as the phosphoramidate method. Also, a combination of these techniques could be used.

The invention also includes a vector capable of expressing the peptides in an appropriate host. The vector comprises the DNA molecule that codes for the peptides operatively linked to appropriate expression control sequences. Methods of effecting this operative linking, either before or after the DNA molecule is inserted into the vector, are well known. Expression control sequences include promoters, activators, enhancers, operators, ribosomal binding sites, start signals, stop signals, cap signals, polyadenylation signals, and other signals involved with the control of transcription or translation.

The resulting vector having the DNA molecule thereon is used to transform an appropriate host. This transformation may be performed using methods well known in the art.

Any of a large number of available and well-known host cells may be used in the practice of this invention. The selection of a particular host is dependent upon a number of factors recognized by the art. These include, for example, compatibility with the chosen expression vector, toxicity of the peptides encoded by the DNA molecule, rate of

transformation, ease of recovery of the peptides, expression characteristics, bio-safety and costs. A balance of these factors must be struck with the understanding that not all hosts may be equally effective for the expression of a particular DNA sequence. Within these general guidelines, useful microbial hosts include bacteria (such as <u>E. coli</u> sp.), yeast (such as <u>Saccharomyces</u> sp.) and other fungi, insects, plants, mammalian (including human) cells in culture, or other hosts known in the art.

Next, the transformed host is cultured and purified. Host cells may be cultured under conventional fermentation conditions so that the desired compounds are expressed. Such fermentation conditions are well known in the art. Finally, the peptides are purified from culture by methods well known in the art.

The compounds may also be made by synthetic methods. For example, solid phase synthesis techniques may be used. Suitable techniques are well known in the art, and include those described in Merrifield (1973), Chem. Polypeptides, pp. 335-61 (Katsoyannis and Panayotis eds.); Merrifield (1963), J. Am. Chem. Soc. 85: 2149; Davis et al. (1985), Biochem. Intl. 10: 394-414; Stewart and Young (1969), Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis; U.S. Pat. No. 3,941,763; Finn et al. (1976), The Proteins (3rd ed.) 2: 105-253; and Erickson et al. (1976), The Proteins (3rd ed.) 2: 257-527. Solid phase synthesis is the preferred technique of making individual peptides since it is the most cost-effective method of making small peptides.

Compounds that contain derivatized peptides or which contain non-peptide groups may be synthesized by well-known organic chemistry techniques.

Uses of the Compounds

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Compounds of this invention may be particularly useful in treatment of B-cell mediated autoimmune diseases. In particular, the

compounds of this invention may be useful in treating, preventing, ameliorating, diagnosing or prognosing lupus, including systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), and lupus-associated diseases and conditions. Other preferred indications include B-cell mediated cancers, including B-cell lymphoma.

The compounds of this invention can also be used to treat inflammatory conditions of the joints. Inflammatory conditions of a joint are chronic joint diseases that afflict and disable, to varying degrees, millions of people worldwide. Rheumatoid arthritis is a disease of articular joints in which the cartilage and bone are slowly eroded away by a proliferative, invasive connective tissue called pannus, which is derived from the synovial membrane. The disease may involve peri-articular structures such as bursae, tendon sheaths and tendons as well as extraarticular tissues such as the subcutis, cardiovascular system, lungs, spleen, lymph nodes, skeletal muscles, nervous system (central and peripheral) and eyes (Silberberg (1985), Anderson's Pathology, Kissane (ed.), II:1828). Osteoarthritis is a common joint disease characterized by degenerative changes in articular cartilage and reactive proliferation of bone and cartilage around the joint. Osteoarthritis is a cell-mediated active process that may result from the inappropriate response of chondrocytes to catabolic and anabolic stimuli. Changes in some matrix molecules of articular cartilage reportedly occur in early osteoarthritis (Thonar et al. (1993), Rheumatic disease clinics of North America, Moskowitz (ed.), 19:635-657 and Shinmei et al. (1992), Arthritis Rheum., 35:1304-1308). TALL-1, TALL-1R and modulators thereof are believed to be useful in the treatment of these and related conditions.

Compounds of this invention may also be useful in treatment of a number of additional diseases and disorders, including:

acute pancreatitis;

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- ALS;
- Alzheimer's disease;
- asthma;
- atherosclerosis;
- autoimmune hemolytic anemia;
 - cancer, particularly cancers related to B cells;
 - cachexia/anorexia;
 - chronic fatigue syndrome;
 - cirrhosis (e.g., primary biliary cirrhosis);
- diabetes (e.g., insulin diabetes);
 - fever;
 - glomerulonephritis, including IgA glomerulonephritis and primary glomerulonephritis;
 - Goodpasture's syndrome;
- Guillain-Barre syndrome;
 - graft versus host disease;
 - Hashimoto's thyroiditis;
 - hemorrhagic shock;
 - hyperalgesia;

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- inflammatory bowel disease;
 - inflammatory conditions of a joint, including osteoarthritis,
 psoriatic arthritis and rheumatoid arthritis;
 - inflammatory conditions resulting from strain, sprain, cartilage damage, trauma, orthopedic surgery, infection or other disease processes;
 - insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus;

ischemic injury, including cerebral ischemia (e.g., brain injury as
a result of trauma, epilepsy, hemorrhage or stroke, each of
which may lead to neurodegeneration);

- learning impairment;
- lung diseases (e.g., ARDS);
 - multiple myeloma;
 - multiple sclerosis;
 - Myasthenia gravis;
 - myelogenous (e.g., AML and CML) and other leukemias;
- myopathies (e.g., muscle protein metabolism, esp. in sepsis);
 - neurotoxicity (e.g., as induced by HIV);
 - osteoporosis;
 - pain;
 - Parkinson's disease;
- Pemphigus;
 - polymyositis/dermatomyositis;
 - pulmonary inflammation, including autoimmune pulmonary inflammation;
 - pre-term labor;
- psoriasis;
 - Reiter's disease;
 - reperfusion injury;
 - septic shock;
 - side effects from radiation therapy;
- Sjogren's syndrome;
 - sleep disturbance;
 - temporal mandibular joint disease;

 thrombocytopenia, including idiopathic thrombocytopenia and autoimmune neonatal thrombocytopenia;

- tumor metastasis;
- uveitis; and
- vasculitis.

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Compounds of this invention may be administered alone or in combination with a therapeutically effective amount of other drugs, including analgesic agents, disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs), non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), and any immune and/or inflammatory modulators. Thus, compounds of this invention may be administered with:

- Modulators of other members of the TNF/TNF receptor family, including TNF antagonists, such as etanercept (Enbrel[™]), sTNF-RI, onercept, D2E7, and Remicade[™].
- Nerve growth factor (NGF) modulators.
- IL-1 inhibitors, including IL-1ra molecules such as anakinra and more recently discovered IL-1ra-like molecules such as IL-1Hy1 and IL-1Hy2; IL-1 "trap" molecules as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,844,099, issued December 1, 1998; IL-1 antibodies; solubilized IL-1 receptor, and the like.
- IL-6 inhibitors (e.g., antibodies to IL-6).
- IL-8 inhibitors (e.g., antibodies to IL-8).
- IL-18 inhibitors (e.g., IL-18 binding protein, solubilized IL-18 receptor, or IL-18 antibodies).
- Interleukin-1 converting enzyme (ICE) modulators.
 - insulin-like growth factors (IGF-1, IGF-2) and modulators thereof.
 - Transforming growth factor-β (TGF-β), TGF-β family members,
 and TGF-β modulators.

 Fibroblast growth factors FGF-1 to FGF-10, and FGF modulators.

- Osteoprotegerin (OPG), OPG analogues, osteoprotective agents, and antibodies to OPG-ligand (OPG-L).
- bone anabolic agents, such as parathyroid hormone (PTH), PTH fragments, and molecules incorporating PTH fragments (e.g., PTH (1-34)-Fc).
 - PAF antagonists.

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- Keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), KGF-related molecules (e.g., KGF-2), and KGF modulators.
 - COX-2 inhibitors, such as Celebrex[™] and Vioxx[™].
 - Prostaglandin analogs (e.g., E series prostaglandins).
 - Matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) modulators.
 - Nitric oxide synthase (NOS) modulators, including modulators of inducible NOS.
 - Modulators of glucocorticoid receptor.
 - Modulators of glutamate receptor.
 - Modulators of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) levels.
- Anti-cancer agents, including inhibitors of oncogenes (e.g., fos, jun) and interferons.
 - Noradrenaline and modulators and mimetics thereof.

Pharmaceutical Compositions

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<u>In General</u>. The present invention also provides methods of using pharmaceutical compositions of the inventive compounds. Such pharmaceutical compositions may be for administration for injection, or for oral, pulmonary, nasal, transdermal or other forms of administration. In general, the invention encompasses pharmaceutical compositions comprising effective amounts of a compound of the invention together with pharmaceutically acceptable diluents, preservatives, solubilizers, emulsifiers, adjuvants and/or carriers. Such compositions include diluents of various buffer content (e.g., Tris-HCl, acetate, phosphate), pH and ionic strength; additives such as detergents and solubilizing agents (e.g., Tween 80, Polysorbate 80), anti-oxidants (e.g., ascorbic acid, sodium metabisulfite), preservatives (e.g., Thimersol, benzyl alcohol) and bulking substances (e.g., lactose, mannitol); incorporation of the material into particulate preparations of polymeric compounds such as polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, etc. or into liposomes. Hyaluronic acid may also be used, and this may have the effect of promoting sustained duration in the circulation. Such compositions may influence the physical state, stability, rate of in vivo release, and rate of in vivo clearance of the present proteins and derivatives. See, e.g., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 18th Ed. (1990, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA 18042) pages 1435-1712 which are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety. The compositions may be prepared in liquid form, or may be in dried powder, such as lyophilized form. Implantable sustained release formulations are also contemplated, as are transdermal formulations.

Oral dosage forms. Contemplated for use herein are oral solid dosage forms, which are described generally in Chapter 89 of Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences (1990), 18th Ed., Mack Publishing Co. Easton PA 18042, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Solid dosage forms include tablets, capsules, pills, troches or lozenges, cachets

or pellets. Also, liposomal or proteinoid encapsulation may be used to formulate the present compositions (as, for example, proteinoid microspheres reported in U.S. Patent No. 4,925,673). Liposomal encapsulation may be used and the liposomes may be derivatized with various polymers (e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,013,556). A description of possible solid dosage forms for the therapeutic is given in Chapter 10 of Marshall, K., Modern Pharmaceutics (1979), edited by G. S. Banker and C. T. Rhodes, herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. In general, the formulation will include the inventive compound, and inert ingredients which allow for protection against the stomach environment, and release of the biologically active material in the intestine.

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Also specifically contemplated are oral dosage forms of the above inventive compounds. If necessary, the compounds may be chemically modified so that oral delivery is efficacious. Generally, the chemical modification contemplated is the attachment of at least one moiety to the compound molecule itself, where said moiety permits (a) inhibition of proteolysis; and (b) uptake into the blood stream from the stomach or intestine. Also desired is the increase in overall stability of the compound and increase in circulation time in the body. Moieties useful as covalently attached vehicles in this invention may also be used for this purpose. Examples of such moieties include: PEG, copolymers of ethylene glycol and propylene glycol, carboxymethyl cellulose, dextran, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinyl pyrrolidone and polyproline. See, for example, Abuchowski and Davis, Soluble Polymer-Enzyme Adducts, Enzymes as Drugs (1981), Hocenberg and Roberts, eds., Wiley-Interscience, New York, NY,, pp. 367-83; Newmark, et al. (1982), J. Appl. Biochem. 4:185-9. Other polymers that could be used are poly-1,3-dioxolane and poly-1,3,6-tioxocane. Preferred for pharmaceutical usage, as indicated above, are PEG moieties.

For oral delivery dosage forms, it is also possible to use a salt of a modified aliphatic amino acid, such as sodium N-(8-[2-hydroxybenzoyl] amino) caprylate (SNAC), as a carrier to enhance absorption of the therapeutic compounds of this invention. The clinical efficacy of a heparin formulation using SNAC has been demonstrated in a Phase II trial conducted by Emisphere Technologies. See US Patent No. 5,792,451, "Oral drug delivery composition and methods".

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The compounds of this invention can be included in the formulation as fine multiparticulates in the form of granules or pellets of particle size about 1 mm. The formulation of the material for capsule administration could also be as a powder, lightly compressed plugs or even as tablets. The therapeutic could be prepared by compression.

Colorants and flavoring agents may all be included. For example, the protein (or derivative) may be formulated (such as by liposome or microsphere encapsulation) and then further contained within an edible product, such as a refrigerated beverage containing colorants and flavoring agents.

One may dilute or increase the volume of the compound of the invention with an inert material. These diluents could include carbohydrates, especially mannitol, α -lactose, anhydrous lactose, cellulose, sucrose, modified dextrans and starch. Certain inorganic salts may also be used as fillers including calcium triphosphate, magnesium carbonate and sodium chloride. Some commercially available diluents are Fast-Flo, Emdex, STA-Rx 1500, Emcompress and Avicell.

Disintegrants may be included in the formulation of the therapeutic into a solid dosage form. Materials used as disintegrants include but are not limited to starch including the commercial disintegrant based on starch, Explotab. Sodium starch glycolate, Amberlite, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, ultramylopectin, sodium alginate, gelatin, orange

peel, acid carboxymethyl cellulose, natural sponge and bentonite may all be used. Another form of the disintegrants are the insoluble cationic exchange resins. Powdered gums may be used as disintegrants and as binders and these can include powdered gums such as agar, Karaya or tragacanth. Alginic acid and its sodium salt are also useful as disintegrants.

Binders may be used to hold the therapeutic agent together to form a hard tablet and include materials from natural products such as acacia, tragacanth, starch and gelatin. Others include methyl cellulose (MC), ethyl cellulose (EC) and carboxymethyl cellulose (CMC). Polyvinyl pyrrolidone (PVP) and hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose (HPMC) could both be used in alcoholic solutions to granulate the therapeutic.

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An antifrictional agent may be included in the formulation of the therapeutic to prevent sticking during the formulation process. Lubricants may be used as a layer between the therapeutic and the die wall, and these can include but are not limited to; stearic acid including its magnesium and calcium salts, polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), liquid paraffin, vegetable oils and waxes. Soluble lubricants may also be used such as sodium lauryl sulfate, magnesium lauryl sulfate, polyethylene glycol of various molecular weights, Carbowax 4000 and 6000.

Glidants that might improve the flow properties of the drug during formulation and to aid rearrangement during compression might be added. The glidants may include starch, talc, pyrogenic silica and hydrated silicoaluminate.

To aid dissolution of the compound of this invention into the aqueous environment a surfactant might be added as a wetting agent. Surfactants may include anionic detergents such as sodium lauryl sulfate, dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate and dioctyl sodium sulfonate. Cationic detergents might be used and could include benzalkonium chloride or

benzethonium chloride. The list of potential nonionic detergents that could be included in the formulation as surfactants are lauromacrogol 400, polyoxyl 40 stearate, polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil 10, 50 and 60, glycerol monostearate, polysorbate 40, 60, 65 and 80, sucrose fatty acid ester, methyl cellulose and carboxymethyl cellulose. These surfactants could be present in the formulation of the protein or derivative either alone or as a mixture in different ratios.

Additives may also be included in the formulation to enhance uptake of the compound. Additives potentially having this property are for instance the fatty acids oleic acid, linoleic acid and linolenic acid.

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Controlled release formulation may be desirable. The compound of this invention could be incorporated into an inert matrix which permits release by either diffusion or leaching mechanisms; e.g., gums. Slowly degenerating matrices may also be incorporated into the formulation, e.g., alginates, polysaccharides. Another form of a controlled release of the compounds of this invention is by a method based on the Oros therapeutic system (Alza Corp.), i.e., the drug is enclosed in a semipermeable membrane which allows water to enter and push drug out through a single small opening due to osmotic effects. Some enteric coatings also have a delayed release effect.

Other coatings may be used for the formulation. These include a variety of sugars which could be applied in a coating pan. The therapeutic agent could also be given in a film coated tablet and the materials used in this instance are divided into 2 groups. The first are the nonenteric materials and include methyl cellulose, ethyl cellulose, hydroxyethyl cellulose, methylhydroxy-ethyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl-methyl cellulose, sodium carboxy-methyl cellulose, providone and the polyethylene glycols. The second group consists of the enteric materials that are commonly esters of phthalic acid.

A mix of materials might be used to provide the optimum film coating. Film coating may be carried out in a pan coater or in a fluidized bed or by compression coating.

Pulmonary delivery forms. Also contemplated herein is pulmonary delivery of the present protein (or derivatives thereof). The protein (or derivative) is delivered to the lungs of a mammal while inhaling and traverses across the lung epithelial lining to the blood stream. (Other reports of this include Adjei et al., Pharma. Res. (1990) 7: 565-9; Adjei et al. (1990), Internatl. J. Pharmaceutics 63: 135-44 (leuprolide acetate); Braquet et al. (1989), J. Cardiovasc. Pharmacol. 13 (suppl.5): s.143-146 (endothelin-1); Hubbard et al. (1989), Annals Int. Med. 3: 206-12 (α1-antitrypsin); Smith et al. (1989), J. Clin. Invest. 84: 1145-6 (α1-proteinase); Oswein et al. (March 1990), "Aerosolization of Proteins", Proc. Symp. Resp. Drug Delivery II, Keystone, Colorado (recombinant human growth hormone); Debs et al. (1988), J. Immunol. 140: 3482-8 (interferon-γ and tumor necrosis factor α) and Platz et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,284,656 (granulocyte colony stimulating factor).

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Contemplated for use in the practice of this invention are a wide range of mechanical devices designed for pulmonary delivery of therapeutic products, including but not limited to nebulizers, metered dose inhalers, and powder inhalers, all of which are familiar to those skilled in the art. Some specific examples of commercially available devices suitable for the practice of this invention are the Ultravent nebulizer, manufactured by Mallinckrodt, Inc., St. Louis, Missouri; the Acorn II nebulizer, manufactured by Marquest Medical Products, Englewood, Colorado; the Ventolin metered dose inhaler, manufactured by Glaxo Inc., Research Triangle Park, North Carolina; and the Spinhaler powder inhaler, manufactured by Fisons Corp., Bedford, Massachusetts.

All such devices require the use of formulations suitable for the dispensing of the inventive compound. Typically, each formulation is specific to the type of device employed and may involve the use of an appropriate propellant material, in addition to diluents, adjuvants and/or carriers useful in therapy.

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The inventive compound should most advantageously be prepared in particulate form with an average particle size of less than 10 μm (or microns), most preferably 0.5 to 5 μm , for most effective delivery to the distal lung.

Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers include carbohydrates such as trehalose, mannitol, xylitol, sucrose, lactose, and sorbitol. Other ingredients for use in formulations may include DPPC, DOPE, DSPC and DOPC. Natural or synthetic surfactants may be used. PEG may be used (even apart from its use in derivatizing the protein or analog).

Dextrans, such as cyclodextran, may be used. Bile salts and other related enhancers may be used. Cellulose and cellulose derivatives may be used. Amino acids may be used, such as use in a buffer formulation.

Also, the use of liposomes, microcapsules or microspheres, inclusion complexes, or other types of carriers is contemplated.

Formulations suitable for use with a nebulizer, either jet or ultrasonic, will typically comprise the inventive compound dissolved in water at a concentration of about 0.1 to 25 mg of biologically active protein per mL of solution. The formulation may also include a buffer and a simple sugar (e.g., for protein stabilization and regulation of osmotic pressure). The nebulizer formulation may also contain a surfactant, to reduce or prevent surface induced aggregation of the protein caused by atomization of the solution in forming the aerosol.

Formulations for use with a metered-dose inhaler device will generally comprise a finely divided powder containing the inventive

compound suspended in a propellant with the aid of a surfactant. The propellant may be any conventional material employed for this purpose, such as a chlorofluorocarbon, a hydrochlorofluorocarbon, a hydrofluorocarbon, or a hydrocarbon, including trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorodifluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethanol, and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane, or combinations thereof. Suitable surfactants include sorbitan trioleate and soya lecithin. Oleic acid may also be useful as a surfactant.

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Formulations for dispensing from a powder inhaler device will comprise a finely divided dry powder containing the inventive compound and may also include a bulking agent, such as lactose, sorbitol, sucrose, mannitol, trehalose, or xylitol in amounts which facilitate dispersal of the powder from the device, e.g., 50 to 90% by weight of the formulation.

<u>Nasal delivery forms</u>. Nasal delivery of the inventive compound is also contemplated. Nasal delivery allows the passage of the protein to the blood stream directly after administering the therapeutic product to the nose, without the necessity for deposition of the product in the lung. Formulations for nasal delivery include those with dextran or cyclodextran. Delivery via transport across other mucous membranes is also contemplated.

<u>Dosages</u>. The dosage regimen involved in a method for treating the above-described conditions will be determined by the attending physician, considering various factors which modify the action of drugs, e.g. the age, condition, body weight, sex and diet of the patient, the severity of any infection, time of administration and other clinical factors. Generally, the daily regimen should be in the range of 0.1-1000 micrograms of the inventive compound per kilogram of body weight, preferably 0.1-150 micrograms per kilogram.

Specific preferred embodiments

The inventors have determined preferred structures for the preferred peptides listed in Table 4 below. The symbol " Λ " may be any of the linkers described herein or may simply represent a normal peptide bond (i.e., so that no linker is present). Tandem repeats and linkers are shown separated by dashes for clarity.

Table 4—Preferred embodiments

Sequence/structure	SEQ ID
	NO:
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL-A-V1	44
V ¹ -A- LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL	45
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL -A-	46
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL -A-V1	
V¹-Λ- LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL -Λ-	47
LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL	
SADCYFDILTKSDVCTSS-A-V1	48
V¹-Λ- SADCYFDILTKSDVCTSS	49
SADCYFDILTKSDVTSS-A- SADCYFDILTKSDVTSS	50
-∧-V ¹	
V¹-Λ- SADCYFDILTKSDVTSS -Λ-	51
SADCYFDILTKSDVTSS	
FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL-A-V1	52
V¹-A- FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL	53
FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL -A-	54
FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL -A-V1	
V¹-Λ- FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL -Λ-	55
FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL	

"V¹" is an Fc domain as defined previously herein. In addition to those listed in Table 4, the inventors further contemplate heterodimers in which each strand of an Fc dimer is linked to a different peptide sequence; for example, wherein each Fc is linked to a different sequence selected from Table 2.

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All of the compounds of this invention can be prepared by methods described in PCT appl. no. WO 99/25044.

The invention will now be further described by the following working examples, which are illustrative rather than limiting.

EXAMPLE 1

Peptides

5 Peptide Phage Display

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1. Magnetic bead preparation

A. Fc-TALL-1 immobilization on magnetic beads

The recombinant Fc-TALL-1 protein was immobilized on the Protein A Dynabeads (Dynal) at a concentration of 8 µg of Fc-TALL-1 per 100 µl of the bead stock from the manufacturer. By drawing the beads to one side of a tube using a magnet and pipetting away the liquid, the beads were washed twice with the phosphate buffer saline (PBS) and resuspended in PBS. The Fc-TALL-1 protein was added to the washed beads at the above concentration and incubated with rotation for 1 hour at room temperature. The Fc-TALL-1 coated beads were then blocked by adding bovine serum albumin (BSA) to 1% final concentration and incubating overnight at 4 °C with rotation. The resulting Fc-TALL-1 coated beads were then washed twice with PBST (PBS with 0.05% Tween-20) before being subjected to the selection procedures.

B. Negative selection bead preparation

Additional beads were also prepared for negative selections. For each panning condition, 250 µl of the bead stock from the manufacturer was subjected to the above procedure (section 1A) except that the incubation step with Fc-TALL-1 was omitted. In the last washing step, the beads were divided into five 50 µl aliquots.

2. Selection of TALL-1 binding phage

A. Overall strategy

Two filamentous phage libraries, TN8-IX (5X10⁹ independent transformants) and TN12-I (1.4X10⁹ independent transformants) (Dyax Corp.), were used to select for TALL-1 binding phage. Each library was subjected to either pH 2 elution or 'bead elution' (section 2E). Therefore, four different panning conditions were carried out for the TALL-1 project (TN8-IX using the

pH2 elution method, TN8-IX using the bead elution method, TN12-I the using pH2 elution method, and TN12-I using the bead elution method). Three rounds of selection were performed for each condition.

B. Negative selection

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For each panning condition, about 100 random library equivalent (5X10¹¹ pfu for TN8-IX and 1.4X10¹¹ pfu for TN12-I) was aliquoted from the library stock and diluted to 300 µl with PBST. After the last washing liquid was drawn out from the first 50 µl aliquot of the beads prepared for negative selections (section 1B), the 300 µl diluted library stock was added to the beads. The resulting mixture was incubated for 10 minutes at room temperature with rotation. The phage supernatant was drawn out using the magnet and added to the second 50 µl aliquot for another negative selection step. In this way, five negative selection steps were performed.

C. Selection using the Fc-TALL-1 protein coated beads

The phage supernatant after the last negative selection step (section 1B) was added to the Fc-TALL-1 coated beads after the last washing step (section 1A). This mixture was incubated with rotation for two hours at room temperature, allowing specific phage to bind to the target protein. After the supernatant is discarded, the beads were washed seven times with PBST.

D. pH2 elution of bound phage

After the last washing step (section 2C), the bound phages were eluted from the magnetic beads by adding 200 μ l of CBST (50 mM sodium citrate, 150 mM sodium chloride, 0.05% Tween-20, pH2). After 5 minute incubation at room temperature, the liquid containing the eluted phage were drawn out and transferred to another tube. The elution step was repeated again by adding 200 μ l of CBST and incubating for 5 minutes. The liquids from two elution steps were added together, and 100 μ l of 2 M Tris solution (pH 8) was added to neutralize the pH. 500 μ l of Min A Salts solution (60 mM K₂HPO₄, 33 mM KH₂PO₄, 7.6 mM (NH₄)SO₄, and 1.7 mM sodium citrate) was added to make the final volume to 1 ml.

E. 'bead elution'

After the final washing liquid was drawn out (section 2C), 1 ml of Min A salts solution was added to the beads. This bead mixture was added directly to a concentrated bacteria sample for infection (section 3A and 3B).

3. Amplification

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A. Preparation of plating cells

Fresh <u>E</u>. <u>Coli</u>. (XL-1 Blue MRF') culture was grown to $OD_{600} = 0.5$ in LB media containing 12.5 μ g/ml tetracycline. For each panning condition, 20 ml of this culture was chilled on ice and centrifuged. The bacteria pellet was resuspended in 1 ml of the Min A Salts solution.

B. Transduction

Each mixture from different elution methods (section 2D and 2E) was added to a concentrated bacteria sample (section 3A) and incubated at 37 °C for 15 minutes. 2 ml of NZCYM media (2XNZCYM, 50 μg/ml ampicillin) was added to each mixture and incubated at room temperature for 15 minutes. The resulting 4 ml solution was plated on a large NZCYM agar plate containing 50 μg/ml ampicillin and incubated overnight at 37 °C.

C. Phage Harvesting

Each of the bacteria/phage mixture that was grown overnight on a large NZCYM agar plate (section 3B) was scraped off in 35 ml of LB media, and the agar plate was further rinsed with additional 35 ml of LB media. The resulting bacteria/phage mixture in LB media was centrifuged to pellet the bacteria away. 50 ml the of the phage supernatant was transferred to a fresh tube, and 12.5 ml of PEG solution (20% PEG8000, 3.5M ammonium acetate) was added and incubated on ice for 2 hours to precipitate phages. Precipitated phages were centrifuged down and resuspended in 6 ml of the phage resuspension buffer (250 mM NaCl, 100 mM Tris pH8, 1 mM EDTA). This phage solution was further purified by centrifuging away the remaining bacteria and precipitating the phage for the second time by adding 1.5 ml of the PEG solution. After a centrifugation step, the phage pellet was resuspended in 400 μl of PBS. This solution was subjected to a final centrifugation to rid of remaining bacteria debris. The resulting phage

preparation was titered by a standard plaque formation assay (Molecular Cloning, Maniatis et al 3rd Edition).

4. Two more rounds of selection and amplification.

In the second round, the amplified phage (10¹⁰ pfu) from the first round (section 3C) was used as the input phage to perform the selection and amplification steps (sections 2 and 3). The amplified phage (10¹⁰ pfu) from the 2nd round in turn was used as the input phage to perform 3rd round of selection and amplification (sections 2 and 3). After the elution steps (sections 2D and 2E) of the 3rd round, a small fraction of the eluted phage was plated out as in the plaque formation assay (section 3C). Individual plaques were picked and placed into 96 well microtiter plates containing 100 µl of TE buffer in each well. These master plates were incubated in a 37 °C incubator for 1 hour to allow phages to elute into the TE buffer.

5. Clonal analysis (Phage ELISA and sequencing)

The phage clones were analyzed by phage ELISA and sequencing methods. The sequences were ranked based on the combined results from these two assays.

A. Phage ELISA

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An XL-1 Blue MRF' culture was grown until OD₆₀₀ reaches 0.5. 30 µl of this culture was aliquoted into each well of a 96 well microtiter plate. 10 µl of eluted phage (section 4) was added to each well and allowed to infect bacteria for 15 min at room temperature. 130 µl of LB media containing 12.5 µg/ml of tetracycline and 50 µg/ml of ampicillin was added to each well. The microtiter plate was then incubated overnight at 37 °C. The recombinant TALL-1 protein (1 µg/ml in PBS) was allowed to coat onto the 96-well Maxisorp plates (NUNC) overnight and 4°C. As a control, the recombinant Fc-Trail protein was coated onto a separate Maxisorp plate at the same molar concentration as the TALL-1 protein.

On the following day, liquids in the protein coated Maxisorp plates were

discarded, and each well was blocked with 300 µl of 2% BSA solution at 37 °C

for one hour. The BSA solution was discarded, and the wells were washed three times with the PBST solution. After the last washing step, 50 μ l of PBST was added to each well of the protein coated Maxisorp plates. Each of the 50 μ l overnight cultures in the 96 well microtiter plate was transferred to the corresponding wells of the TALL-1 coated plates as well as the control Fc-Trail coated plates. The 100 μ l mixtures in the two kinds of plates were incubated for 1 hour at room temperature. The liquid was discarded from the Maxisorp plates, and the wells were washed five times with PBST. The HRP-conjugated anti-M13 antibody (Pharmacia) was diluted to 1:7,500, and 100 μ l of the diluted solution was added to each well of the Maxisorp plates for 1 hour incubation at room temperature. The liquid was again discarded and the wells were washed seven times with PBST. 100 μ l of tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) substrate (Sigma) was added to each well for the color reaction to develop, and the reaction was stopped with 50 μ l of the 5 N H₂SO₄ solution. The OD₄₅₀ was read on a plate reader (Molecular Devices).

B. Sequencing of the phage clones.

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For each phage clone, the sequencing template was prepared by a PCR method. The following oligonucleotide pair was used to amplify about 500 nucleotide fragment:

primer #1 (5'-CGGCGCAACTATCGGTATCAAGCTG-3') (SEQ ID NO: 56) and primer #2 (5'-CATGTACCGTAACACTGAGTTTCGTC-3'). (SEQ ID NO: 57) The following mixture was prepared for each clone.

Reagents	volume (μL) / tube					
dH ₂ O	26.25					
50% glycerol	10					
10B PCR Buffer (w/o MgCl ₂)	5					
25 mM MgCl ₂	4					
10 mM dNTP mix	1					
100 μ <u>M</u> primer 1	0.25					
100 μ <u>M</u> primer 2	0.25					
Taq polymerase	0.25					
Phage in TE (section 4)	3					
Final reaction volume	50					

The thermocycler (GeneAmp PCR System 9700, Applied Biosystems) was used to run the following program: 94°C for 5 min; [94°C for 30 sec, 55°C for 30 sec, 72°C for 45 sec.]x30 cycles; 72°C for 7 min; cool to 4°C. The PCR product was checked by running 5 µl of each PCR reaction on a 1% agarose gel. The PCR product in the remaining 45 µl from each reaction was cleaned up using the QIAquick Multiwell PCR Purification kit (Qiagen), following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting product was then sequenced using the ABI 377 Sequencer (Perkin-Elmer) following the manufacturer recommended protocol.

6. Sequence ranking and consensus sequence determination

A. Sequence ranking

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The peptide sequences that were translated from variable nucleotide sequences (section 5B) were correlated to ELISA data. The clones that showed high OD₄₅₀ in the TALL-1 coated wells and low OD₄₅₀ in the Fc-Trail coated wells were considered more important. The sequences that occur multiple times were also considered important. Candidate sequences were chosen based on these criteria for further analysis as peptides or peptibodies. Five and nine candidate peptide sequences were selected from the TN8-IX and TN12-I libraries, respectively.

B. Consensus sequence determination

The majority of sequences selected from the TN12-I library contained a very conserved DBL motif. This motif was also observed in sequences selected from the TN8-IB library as well. Another motif, PFPWE (SEQ ID NO: 110) was also observed in sequences obtained from the TN8-IB library.

A consensus peptide, FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL (SEQ ID NO: 58), was designed based on the DBL motif. Since peptides derived from the TN12-I library were the most active ones, the top 26 peptide sequences based on the above ranking criteria (section 5A) were aligned by the DBL motif. The underlined "core amino acid sequence" was obtained by determining the amino acid that occur the most in each position. The two cysteines adjacent to the core

sequences were fixed amino acids in the TN12-I library. The rest of the amino acid sequence in the consensus peptide is taken from one of the candidate peptides, TALL-1-12-10 (Table 2, SEQ ID NO: 37). The peptide and peptibody that was derived from this consensus sequence were most active in the B cell proliferation assay.

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EXAMPLE 2

Peptibodies

A set of 12 TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies (Table 5) was constructed in 10 which a monomer of each peptide was fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1. Each TALL-1 inhibitory peptibody was constructed by annealing the pairs of oligonucleotides shown in Table 6 to generate a duplex encoding the peptide and a linker comprised of 5 glycine residues and one valine residue as an NdeI to Sal I fragment. These duplex molecules were ligated into a vector (pAMG21-15 RANK-Fc, described herein) containing the human Fc gene, also digested with NdeI and SalI. The resulting ligation mixtures were transformed by electroporation into E. coli strain 2596 cells (GM221, described herein). Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such 20 clone was selected for each of the peptibodies. The nucleotide and amino acid sequences of the fusion proteins are shown in Figure 4A through 4F.

Table 5. Peptide sequences and oligonucleotides used to generate TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies.

Peptibody	Peptibody SEQ ID NO	Peptide Sequence	Sense oligo- nucleotide	Antisense oligo-nucleotide
TALL-1-8-1-a	29	PGTCFPFPWECTHA	2517-24	2517-25
TALL-1-8-2-a	30	WGACWPFPWECFKE	2517-26	2517-27
TALL-1-8-4-a	31	VPFCDLLTKHCFEA	2517-28	2517-29
TALL-1-12-4-a	32	GSRCKYKWDVLTKQCFHH	2517-30	2517-31
TALL-1-12-3-a	33	LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL	2517-32	2517-33
TALL-1-12-5-a	34	SADCYFDILTKSDVCTSS	2517-34	2517-35
TALL-1-12-8-a	35	SDDCMYDQLTRMFICSNL	2517-36	2517-37
TALL-1-12-9-a	36	DLNCKYDELTYKEWCQFN	2521-92	2521-93

TALL-1-12-10-a	37	FHDCKYDLLTRQMVCHGL	2521-94	2521-95
TALL-1-12-11-a	38	RNHCFWDHLLKQDICPSP	2521-96	2521-97
TALL-1-12-14-a	39	ANQCWWDSLTKKNVCEFF	2521-98	2521-99
TALL-1-	58	FHDCKWDLLTKQWVCHGL	2551-48	2551-49
consensus		1		

Table 5B TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies.

Pontibody	Peptibody	Peptide Sequence										
repulouy		1 epide Sequence										
	SEQ ID											
	NO											
TALL-1-8-	111	MPGTCFPFPW ECTHAGGGGG VDKTHTCPPC PAPELLGGPS										
1-a		VFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYV										
" "	i ·	DGVEVHNAKT KPREEQYNST YRVVSVLTVL HQDWLNGKEY										
		KCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKA KGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELT										
		KNQVSLTCLV KGFYPSDIAV EWESNGQPEN NYKTTPPVLD										
1		SDGSFFLYSK LTVDKSRWQQ GNVFSCSVMH EALHNHYTQK										
		SLSLSPGK										
TALL-1-8-	112	MWGACWPFPW ECFKEGGGGG VDKTHTCPPC PAPELLGGPS										
2-a		VFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYV										
		DGVEVHNAKT KPREEQYNST YRVVSVLTVL HQDWLNGKEY										
1		KCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKA KGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELT										
		KNQVSLTCLV KGFYPSDIAV EWESNGQPEN NYKTTPPVLD										
]		SDGSFFLYSK LTVDKSRWQQ GNVFSCSVMH EALHNHYTQK										
		SLSLSPGK										
TALL-1-8-	113	MVPFCDLLTK HCFEAGGGGG VDKTHTCPPC PAPELLGGPS										
4-a		VFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYV										
		DGVEVHNAKT KPREEQYNST YRVVSVLTVL HQDWLNGKEY										
İ		KCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKA KGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELT										
		KNQVSLTCLV KGFYPSDIAV EWESNGQPEN NYKTTPPVLD										
		SDGSFFLYSK LTVDKSRWQQ GNVFSCSVMH EALHNHYTQK										
		SLSLSPGK										
TALL-1-12-	114	MGSRCKYKWD VLTKQCFHHG GGGGVDKTHT CPPCPAPELL										
4-a		GGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVD VSHEDPEVKF										
		NWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQ YNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLN										
		GKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKT ISKAKGQPRE PQVYTLPPSR										
		DELTKNOVSL TCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNG QPENNYKTTP										
	ļ	PVLDSDGSFF LYSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSC SVMHEALHNH										
TALL-1-12-	115	YTQKSLSLSP GK MLPGCKWDLL IKQWVCDPLG GGGGVDKTHT CPPCPAPELL										
	113	GGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVD VSHEDPEVKF										
3-a		NWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQ YNSTYRVVSV LTVLHODWLN										
]		GKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKT ISKAKGOPRE POVYTLPPSR										
ļ		DELTKNOVSL TCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNG OPENNYKTTP										
		PVLDSDGSFF LYSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSC SVMHEALHNH										
		YTOKSLSLSP GK										
TALL-1-12-	116	MSADCYFDIL TKSDVCTSSG GGGG VDKTHT CPPCPAPELL										
5-a		GGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVD VSHEDPEVKF										
5-a		NWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEO YNSTYRVVSV LTVLHODWLN										
		GKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKT ISKAKGQPRE POVYTLPPSR										
		DELTKNOVSL TCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNG QPENNYKTTP										
		PVLDSDGSFF LYSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSC SVMHEALHNH										
		YTQKSLSLSP GK										
TALL-1-12-	117	MSDDCMYDQL TRMFICSNLG GGGGVDKTHT CPPCPAPELL										
8-a		GGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVD VSHEDPEVKF										
) ^{3-a}	'	NWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQ YNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLN										
]		GKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKT ISKAKGQPRE PQVYTLPPSR										
		DELTKNOVSL TCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNG OPENNYKTTP										

		PVLDSDGSFF	LYSKLTVDKS	RWQQGNVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
		YTQKSLSLSP	GK		
TALL-1-12-	118	MDLNCKYDEL	TYKEWCOFNG	GGGGVDKTHT	CPPCPAPELL
9-a		GGPSVFLFPP	KPKDTLMISR	TPEVTCVVVD	VSHEDPEVKF
			NAKTKPREEQ		
		GKEYKCKVSN	KALPAPIEKT	ISKAKGQPRE	PQVYTLPPSR
		DELTKNQVSL	TCLVKGFYPS	DIAVEWESNG	QPENNYKTTP
	Į	PVLDSDGSFF	LYSKLTVDKS	RWQQGNVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
		YTOKSLSLSP			
TALL-1-12-	119	MFHDCKYDLL	TROMVCHGLG	GGGGVDKTHT	CPPCPAPELL
10-a			KPKDTLMISR		
			NAKTKPREEQ		
		GKEYKCKVSN	KALPAPIEKT	ISKAKGQPRE	PQVYTLPPSR
		DELTKNQVSL	TCLVKGFYPS	DIAVEWESNG	QPENNYKTTP
			LYSKLTVDKS	RWQQGNVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
		YTQKSLSLSP			
TALL-1-12-	120		LKQDICPSPG		
11-a			KPKDTLMISR		
		NWYVDGVEVH	NAKTKPREEQ	YNSTYRVVSV	LTVLHQDWLN
			KALPAPIEKT		
			TCLVKGFYPS		
			LYSKLTVDKS	RWQQGNVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
		YTQKSLSLSP			
TALL-1-12-	121		TKKNVCEFFG		
14-a			KPKDTLMISR		
		NWYVDGVEVH	NAKTKPREEQ	YNSTYRVVSV	LTVLHQDWLN
		GREYKCKVSN	KALPAPIEKT	ISKAKGOPKE	POVYTLPPSR
			TCLVKGFYPS		
		YTQKSLSLSP	LYSKLTVDKS	RWQQGIVFSC	SVMHEALHNH
TALL-1-	122		TKOWVCHGLG	CCCCIDVADUA	CDDCDADELL
1	122		KPKDTLMISR		
consensus			NAKTKPREEO		
	į		KALPAPIEKT		
			TCLVKGFYPS		
			LYSKLTVDKS		
		YTOKSLSLSP		IMIQQONVI DC	DVIIIDADIIMII
TALL-1 12-	123		IKOWVCDPLG	SGSATGGSGS	TASSCSCSAT
3 tandem			LIKOWVCDPL		
dimer			PKPKDTLMIS		
differ		FNWYVDGVEV	HNAKTKPREE	OYNSTYRVVS	VLTVLHODWL
			NKALPAPIEK		
1		RDELTKNOVS	LTCLVKGFYP	SDIAVEWESN	GOPENNYKTT
		PPVLDSDGSF	FLYSKLTVDK	SRWQQGNVFS	CSVMHEALHN
		HYTOKSLSLS			
TALL-1	124		TKQWVCHGLG		
consensus		HMFHDCKWDL	LTKQWVCHGL	GGGGGVDKTH	TCPPCPAPEL
tandem		LGGPSVFLFP	PKPKDTLMIS	RTPEVTCVVV	DVSHEDPEVK
dimer		FNWYVDGVEV	HNAKTKPREE	QYNSTYRVVS	VLTVLHQDWL
Girrier			NKALPAPIEK		
		RDELTKNQVS	LTCLVKGFYP	SDIAVEWESN	GQPENNYKTT
1			DI MOME MENSE	CDMOOOMTEC	COUNCIDATING
1	-	PPVLDSDGSF HYTOKSLSLS		SKWQQGNVFS	CSVMHEALHN

Table 6. Sequences of oligonucleotides used in peptibody construction.

Oligo-	SEQ	Sequence
nucleotide	ID NO	
ID		
number		
2517-24	71	TAT GCC GGG TAC TTG TTT CCC GTT CCC GTG GGA ATG CAC
		TCA CGC TGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-25	72	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCT GGA GCG TGA GTG CAT TCC CAC
0515 06		GGG AAG CCG AAA CAA GTA CCC GGC A
2517-26	73	TAT GTG GGG TGC TTG TTG GCC GTT CCC GTG GGA ATG TTT
		CAA AGA AGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-27	74	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCT TCT TTG AAA CAT TCC
		CACGGG AAC GGC CAA CAAGCA CCC CAC A
2517-28	75	TAT GGT TCC GTT CTG TGA CCT GCT GAC TAA ACA CTG TTT
		CGA AGC TGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-29	76	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCA GCT TCG AAA CAG TGT TTA
		GTC AGC AGG TCA CAGAAC GGA ACC A
2517-30	77	TAT GGG TTC TCG TTG TAA ATA CAA ATG GGA CGT TCT GAC
	_	TAA ACA GTG TTT CCA CCA CGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-31	78	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCG TGG TGG AAA CAC TGT TTA
		GTC AGA ACG TCC CAT TTG TAT TTA CAA CGA GAA CCC A
2517-32	79	TAT GCT GCC GGG TTG TAA ATG GGA CCT GCT GAT CAA ACA
		GTG GGT TTG TGA CCC GCT GGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-33	80	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCC AGC GGG TCA CAA ACC CAC
		TGT TTG ATC AGC AGG TCC CAT TTA CAA CCC GGC AGC A
2517-34	81	TAT GTC TGC TGA CTG TTA CTT CGA CAT CCT GAC TAA ATC
		TGA CGT TTG TAC TTC TTG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-35	82	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCA GAA GAA GTA CAA ACG TCA
		GAT TTA GTC AGG ATG TCG AAG TAA CAG TCA GCA GAC A
2517-36	83	TAT GTC TGA CGA CTG TAT GTA CGA CCA GCT GAC TCG TAT
		GTT CAT CTG TTC TAA CCT GGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2517-37	84	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCC AGG TTA GAA CAG ATG AAC
		ATA CGA GTC AGC TGG TCG TAC ATA CAG TCG TCA GAC A
2521-92	85	TAT GGA CCT GAA CTG TAA ATA CGA CGA ACT GAC TTA CAA
		AGA ATG GTG TCA GTT CAA CGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
25221-93	86	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCG TTG AAC TGA CAC CAT TCT
		TTG TAA GTC AGTTCG TCG TAT TTA CAG TTC AGG TCC A
2521-94	87	TAT GTT CCA CGA CTG TAA ATA CGA CCT GCT GAC TCG TCA
		GAT GGT TTG TCA CGG TCT GGG TGG AGG CGG TGG GG
2521-95	88	TCG ACC CCA CCG CCT CCA CCC AGA CCG TGA CAA ACC ATC
		TGA CGA GTC AGC AGG TCG TAT TTA CAG TCG TGG AAC A
2521-96	89	TAT GCG TAA CCA CTG TTT CTG GGA CCA CCT GCT GAA ACA
		THE COLOUR CON CON CON CON CON GAR ACA

		GGA	CAT	CTG	TCC	GTC	TCC	GGG	TGG	AGG	CGG	TGG	GG	-
2521-97	90	TCG	ACC	CCA	CCG	CCT	CCA	CCC	GGA	GAC	GGA	CAG	ATG	TCC
		TGT	TTC	AGC	AGG	TGG	TCC	CAG	AAA	CAG	TGG	TTA	CGC	A
2521-98	91	TAT	GGC	TAA	CCA	GTG	TTG	GTG	GGA	CTC	TCT	GCT	GAA	AAA
		AAA	CGT	TTG	TGA	ATT	CTT	CGG	TGG	AGG	CGG	TGG	GG	
2521-99	92	TCG	ACC	CCA	CCG	CCT	CCA	CCG	AAG	AAT	TCA	CAA	ACG	TTT
•		TTT	TTC	AGC	AGA	GAG	TCC	CAC	CAA	CAC	TGG	TTA	GCC	À
2551-48	93	TAT	GTT	CCA	CGA	CTG	CAA	ATG	GGA	CCT	GCT	GAC	CAA	ACA
		GTG	GGT	TTG	CCA	CGG	TCT	GGG	TGG	AGG	CGG	TGG	GG	
2551-49	94	TCG	ACC	CCA	CCG	CCT	CCA	CCC	AGA	CCG	TGG	CAA	ACC	CAC
 -		TGT	TTG	GTC	AGC	AGG	TCC	CAT	TTG	CAG	TCG	TGG	AAC	A

pAMG21-RANK-Fc vector

pAMG21. The expression plasmid pAMG21 (ATCC accession no. 98113) can be derived from the Amgen expression vector pCFM1656 (ATCC #69576) which in turn be derived from the Amgen expression vector system described in US Patent No. 4,710,473. The pCFM1656 plasmid can be derived from the described pCFM836 plasmid (U.S. Patent No. 4,710,473) by:

- destroying the two endogenous NdeI restriction sites by end filling with
 T4 polymerase enzyme followed by blunt end ligation;
- replacing the DNA sequence between the unique <u>Aat</u>II and <u>Cla</u>I restriction sites containing the synthetic P_L promoter with a similar fragment obtained from pCFM636 (patent No. 4,710,473) containing the P_L promoter (see SEQ ID NO: 95 below); and
- substituting the small DNA sequence between the unique <u>ClaI</u> and <u>KpnI</u> restriction sites with the oligonucleotide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 96.

SEQ ID NO: 95:

<u>Aat</u>II

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- - -AAAAAACATACAGATAACCATCTGCGGTGATAAATTTATCTCTGGCGGTGTTGACATAAA-TTTTTTGTATGTCTATTGGTAGACCCCCACTATTTAATAGAGACCGCCACAACTGTATTT-
- 25 -TACCACTGGCGGTGATACTGAGCACAT 3'
 -ATGGTGACCGCCACTATGACTCGTGTAGC 5'
 Clai

SEQ ID NO: 96:

5' CGATTTGATTCTAGAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGTTAACGCGTTGGAATTCGGTAC 3'

3' TAAACTAAGATCTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCAATTGCGCAACCTTAAGC 5' ClaI KpnI

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The expression plasmid pAMG21 can then be derived from pCFM1656 by making a series of site-directed base changes by PCR overlapping oligonucleotide mutagenesis and DNA sequence substitutions. Starting with the \underline{BgIII} site (plasmid bp # 180) immediately 5' to the plasmid replication promoter $\underline{P_{copB}}$ and proceeding toward the plasmid replication genes, the base pair changes are as shown in Table 7 below.

Table 7—Base pair changes resulting in pAMG21

	pAMG21 bp #	bp in pCFM1656	bp changed to in pAMG21
15		****	
	# 204	T/A	C/G
	# 428	A/T	G/C
	# 509	G/C	A/T
	# 617	• •	insert two G/C bp
20	# 679	G/C	T/A
	# 980	T/A	C/G
	# 994	G/C	A/T
	# 1004	A/T	C/G
	# 1007	C/G	T/A
25	# 1028	A/T	T/A
	# 1047	C/G	T/A
	# 1178	G/C	T/A
	# 1466	G/C	T/A
	# 2028	G/C	bp deletion
30	# 2187	C/G	T/A
	# 2480	A/T	T/A
	# 2499-2502	<u>AGTG</u>	<u>GTCA</u>
25		TCAC	CAGT
35	# 2642	TCCGAGC AGGCTCG	7 bp deletion
	# 3435	G/C	A/T
40	# 3446	G/C	A/T
	# 3643	A/T	T/A

The DNA sequence between the unique <u>AatII</u> (position #4364 in pCFM1656) and <u>SacII</u> (position #4585 in pCFM1656) restriction sites is substituted with the DNA sequence below (SEQ ID NO: 97):.

	[<u>AatII</u> sticky end] (position #4358 in	pAMG21)	GTAACGTATGC. CATTGCATACG	
5	-CCATGCGAGAGTAGGGAA -GGTACGCTCTCATCCCTT			
	-GGGCCTTTCGTTTTATCT -CCCGGAAAGCAAAATAGA			
10	-CGGGAGCGGATTTGAACG -GCCCTCGCCTAAACTTGC			
15	-CATAAACTGCCAGGCATC -GTATTTGACGGTCCGTAG		 	
	-TTCTACAAACTCTTTTGT -AAGATGTTTGAGAAAACA			
20	-TTTTAAAGTATGGGCAAT -AAAATTTCATACCCGTTA			
25	-GGTTTGTTGTATTGAGTT -CCAAACAACATAACTCAA			
2.7	-TACAGCCTAATATTTTTC -ATGTCGGATTATAAAAAC			
30	-ATTCTTTTTCTCTTTTGC -TAAGAAAAAGAGAAAACC		 	
	-GATAATTATCAACTAGAG -CTATTAATAGTTGATCTC		 	
35	-AACTATCTATATAGTTGT -TTGATAGATATATCAACA		 	
40	-TAGCAGTATGAATAGGGA -ATCGTCATACTTATCCCT		 	
	-TTACATTTGGAGATTTTT -AATGTAAACCTCTAAAAA			
45	-AATGATTGGAGTTAGAAT -TTACTAACCTCAATCTTA		 	
	-AATATTGCCTCCATTTTT -TTATAACGGAGGTAAAA			
50	-AATGAGGATAAATGATCG -TTACTCCTATTTACTAGG			
55	-ATAAGCATTGATTAATAT -TATTCGTAACTAATTATA			
	-AAGTGTCGTCGGCATTTA -TTCACAGCAGCCGTAAAT			
50	-GCAAGTTTTGCGTGTTAT -CGTTCAAAACGCACAATA			
	-ATTGGATTTTTGTCACAC			

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-TAGGATCGTACAGGTTTACGCAAGAAAATGGTTTGTTATAGTCGATTAATCGATTTGATT-
    -ATCCTAGCATGTCCAAATGCGTTCTTTTACCAAACAATATCAGCTAATTAGCTAAACTAA-
    -CTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGTTAACGCGTTGGAATTCGA-
5
    -GATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCAATTGCGCAACCTTAAGCT-
                                                      SacII
    -GCTCACTAGTGTCGACCTGCAGGGTACCATGGAAGCTTACTCGAGGATCCGCGGAAAGAA-
    -CGAGTGATCACAGCTGGACGTCCCATGGTACCTTCGAATGAGCTCCTAGGCGCCTTTCTT-
10
    -GAAGAAGAAGAAGAAAGCCCGAAAGGAAGCTGAGTTGGCTGCCACCGCTGAGCAATA-
    -CTTCTTCTTCTTCGGGCTTTCCTTCGACTCAACCGACGACGGTGGCGACTCGTTAT-
    -ACTAGCATAACCCCTTGGGGCCTCTAAACGGGTCTTGAGGGGTTTTTTGCTGAAAGGAGG-
15
    -TGATCGTATTGGGGAACCCCGGAGATTTGCCCAGAACTCCCCAAAAAACGACTTTCCTCC-
    -AACCGCTCTTCACGCTCTTCACGC 3'
                                         [SacII sticky end]
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-TTGGCGAGAAGTGCGAGAAGTG

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During the ligation of the sticky ends of this substitution DNA sequence, the outside <u>AatII</u> and <u>SacII</u> sites are destroyed. There are unique <u>AatII</u> and <u>SacII</u> sites in the substituted DNA.

(position #5904 in pAMG21)

A gene encoding human RANK fused to the N-terminus of Fc was ligated into pAMG21 as an NdeI to BamHI fragment to generate Amgen Strain #4125. This construct was modified to insert a valine codon at the junction of RANK and Fc. The adjacent valine and aspartate codons create a unique SalI site. This allows for the fusion of peptides at the N-terminus of Fc3 between the unique NdeI and SalI sites. The RANK sequence is deleted upon insertion of a new NdeI-SalI fragment. The sequence of the vector is given in Figure 5A through 5M.

GM221 (Amgen #2596). The Amgen host strain #2596 is an \underline{E} . \underline{coli} K-12 strain derived from Amgen strain #393, which is a derivative of \underline{E} . \underline{coli} W1485, obtained from the \underline{E} . \underline{coli} Genetic Stock Center, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut (CGSC strain 6159). It has been modified to contain both the temperature sensitive lambda repressor cI857s7 in the early \underline{ebg} region and the lacl^Q repressor in the late \underline{ebg} region (68 minutes). The presence of these two repressor genes allows the use of this host with a variety of expression systems, however both of these repressors are irrelevant to the expression from luxP_R. The untransformed host has no antibiotic resistances.

The ribosome binding site of the cI857s7 gene has been modified to include an enhanced RBS. It has been inserted into the ebg operon between

nucleotide position 1170 and 1411 as numbered in Genbank accession number M64441Gb_Ba with deletion of the intervening ebg sequence. The sequence of the insert is shown below with lower case letters representing the ebg sequences flanking the insert shown below (SEQ ID NO: 98):

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The construct was delivered to the chromosome using a recombinant phage called MMebg-cI857s7enhanced RBS #4 into F'tet/393. After recombination and resolution only the chromosomal insert described above remains in the cell. It was renamed F'tet/GM101. F'tet/GM101 was then modified by the delivery of a lacI^Q construct into the ebg operon between nucleotide position 2493 and 2937 as numbered in the Genbank accession number M64441Gb_Ba with the deletion of the intervening ebg sequence. The sequence of the insert is shown below with the lower case letters representing the ebg sequences flanking the insert (SEQ ID NO: 99) shown below:

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ggcggaaaccGACGTCCATCGAATGGTGCAAAACCTTTCGCGGTATGGCATGATAGCGCCCGGAAGA GAGTCAATTCAGGGTGGTGAATGTGAAACCAGTAACGTTATACGATGTCGCAGAGTATGCCGGT AAAAAGTCGAAGCGGCGATGGCGGAGCTGAATTACATTCCCAACCGCGTGGCACAACAACTGG CGGGCAAACAGTCGCTCCTGATTGGCGTTGCCACCTCCAGTCTGGCCCTGCACGCGCCGTCGCA AATTGTCGCGGCGATTAAATCTCGCGCCGATCAACTGGGTGCCAGCGTGGTGGTGTCGATGGTA GAACGAAGCGCGTCGAAGCCTGTAAAGCGGCGGTGCACAATCTTCTCGCGCAACGCGTCAGTG TGTTCCGGCGTTATTTCTTGATGTCTCTGACCAGACACCCATCAACAGTATTATTTTCTCCCATGA AGACGGTACGCGACTGGGCGTGGAGCATCTGGTCGCATTGGGTCACCAGCAAATCGCGCTGTTA CAATCAAATTCAGCCGATAGCGGAACGGGAAGGCGACTGGAGTGCCATGTCCGGTTTTCAACAA ACCATGCAAATGCTGAATGAGGGCATCGTTCCCACTGCGATGCTGGTTGCCAACGATCAGATGG CGCTGGGCGCAATGCGCGCATTACCGAGTCCGGGCTGCGCGTTGGTGCGGATATCTCGGTAGT GGGATACGACGATACCGAAGACAGCTCATGTTATATCCCGCCGTTAACCACCATCAAACAGGAT TTTCGCCTGCTGGGCCAACCAGCGTGGACCGCTTGCTGCAACTCTCTCAGGGCCAGGCGGTGA

AGGGCAATCAGCTGTTGCCCGTCTCACTGGTGAAAAGAAAAACCACCCTGGCGCCCAATACGCA AACCGCCTCTCCCCGCGGTTGGCCGATTCATTAATGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGTTTCCCGACTGG AAAGCGGACAGTAAGGTACCATAGGATCCaggcacagga

The construct was delivered to the chromosome using a recombinant phage called AGebg-LacIQ#5 into F'tet/GM101. After recombination and resolution only the chromosomal insert described above remains in the cell. It was renamed F'tet/GM221. The F'tet episome was cured from the strain using acridine orange at a concentration of 25 μ g/ml in LB. The cured strain was identified as tetracyline sensitive and was stored as GM221.

Expression in E. coli. Cultures of each of the pAMG21-Fc-fusion constructs in E. coli GM221 were grown at 37 °C in Luria Broth medium. Induction of gene product expression from the luxPR promoter was achieved following the addition of the synthetic autoinducer N-(3-oxohexanoyl)-DL-homoserine lactone to the culture media to a final concentration of 20 ng/ml. Cultures were incubated at 37 °C for a further 3 hours. After 3 hours, the bacterial cultures were examined by microscopy for the presence of inclusion bodies and were then collected by centrifugation. Refractile inclusion bodies were observed in induced cultures indicating that the Fc-fusions were most likely produced in the insoluble fraction in E. coli. Cell pellets were lysed directly by resuspension in Laemmli sample buffer containing 10% β-mercaptoethanol and were analyzed by SDS-PAGE. In each case, an intense Coomassie-stained band of the appropriate molecular weight was observed on an SDS-PAGE gel.

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EXAMPLE 3

TALL-1 peptibody inhibits TALL-1 mediated B cell proliferation

Mouse B lymphocytes were isolated from C57BL/6 spleens by negative selection. (MACS CD43 (Ly-48) Microbeads, Miltenyi Biotech, Auburn, CA). Purified (10⁵) B cells were cultured in MEM, 10% heat inactivated FCS, 5x10⁻⁵M 2-mercaptoethanol, 100 U/ml penicillin, 100 μg/ml streptomycin) in triplicate in 96-well flat bottom tissue culture plates with 10 ng/ml TALL-1 protein and 2 μg/ml of Goat F(ab')₂ anti-mouse IgM (Jackson ImmunoResearch Laboratory,

West Grove, Pennsylvania) with the indicated amount of recombinant TALL-1 peptibody for a period of 4 days at 37 °C, 5%CO₂. Proliferation was measured by the uptake of radioactive ³[H] thymidine after an 18-hour incubation period.

EXAMPLE 4

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TALL-1 peptibody blocks TALL-1 binding to its receptors

Reacti-Gel 6x (Pierce) were pre-coated with human AGP3 (also known as TALL-1, Khare et al., <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.</u> 97:3370-3375, 2000) and blocked with BSA. 100 pM and 40 pM of AGP3 peptibody samples were incubated with indicated various concentrations of human AGP3 at room temperature for 8 hours before run through the human AGP3-coated beads. The amount of the beadbound peptibody was quantified by fluorescent (Cy5) labeled goat anti-human-Fc antibody (Jackson Immuno Research). The binding signal is proportional to the concentration of free peptibody at binding equilibrium. Dissociation equilibrium constant (K_D) was obtained from nonlinear regression of the competition curves using a dual-curve one-site homogeneous binding model (KinExTM software). K_D is about 4 pM for AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) binding with human AGP3 (Figure 10).

To determine if this AGP3 peptibody can neutralize murine AGP3 binding as well as human AGP3, a BIAcore neutralizing assay was utilized. All experiments were performed on a BIAcore 3000 at room temperature. Human TACI-Fc protein (Xia et al, <u>J. Exp. Med.</u> 192, 137-144, 2000) was immobilized to a B1 chip using 10 mM Acetate pH 4.0 to a level of 2900RU. A blank flow cell was used as a background control. Using a running buffer of PBS (without calcium or magnesium) containing 0.005% P20, 1 nM recombinant human AGP3 (in running buffer plus, 0.1 mg/ml BSA) was incubated without and with indicated various amount of AGP3 peptibody (x axis) before injected over the surface of the receptor. Regeneration was performed using 8 mM glycine pH 1.5 for 1 minute, 25 mM 3-[cyclohexylamino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (CAPS) pH 10.5, 1 M NaCl for 1 minute. For determination of murine AGP3 binding, human his-tagged

TACI was immobilized to 1000 RU in the above buffer. 5 nM recombinant murine AGP3 (in running buffer plus, 0.1 mg/ml BSA) was incubated without and with the various amounts indicated in Figure 11 of AGP3 peptibody (x axis) before injected over the surface of the receptor. Regeneration was performed with 10 mM HCl pH2, twice for 30 seconds. Relative binding of both human and murine AGP3 at presence vs absence of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) was measured (y axis). Relative binding response was determined as (RU-RU blank/RUo-RU blank). The AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) inhibited both human and murine AGP3 binding to its receptor TACI (Figures 11A and 11B).

To examine if this AGP3 peptibody blocks AGP3 binding to all three receptors (TACI, BCMA and BAFFR), recombinant soluble receptor TACI, BCMA and BAFFR proteins were immobilized to CM5 chip. Using 10 mM acetate, pH4, human TACI-Fc was immobilized to 6300 RU, human BCMA-Fc to 5000 RU, and BAFFR-Fc to 6000 RU. 1 nM of recombinant human AGP3 (in running buffer containing 0.1 mg/ml BSA and 0.1 mg/ml Heparin) or 1 nM recombinant APRIL protein (Yu, et al., Nat. Immunol., 1:252-256, 2000) were incubated with indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody before injection over each receptor surface. Regeneration for the AGP3 experiment was done with 8 mM glycine, pH 1.5, for 1 minute, followed by 25 mM CAPS, pH 10.5, 1M NaCl for 1 minute. Regeneration for the APRIL experiment was performed with 8 mM glycine, pH 2, for one minute, followed by 25 mM CAPS, pH 10.5, 1 M NaCl for one minute. Relative binding of AGP3 or APRIL was measured. AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) blocked AGP3 binding to all three receptors (Figure 12A). AGP3 peptibody didn't affect APRIL binding to the receptors (Figure 12B).

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EXAMPLE 5 AGP3 peptibody blocks AGP3 mediated B cell proliferation

Mouse B lymphocytes were isolated from C57BL/6 spleens by negative selection. (MACS CD43 (Ly-48) Microbeads, Miltenyi Biotech, Auburn, CA).

Purified (10⁵) B cells were cultured in minimal essential medium (MEM), 10% heat inactivated fetal calf serum (FCS), 5x10⁻⁵ M 2-mercaptoethanol, 100 U/ml penicillin, 100 μg/ml streptomycin) in triplicate in 96-well flat bottom tissue culture plates with 10 ng/ml AGP3 (TALL-1) protein and 2 μg/ml of Goat F(ab')₂ anti-mouse IgM (Jackson ImmunoResearch Laboratory, West Grove, Pennsylvania) with the indicated amount of recombinant AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) for a period of 4 days at 37 °C, 5% CO₂. Proliferation was measured by the uptake of radioactive ³[H] thymidine after an 18-hour incubation period.

EXAMPLE 6

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AGP3 peptibody on AGP3-stimulated Ig production in mice

Mice (Balb/c females of 9-14 weeks of age and 19-21 g of weight) were purchased from Charles River Laboratories, Wilmington, MA. Mice (n = 10) were treated i.p. with 1 mg/Kg of human AGP3 once a day for five consecutive days followed by 5 mg/Kg or 0.5 mg/Kg of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) or by saline or by 5 mg/Kg of human Fc. Other mice were left untreated. Mice were sacrificed on the sixth day to measure serum IgM and IgA, which were measured by ELISA. Briefly, plates were coated with capture antibodies specific for IgM or IgA (Southern Biotechnology Associates, Birmingham, AL), blocked, and added with dilutions of standard (IgM from Calbiochem, San Diego, CA and IgA from Southern Biotechnology Associates) or test samples. Captured Ig were revealed using biotinylated antibodies specific for IgM or IgA (Southern Biotechnology Associates), neutravidin-conjugated peroxidase (Pierce, Rockford, IL), and tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) microwell peroxidase substrate (KPL, Gaithersburg, MD). Optical densities were quantitated in a Thermomax ELISA reader (Molecular Devices, Menlo Park, CA).

Human AGP3-stimulated increase in serum levels of IgM and IgA was blocked by 5 mg/Kg of the anti-AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) and not by 0.5 mg/Kg (Figures 14A and 14B).

EXAMPLE 7

AGP3 peptibody reduced spleen B cell number in mice

Mice (as above, n = 7) were treated i.p. for seven consecutive days with 5 mg/Kg or 1.5 mg/Kg or 0.5 mg/Kg of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) or with saline or with 5 mg/Kg of human Fc. Mice were sacrificed on the eighth day to count spleen B cell number. Spleens were collected in saline and gently disrupted by manual homogenization to yield a cell suspension. The total cell number was obtained with a H1E counter (Technicon, Tarrytown, NY). Percentages of B cells were derived by immunofluorescence double staining and flow cytometry using fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC)-conjugated and phycoerythrin (PE)-conjugated Ab against CD3 and B220, respectively (PharMingen, San Diego, CA) and a FACScan analyser (Becton and Dickinson, Mountain View, CA). B cells were identified for being CD3-B220+. At all doses, the AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) decreased spleen B cell number in a dose-response fashion (Figure 14) (SEQ ID NO: 123).

EXAMPLE 8

AGP3 peptibody reduced arthritis severity in mouse CIA model

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Eight to 12 week old DBA/1 mice (obtained from Jackson Laboratories, Bar Harbor, ME) were immunized with bovine collagen type II (bCII) (purchased from University of Utah), emulsified in complete Freunds adjuvant (Difco) intradermally at the base of tail. Each injection was 100 μl containing 100 μg of bCII. Mice were boosted 3 weeks after the initial immunization with bCII emulsified in incomplete Freunds adjuvant. Treatment was begun from the day of booster immunization for 4 weeks. Mice were examined for the development of arthritis. As described before (Khare et al., J. Immunol. 155: 3653-9, 1995), all four paws were individually scored from 0-3. Therefore arthritis severity could vary from 0 to 12 for each animal. AGP3 (SEQ ID NO: 123) peptibody treatment significantly reduced the severity of arthritic scores (Figure 15).

Serum samples were taken one week after final treatment (day 35) for the analysis of anti-collagen antibody level. High binding ELISA plates (Immulon, Nunc) were coated with 50 µl of 4 µg/ml solution of bovine CII in carbonate buffer and plated were kept in cold overnight in the refrigerator. Plates were washed three times with cold water. 75 µl of blocking solution made up of PBS/.05% tween 20/1% BSA was used to block non-specific binding for an hour. Samples were diluted (in blocking buffer) in dilution plates at 1:25, 1:100, 1:400, and 1:1600 and 25 µl of these samples were added to each well of the ELISA plate for a final dilution of 100, 400, 1600, and 6400 with a final volume of 100 µl/well. After incubation at room temperature for 3 hours, plates were washed three times again. 100 µl of secondary antibody diluted in blocking buffer (rat anti-mouse IgM, IgG2a, IgG2b, IgG1, IgG3-HRP) was added to each well and plates were incubated for at least 2 hours. Plates were washed four times. 100 µl of TMB solution (Sigma) was added to each well and the reaction was stopped using 50 µl of 25% sulfuric acid. Plates were read using an ELISA plate reader at 450 nm. OD was compared with a standard pool representing units/ml. AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) treatment reduced serum anti-collagen II IgG1, IgG3, IgG2a, and IgG2b levels compared to PBS or Fc control treatment groups (Figure 16).

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EXAMPLE 9

Treatment of AGP3 peptibody in NZB/NZW lupus mice

Five month old lupus prone NZBx NZBWF1 mice were treated i.p. 3X/week for 8 weeks with PBS or indicated doses of AGP3 peptibody or human Fc proteins. Prior to the treatment, animals were pre-screened for protein in the urine with Albustix reagents strips (Bayer AG). Mice having greater than 100 mg/dl of protein in the urine were not included in the study. Protein in the urine was evaluated monthly throughout the life of the experiment. AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) treatment led to delay of proteinuria onset and improved survival (Figure 17).

AGP3 peptibody treatment reduced B cell number in mice. Balb/c mice received 7 daily intraperitoneal injections of indicated amount of AGP3 peptibody (SEQ ID NO: 123) or human Fc protein. On day 8, spleens were collected, and subject to FACS analysis for B220+ B cells as set for in Table 8.

Table 8

AGP3 Pb Reduces B Cell Number in Normal Mice

n=7	dose (1/dayx7)	spleen B cell (1x10e6)	SD	t test
saline		51.3	9.6	
Fc	5mg/Kg	45.5	7.1	
Peptibody	5mg/Kg	20.1	3.8	1.37856E-05
	1.5mg/Kg	22.6	6.9	5.10194E-05
	0.5mg/Kg	25.8	3.6	0.000111409

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* * *

The invention now being fully described, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that many changes and modifications can be made thereto, without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth herein.

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What is claimed is:

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1. A TALL-1-binding composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence Dz²Lz⁴, wherein z² is an amino acid residue and z⁴ is T or I, and wherein the composition of matter does not comprise a fragment of TACI, BCMA, or BAFFR (SEQ ID NOS: 195, 196, and 197).

- 2. The composition of matter of Claim 1, wherein z^4 is T.
- 3. A TALL-1-binding composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence Dz²LI, wherein z² is an amino acid residue.
- 4. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

wherein:

a¹, a², a³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

a⁶ is an amino acid residue;

a⁸ is T or I;

a⁹ is a basic or hydrophobic residue;

a¹² is a neutral polar residue; and

a¹³ and a¹⁴ are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

- 5. The composition of matter of Claim 4 wherein a⁸ is T and a⁹ is a basic residue.
- 6. The composition of matter of Claim 4 wherein a^9 is K and a^{12} is F.
- 7. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acidsequence of the formula

wherein:

b¹ and b² are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

30 b³ is an acidic or amide residue;

```
b<sup>5</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                 b6 is an aromatic residue;
                 b<sup>8</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                 b<sup>10</sup> is T or I:
                 b<sup>11</sup> is a basic residue;
 5
                 b<sup>12</sup> and b<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                 b14 is a neutral polar residue; and
                 b<sup>16</sup>, b<sup>17</sup>, and b<sup>18</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid
            residues.
       8. The composition of matter of Claim 7 wherein:
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                 b<sup>3</sup> is D, Q, or E;
                 b<sup>6</sup> is W or Y;
                 b<sup>10</sup> is T;
                 b11 is K or R; and
                 b<sup>14</sup> is V or L.
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       9. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid
            sequence of the formula
                                        c<sup>1</sup>c<sup>2</sup>c<sup>3</sup>Cc<sup>5</sup>Dc<sup>7</sup>L c<sup>9</sup>c<sup>10</sup>c<sup>11</sup>c<sup>12</sup>c<sup>13</sup>c<sup>14</sup>Cc<sup>16</sup>c<sup>17</sup>c<sup>18</sup>
                                                   (SEQ. ID. NO: 105)
            wherein:
20
                 c1, c2, and c3 are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                 c<sup>5</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                 c<sup>7</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                 c° is T or I;
                 c<sup>10</sup> is a basic residue;
25
                 c11 and c12 are each independently amino acid residues;
                 c<sup>13</sup> is a neutral polar residue;
                 c<sup>14</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                 c16 is an amino acid residue;
```

c17 is a neutral polar residue; and

30

c18 is an amino acid residue or is absent.

10. The composition of matter of Claim 9 wherein:

c10 is K or R;

5 c^{13} is a I, L, or V; and

c17 is A or L.

11. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

$$d^{1}d^{2}d^{3}Cd^{5}d^{6}d^{7}WDd^{10}Ld^{12}d^{13}d^{14}Cd^{15}d^{16}d^{17}$$

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(SEQ. ID. NO: 106)

wherein:

d¹, d², and d³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

d⁵, d⁶, and d⁷ are each independently amino acid residues;

d10 is an amino acid residue;

 d^{13} is T or I;

 $d^{\mbox{\tiny 14}}$ is an amino acid residue; and

d¹⁶, d¹⁷, and d¹⁸ are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

12. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

wherein:

e¹, e², and e³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

e⁵, e⁶, e⁷, e⁹, and e¹³ are each independently amino acid residues;

e" is T or I; and

e¹⁵, e¹⁶, and e¹⁷ are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

13. The composition of matter of Claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

f¹f²f³Kf²Df²Lf²f¹⁰Qf¹²f¹³f¹⁴ (SEQ ID NO: 109)

5 wherein:

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f¹, f², and f³ are absent or are amino acid residues;

f is W, Y, or F;

f' is an amino acid residue;

f' is T or I;

10 f^{10} is K, R, or H;

 f^{12} is C, a neutral polar residue, or a basic residue (W, C, or R preferred);

 f^{13} is C, a neutral polar residue or is absent; and

f¹⁴ is any amino acid residue or is absent;

- provided that only one of f^1 , f^2 , and f^3 may be C, and only one of f^{12} , f^{13} , and f^{14} may be C.
 - 14. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f is W.
 - 15. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f' is L.
 - 16. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f° is T.
- 20 17. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f^{10} is K.
 - 18. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f^{12} is C and one of f^1 , f^2 , and f^3 is C.
 - 19. The composition of matter of Claim 13, wherein f^{13} is V.
 - 20. The composition of matter of Claim 13 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

f¹f²f²KWDf²Lf²KQf¹²f¹³f¹⁴ (SEQ ID NO: 125).

21. The composition of matter of Claim 20 comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 32, 33, 58,

60, 63, 66, 67, 69, 114, 115, 122, 123, 124, 147-150, 152-177, 179, 180, and 187.

22. The composition of matter of Claim 20 comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

LPGCKWDLLIKQWVCDPL (SEQ ID NO: 33).

23. A composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

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wherein:

g¹, g² and g³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

g⁵ is a neutral polar residue;

g⁸ is a neutral polar residue;

g¹⁰ is an acidic residue;

 g^{12} and g^{13} are each independently amino acid residues; and

g¹⁴ is absent or is an amino acid residue.

24. The composition of matter of Claim 23 wherein:

g² is G;

20 g⁵ is W;

g⁸ is P;

g¹⁰ is E; and

g¹³ is a basic residue.

25. A composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula

h¹h²h³CWh⁶h⁷WGh¹⁰Ch¹²h¹³h¹⁴ (SEQ. ID. NO: 102)

wherein:

h¹, h², and h³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

30 h⁶ is a hydrophobic residue;

h⁷ is a hydrophobic residue;

h¹⁰ is an acidic or polar hydrophobic residue; and

h¹², h¹³, and h¹⁴ are each independently absent or amino acid residues.

26. The composition of matter of Claim 25 wherein:

5 h^1 is G:

h⁶ is A;

h⁷ is a neutral polar residue; and

h¹⁰ is an acidic residue.

27. A composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence of the

10 formuia

i¹i²i³Ci⁵i⁶i⁷i⁸i⁹i¹⁰Ci¹²i¹³i¹⁴

(SEQ. ID. NO: 103)

wherein:

i1 is absent or is an amino acid residue;

i² is a neutral polar residue;

i3 is an amino acid residue;

i⁵, i⁶, i⁷, and i⁸ are each independently amino acid residues;

i's an acidic residue;

 i^{10} is an amino acid residue;

20 i¹² and i¹³ are each independently amino acid residues; and

i¹⁴ is a neutral polar residue.

28. The composition of matter of Claim 27 wherein:

i² is W; and

i¹⁴ is W.

- 29. A TALL-1 binding composition of matter comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula PFPWE (SEQ ID NO: 110).:
 - 30. The composition of matter of Claim 1 having the formula

$$(X^1)_a - V^1 - (X^2)_b$$

30 and multimers thereof, wherein:

V¹ is a vehicle;

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 X^1 and X^2 are each independently selected from -(L^1), - P^1 ,

$$-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}$$
, $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}-(L^{3})_{c}-P^{3}$, and $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}-(L^{3})_{c}-P^{3}-(L^{4})_{c}-P^{4}$

one or more of P^1 , P^2 , P^3 , and P^4 each independently comprise Dz^2Lz^4 ;

L¹, L², L³, and L⁴ are each independently linkers; and a, b, c, d, e, and f are each independently 0 or 1, provided that at least one of a and b is 1.

- 31. The composition of matter of Claim 30 of the formula P^1 - $(L^1)_c$ - P^2 - $(L^2)_d$ - V^1 .
 - 32. The composition of matter of Claim 30 of the formula V^1 - $(L^1)_c$ - P^1 - $(L^2)_d$ - P^2 .
- 15 33. The composition of matter of Claim 30, wherein V^1 is an Fc domain.
 - 34. The composition of matter of Claim 30 wherein V¹ is an IgG Fc domain.
 - 35. The composition of matter of Claim 30 wherein V¹ is an IgG1 Fc domain.
 - 36. The composition of matter of Claim 30 wherein V¹ comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
 - 37. The composition of matter of Claim 30 wherein one or more of P¹, P², P³, and P⁴ each independently comprises a sequence selected from: a¹a²a³CDa⁶La⁸a⁹a¹⁰Ca¹²a¹³a¹⁴ (SEQ. ID. NO: 100) b¹b²b³Cb⁵b⁶Db⁸Lb¹⁰b¹¹b¹²b¹³b¹⁴Cb¹⁶b¹⁷b¹⁸ (SEQ. ID. NO: 104)

b¹b²b³Cb⁵b⁶Db⁸Lb¹⁰b¹¹b¹²b¹³b¹⁴Cb¹⁶b¹⁷b¹⁸ (SEQ. ID. NO: 104)

c¹c²c³Cc⁵Dc⁷Lc⁹c¹⁰c¹¹c¹²c¹³c¹⁴Cc¹⁶c¹⁷c¹⁸ (SEQ. ID. NO: 105)

d¹d²d³Cd⁵d⁶d⁷WDd¹⁰Ld¹³d¹⁴d¹⁵Cd¹⁶d¹⁷d¹⁸ (SEQ. ID. NO: 106)

e¹e²e³Ce⁵e⁶e⁷De⁹Le¹¹Ke¹³Ce¹⁵e¹⁶e¹⁷e¹⁸ (SEQ. ID. NO: 107)

f¹f²f³Kf⁵Df⁷Lf²f¹⁰Qf³²f¹³f¹⁴ (SEQ. ID. NO: 109)

```
\begin{split} &g^1g^2g^3Cg^5PFg^8Wg^{10}Cg^{11}g^{12}g^{13} \text{ (SEQ ID NO: 101),} \\ &h^1h^2h^3CWh^6h^7WGh^{10}Ch^{12}h^{13}h^{14} \text{ (SEQ ID NO: 102), and} \\ &i^1i^2i^3Ci^5i^6i^7i^8i^9i^{10}Ci^{12}i^{13}i^{14} \text{ (SEQ ID NO: 103)} \end{split}
```

wherein:

5 a¹, a², a³ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

a⁶ is an amino acid residue;

a⁹ is a basic or hydrophobic residue;

a⁸ is threonyl or isoleucyl;

a¹² is a neutral polar residue;

10 a¹³ and a¹⁴ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

b1 and b2 are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

b³ is an acidic or amide residue;

b⁵ is an amino acid residue;

b⁶ is an aromatic residue;

15 b⁸ is an amino acid residue;

b¹⁰ is T or I;

b¹¹ is a basic residue;

 b^{12} and b^{13} are each independently amino acid residues;

b14 is a neutral polar residue;

b¹⁶, b¹⁷, and b¹⁸ are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

c1, c2, and c3 are each independently absent or amino acid residues;

c⁵ is an amino acid residue;

c⁷ is an amino acid residue;

25 c° is T or I;

c10 is a basic residue;

c11 and c12 are each independently amino acid residues;

c¹³ is a neutral polar residue;

c14 is an amino acid residue;

30 c¹⁶ is an amino acid residue;

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c17 is a neutral polar residue; and
                c18 is an amino acid residue or is absent;
                d<sup>1</sup>, d<sup>2</sup>, and d<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                d<sup>5</sup>, d<sup>6</sup>, and d<sup>7</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                d<sup>10</sup> is an amino acid residue:
 5
                d12 is T or I:
                d13 is an amino acid residue; and
                d15, d16, and d17 are each independently absent or amino acid
                         residues:
                e<sup>1</sup>, e<sup>2</sup>, and e<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
10
                e<sup>5</sup>, e<sup>6</sup>, e<sup>7</sup>, e<sup>9</sup>, and e<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                e11 is T or I; and
                e15, e16, and e17 are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                f<sup>1</sup>, f<sup>2</sup>, and f<sup>3</sup> are absent or are amino acid residues;
                f is W, Y, or F;
15
                f is an amino acid residue:
                f' is T or I:
                f10 is K, R, or H;
                f<sup>12</sup> is C, a neutral polar residue, or a basic residue;
                f<sup>13</sup> is C, a neutral polar residue or is absent; and
20
                f<sup>14</sup> is any amino acid residue or is absent;
                provided that only one of f1, f2, and f3 may be C, and only one of f12,
                         f13, and f14 may be C:
                g<sup>1</sup>, g<sup>2</sup> and g<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                g<sup>5</sup> is a neutral polar residue;
25
                g<sup>8</sup> is a neutral polar residue:
                g<sup>10</sup> is an acidic residue:
                g<sup>12</sup> and g<sup>13</sup> are each independently amino acid residues; and
                g<sup>14</sup> is absent or is an amino acid residue;
                h<sup>1</sup>, h<sup>2</sup>, and h<sup>3</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
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h<sup>6</sup> is a hydrophobic residue;
                h<sup>7</sup> is a hydrophobic residue;
                h<sup>10</sup> is an acidic or polar hydrophobic residue; and
                h<sup>12</sup>, h<sup>13</sup>, and h<sup>14</sup> are each independently absent or amino acid residues;
                i<sup>1</sup> is absent or is an amino acid residue;
 5
                i<sup>2</sup> is a neutral polar residue;
                i<sup>3</sup> is an amino acid residue;
                i<sup>5</sup>, i<sup>6</sup>, i<sup>7</sup>, and i<sup>8</sup> are each independently amino acid residues;
                i' is an acidic residue;
                i<sup>10</sup> is an amino acid residue;
10
                i12 and i13 are each independently amino acid residues; and
                i<sup>14</sup> is a neutral polar residue.
       38. The composition of matter of claim 37, wherein:
                a<sup>9</sup> is a basic residue.
                b<sup>3</sup> is D, Q, or E;
15
                b<sup>6</sup> is W or Y:
                b11 is K or R; and
                b<sup>14</sup> is V or L.
                c<sup>10</sup> is K or R;
                c^{13} is a I, L, or V;
20
                c17 is A or L;
                 f is W:
             f' is L; f' is K; and
                 f^{10} is V.
```

25 39. The composition of matter of Claim 37, wherein one or more of P¹, P², P³, and P⁴ each independently comprises

f'f'f'KWDf'Lf'KQf'²f'³f'⁴ (SEQ ID NO: 125).

40. The composition of matter of Claim 39 of the formula

30
$$P^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{2}-(L^{2})_{d}.-V^{1}.$$

41. The composition of matter of Claim 39 of the formula $V^1-(L^1)_--P^1-(L^2)_--P^2$.

- 42. The composition of matter of Claim 39 having an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 122, 123, and 124.
- 5 43. The composition of matter of Claim 40 wherein L² is greater than 5 amino acids.
 - 44. The composition of matter of Claim 43 wherein L² is selected from GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx¹x²

 (SEQ ID NO: 193)

10 and

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GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx¹x²GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATx³x⁴
(SEQ ID NO: 194)

wherein x^1 and x^3 are each independently basic or hydrophobic residues and x^2 and x^4 are each independently hydrophobic residues.

15 45. The composition of matter of Claim 41 wherein L² is selected from

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATH

(SEQ ID NO: 59),

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATGM

(SEQ ID NO: 190)

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATGS

(SEQ ID NO: 191), and

GSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHMGSGSATGGSGSTASSGSGSATHM (SEQ ID NO: 192).

- 46. The composition of matter of Claim 28 comprising a sequence selected from Table 2 (SEQ ID NOS: 29-39, 60-70, and 126-188).
- 47. The composition of matter of Claim 30 comprising a sequence selected from Table 4 (SEQ ID NOS: 44-55).
- 48. The composition of matter of Claim 46, wherein V^{ι} is an Fc domain.
- 49. The composition of matter of Claim 46, wherein V¹ is an IgG Fc domain.

50. The composition of matter of Claim 46, wherein V¹ is an IgG1 Fc domain.

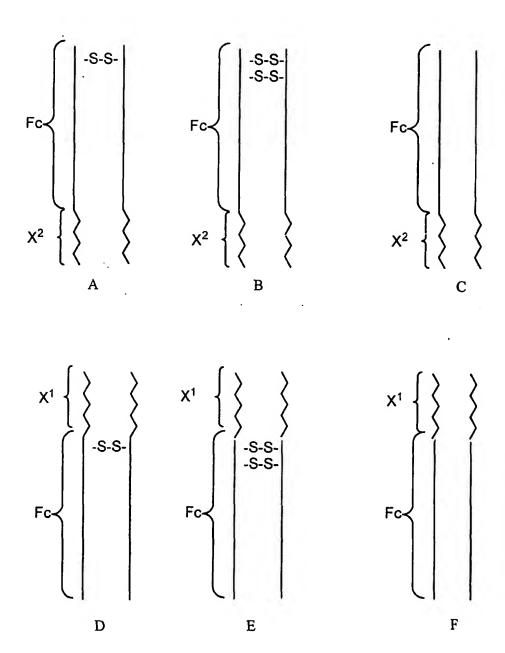
- 51. A DNA encoding a composition of matter of Claim 34.
- 52. An expression vector comprising the DNA of Claim 51.
- 5 53. A host cell comprising the expression vector of Claim 52.
 - 54. The cell of Claim 53, wherein the cell is an \underline{E} . coli cell.

10

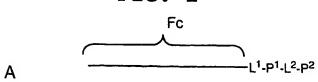
20

- 55. A method of treating a B-cell mediated autoimmune disease, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 1.
- 56. A method of treating a B-cell mediated autoimmune disease, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 13.
- 57. A method of treating lupus, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 1.
- 58. A method of treating lupus, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 13.
- 15 59. A method of treating a B-cell mediated cancer, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 1.
 - 60. A method of treating a B-cell mediated cancer, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 13.
 - 61. A method of treating B-cell lymphoma, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 1.
 - 62. A method of treating B-cell lymphoma, which comprises administering a composition of matter of Claim 13.

FIG.1



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WO 02/092620 PCT/US02/15273 3/37

FIG. 3

	٠	ATGGACAAAACTCACACATGTCCACCTTGTCCAGCTCCGGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCGTCA	
	:	TACCTGTTTTGAGTGTACAGGTGGAACAGGTCGAGGCCTTGAGGACCCCCCTGGCAGT	50
a		M D K T H T C P P C P A P E L L G G P S -	
	61	GTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTC	20
	V -	CAGAAGGAGAAGGGGGTTTTGGGTTCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGGACTCCAG	20
a		V F L F P P K P K D T L M I S R T P E V -	
	121	ACATGCGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTG	80
		TGTACGCACCACCTGCACTCGGTGCTTCTGGGACTCCAGTTCAAGTTGACCATGCAC	-
a		T C V V V D V S H E D P E V K F N W Y V -	
	181	GACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACAACAGCACG	40
_		CTGCCGCACCTCCACGTATTACGGTTCTGTTTCGGCGCCCCTCCTCGTCATGTTGTCGTGC	
а		D G V E V H N A K T K P R E E Q Y N S T - TACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTAC	
	241	ATGGCACAGCAGTCGCAGGAGTGGCAGGACTGGCTGACCGACTTACCGTTCCTCATG	00
a		Y R V V S V L T V L H Q D W L N G K E Y -	
		AAGTGCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCC	
	301	TTCACGTTCCAGAGGTTGTTTCGGGAGGGTCGGGGGTAGCTCTTTTGGTAGAGGTTTCGG	50
a		KCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKA -	
	261	AAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGATGAGCTGACC	
	201	TTTCCCGTCGGGGCTCTTGGTGTCCACATGTGGGACGGGGGTAGGGCCCTACTCGACTGG	20
a		K G Q P R E P Q V Y T L P P S R D E L T -	
	421	AAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTG	
			30
a		TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGGACCAGTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC	30
		TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V -	80
	481	TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC	
_	481	TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC	
a	481	TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC CTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTG E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D -	
a		TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC CTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTG E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D - TCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG	10
a		TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC CTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGAGGGCACGACCTG E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D - TCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG AGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAGCAGGTGCCACCGTCGTC	10
	541	TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGACAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC CTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTG E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D - TCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG AGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGAAGAGAGAAGAGCACGTCGTC S D G S F F L Y S K L T V D K S R W Q Q - GGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTCCACCACACCAGAAG GGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAG	10
	541	TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC CTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTG E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D - TCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG AGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAAG	10
	541	TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGACAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC CTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTG E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D - TCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG AGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGAGGAGATGTCGTTCGAGTGGCACCTGTTCTCGTCCACCGTCGTC S D G S F F L Y S K L T V D K S R W Q Q - GGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTCGACAACCACTACACGCAGAAG	10
a	5 4 1	TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC CTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTG E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D - TCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG AGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGAAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGA	10
a	5 4 1	TTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V - GAGTGGGAGACAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGAC CTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTG E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D - TCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG AGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGAGGAGATGTCGTTCGAGTGGCACCATGTTCTCGTCCACCGTCGTC S D G S F F L Y S K L T V D K S R W Q Q - GGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTTCCACCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAG CCCTTGCAGAAAGAGTACGAGGCACTACCTACACGCAGAAG G N V F S C S V M H E A L H N H Y T Q K -	10

4/37

FIG. 4A

```
1) AGP3-8-1-a
       NdeI
       TATGCCGGGTACTTGTTTCCCGTTCCCGTGGGAATGCACTCACGCTGGTGGAGGCGGT
    GGCCCATGAACAAAGGGCAAGGGCACCCTTACGTGAGTGCGACCACCTCCGCCA
       MPGTCFPFPWECTHAGGGG-
a
      SalI
        1
      GGGG
    61 ----- 69
     CCCCAGCT
      G V D
2) AGP3-8-2-a
       NdeI
       {\tt TATGTGGGGTGCTTGTTGGCCGTTCCCGTGGGAATGTTTCAAAGAAGGTGGAGGCGGT}
    1 ------ 60
        ACACCCCACGAACAACCGGCAAGGGCACCCTTACAAAGTTTCTTCCACCTCCGCCA
а
        MWGACWPFPWECFKEGGGG-
      SalI
     GGGG
    61 ----- 69
     CCCCAGCT
     G V D -
```

5/37

FIG. 4B

```
3) AGP3-8-4-a
     NdeI
       {\tt TATGGTTCCGTTCTGTGACCTGCTGACTAAACACTGTTTCGAAGCTGGTGGAGGCGGT}
    1 ------ 60
        ACCAAGGCAAGACACTGGACGACTGATTTGTGACAAAGCTTCGACCACCTCCGCCA
       MVPFCDLLTKHCFEAGGGG-
а
     SalI
     GGGG
    61 ---- 69
     CCCCAGCT
     G V D -
4) AGP3-12-4-a
                   November 6, 2000 12:53 ...
     NdeI
       TATGGGTTCTCGTTGTAAATACAAATGGGACGTTCTGACTAAACAGTGTTTCCACCAC
    ACCCAAGAGCAACATTTATGTTTACCCTGCAAGACTGATTTGTCACAAAGGTGGTG
       MGSRCKYKWDVLTKQCFHH-
              SalI
     GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
   61 ----- 81
     CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
     GGGGGVD -
```

WO 02/092620 PCT/US02/15273 6/37

FIG. 4C

```
5) AGP3-12-3-a
     NdeI
       1.
       TATGCTGCCGGGTTGTAAATGGGACCTGCTGATCAAACAGTGGGTTTGTGACCCGCTG
    ACGACGGCCCAACATTTACCCTGGACGACTAGTTTGTCACCCAAACACTGGGCGAC
       M L P G C K W D L L I K Q W V C D P L -
             SalI
     GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
   61 ------ 81
     CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
     GGGGGVD ~
6) AGP3-12-5-a
      NdeI
      TATGTCTGCTGACTGTTACTTCGACATCCTGACTAAATCTGACGTTTGTACTTCTTCT
    ACAGACGACTGACAATGAAGCTGTAGGACTGATTTAGACTGCAAACATGAAGAAGA
а
       SalI
     GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
   61 ----- 81
     CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
     G G G G V D -
```

WO 02/092620 PCT/US02/15273 7/37

FIG. 4D

```
7) AGP3-12-8-a
       NdeI
        1.
       TATGTCTGACGACTGTATGTACGACCAGCTGACTCGTATGTTCATCTGTTCTAACCTG
     ACAGACTGCTGACATACATGCTGGTCGACTGAGCATACAAGTAGACAAGATTGGAC
        M S D D C M Y D Q L T R M F I C S N L
              SalI
      GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
    61 ------ 81
      CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
      GGGGGVD -
8) AGP3-12-9-a
       NdeI
       TATGGACCTGAACTGTAAATACGACGAACTGACTTACAAAGAATGGTGTCAGTTCAAC
    1 ------ 60
         ACCTGGACTTGACATTTATGCTGCTTGACTGAATGTTTCTTACCACAGTCAAGTTG
        M D L N C K Y D E L T Y K E W C Q F N -
              SalI
      GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
    61. ------ 81
      CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
      GGGGGVD -
```

WO 02/092620 PCT/US02/15273 8/37

FIG. 4E

```
9) AGP3-12-10-a
       NdeI
       1.
       TATGTTCCACGACTGTAAATACGACCTGCTGACTCGTCAGATGGTTTGTCACGGTCTG
    1 -----+ 60
        ACAAGGTGCTGACATTTATGCTGGACGACTGAGCAGTCTACCAAACAGTGCCAGAC
        MFHDCKYDLLTRQMVCHGL -
              SalI
      GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
    61 ------ 81
     CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT -
      GGGGGVD -
10) AGP3-12-11-a
       NdeI
       TATGCGTAACCACTGTTTCTGGGACCACCTGCTGAAACAGGACATCTGTCCGTCTCCG
    1 -----+ 60
        {\tt ACGCATTGGTGACAAAGACCCTGGTGGACGACTTTGTCCTGTAGACAGGCAGAGGC}
а
        MRNHCFWDHLLKQDICPSP -
              SalI
      GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
    61 ------ 81
      CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
      GGGGGVD-
```

WO 02/092620 PCT/US02/15273 9/37

FIG. 4F

```
11) AGP3-12-14-a
     NdeI
     1 ------ 60
      MANQCWWDSLLKKNVCEFF-
           SalI
    GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
   61 ------ 81
    CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
    GGGGGVD -
12)
   AGP3 Consensus
     NdeI
     TATGTTCCACGACTGCAAATGGGACCTGCTGACCAAACAGTGGGTTTGCCACGGTCTG
   1 ------ 60
    gtATACAAGGTGCTGACGTTTACCCTGGACGACTGGTTTGTCACCCAAACGGTGCCAGAC
      M F H D C K W D L L T K Q W V C H G L -
          SalI
    GGTGGAGGCGGTGGGG
   61 ------ 81
    CCACCTCCGCCACCCCAGCT
   GGGGGVD -
```

FIG. 5A

P 1 1 0 8 GATCAGCAGTCCCCGGAACATCGTAGCTGACGCCTTCGCGTTGCTCAGTTGTCCAACCCC 1 ------ 60 $\tt CTAGTCGTCAGGGGCCTTGTAGCATCGACTGCGGAAGCGCAACGAGTCAACAGGTTGGGG$ GGAAACGGGAAAAAGCAAGTTTTCCCCGCTCCCGGCGTTTCAATAACTGAAAACCATACT 61 -----+----+ 120 CCTTTGCCCTTTTCGTTCAAAAGGGGCCGAAGGTCATTTTGACTTTTGGTATGA В q ATTTCACAGTTTAAATCACATTAAACGACAGTAATCCCCGTTGATTTGTGCGCCAACACA ${\tt TAAAGTGTCAAATTTAGTGTAATTTGCTGTCATTAGGGGCAACTAAACACGCGGTTGTGT\\$ -35 ----- Promoter (PcopB) -----> GATCTTCGTCACAATTCTCAAGTCGCTGATTTCAAAAAACTGTAGTATCCTCTGCGAAAC 181 ----+ 240 CTAGAAGCAGTGTTAAGAGTTCAGCGACTAAAGTTTTTTTGACATCATAGGAGACGCTTTG |--> mRNA start 241 -----+ 300 MSQTENAVTSS---- copB protein ---> 301 -----+----+ 360 L S Q K R F V R R G K P M T D S E K Q M -TGGCCGTTGTTGCAAGAAACGTCTTACACACAAAGAGATAAAAGTTTTTGTCAAAAATC 361 -----+ 420 ${\tt ACCGGCAACAACGTTCTTTTGCAGAATGTGTGTTTTCTCTATTTTCAAAAACAGTTTTTAG}$ AVVARKRLTHKEIKVFVKNP-S С a CTCTGAAGGATCTCATGGTTGAGTACTGCGAGAGAGGGGGATAACACAGGCTCAGTTCG 421 -----+---+---+ 480 GAGACTTCCTAGAGTACCAACTCATGACGCTCTCTCTCCCCTATTGTGTCCGAGTCAAGC L K D L M V E Y C E R E G I T Q A Q F V -

C

C

C

C

FIG. 5B

		-35
	481	Promoter (PrepA)> copB binding site TTGAGAAAATCATCAAAGACTGCAAAGACTGGATATACTAAAGTAAAGACTTTACT
С	101	AACTCTTTTAGTAGTTTCTACTTGACGTTTCTGACCTATATGATTTCATTTCTGAAATGA E K I I K D E L Q R L D I L K *
		-10
	541	TTGTGGCGTAGCATGCTAGATTACTGATCGTTTAAGGAATTTTGTGGCTGGC
		AACACCGCATCGTACGATCTAATGACTAGCAAATTCCTTAAAACACCGACCG
		Br md n I
		I 1 < AAGGTGGCAAGGAACTGGTTCTGATGTGGATTTACAGGAGCCAGAAAAGCCAAAAACCCCG
	601	TTCCACCGTTCCTTGACCAAGACTACACCTAAATGTCCTCGGTCTTTTCGTTTTTTGGGGC
С		M W I Y R S Q K S K N P D copt (ORF)>
	661	ATAATCTTCTTCAACTTTTGCGAGTACGAAAAGATTACCGGGGCCCACTTAAACCGTATA
С		TATTAGAAGAAGTTGAAAACGCTCATGCTTTTCTAATGGCCCCGGGTGAATTTGGCATAT N L L Q L L R V R K D Y R G P L K P Y S -
		< Promoter (RNAI)
		-10 -35 <
6	721	CGGTTGTTAAGTCGATACGCCCCTCATATCAATATACGGGCCTTTTCAAGTTCTGAAGAA
С		Q Q F S Y A G S I V I C P E K F K T S F -
	781	TCTGTGCTCGCTCCTTCTGCGCATTGTAAGTGCAGGATGGTGTGACTGATCTTCACCAAA+++
С		C A R S F C A L * M T D L H Q T repAl protein>
		D r
		a I
		I I
	841	GCATAATGGCGGTCCATTTCTTGGGCTTAGGCCACAAATGTGGGGCACTTCCACGTCCTT
С		Y Y R Q V K N P N P V F T P R E G A G T -
	901	CGCTGAAGTTCTGCGAAAAACTGATGGAAAAGGCGGTGGGCTTCACTTCCCGTTTTGATT
С		GCGACTTCAAGACGCTTTTTGACTACCTTTTCCGCCACCCGAAGTGAAGGGCAAAACTAA L K F C E K L M E K A V G F T S R F D F -

WO 02/092620 PCT/US02/15273 12/37

FIG. 5C

		B s t B I	
	961	TCGCCATTCATGTGGCGCACGCCCGTTCGCGTGATCTGCGTCGCCGTATGCCACCAGTGC	
С	301	AGCGGTAAGTACACCGCGTGCGGGCAAGCGCACTAGACGCAGCGGCATACGGTGGTCACG A I H V A H A R S R D L R R R M P P V L	
С	1021	TGCGTCGTCGGGCTATTGATGCGCTCTTGCAGGGGCTGTGTTTCCACTATGACCCGCTGG+ ACGCAGCAGCCCGATAACTACGCGAGAACGTCCCCGACACAAAGGTGATACTGGGCGACC R R R A I D A L L Q G L C F H Y D P L A	
С	1081	CCAACCGCGTCCAGTGCTCCATCACCACGCTGGCCATTGAGTGCGGACTGGCGACGGAGT GGTTGGCGCAGGTCACGAGGTAGTGGTGCGACCGGTAACTCACGCCTGACCGCTCAC N R V Q C S I T T L A I E C G L A T E S	
		A C e I I	
С	1141	CTGCTGCCGGAAAACTCTCCATCACCCGTGCCACCCGTGCCCTGACGTTCCTGTCAGAGC GACGACGCCTTTTGAGAGGTAGTGGGCACGGTGGCACGGGACTGCAAGGACAGTCTCG A A G K L S I T R A T R A L T F L S · E L	
С	1201	TGGGACTGATTACCTACCAGACGGAATATGACCCGCTTATCGGGTGCTACATTCCGACCG+ ACCCTGACTAATGGATGGTCTGCCTTATACTGGGCGAATAGCCCACGATGTAAGGCTGGC G L I T Y Q T E Y D P L I G C Y I P T D	
С	1261	ATATCACGTTCACATCTGCACTGTTTGCTGCCCTCGATGTATCAGAGGAGGCAGTGGCCG TATAGTGCAAGTGTAGACGTGACAAACGACGGGGAGCTACATAGTCTCCTCCGTCACCGGC I T F T S A L F A A L D V S E E A V A A	
С	1321	CCGCGCGCGCAGCCGTGTGGTATGGGAAAACAACAACGCAAAAAGCAGGGGCTGGATA GGCGCGCGCGTCGGCACACCATACCCTTTTGTTTGTTGCGTTTTTCGTCCCCGACCTAT A R R S R V V W E N K Q R K K Q G L D T	
С	1381	CCCTGGGCATGGATGAACTGATAGCGAAAGCCTGGCGTTTTGTTCGTGAGCGTTTTCGCA	
		A f l I	
	1441		1500
С		CAATAGTCTGTCTCGAATTCAGGGCACCTTATTTCGCACGGGCACGCGCAGCACTACGCC Y Q T E L K S R G I K R A R A R D A D	-

FIG. 5D

	1501	ACAGGGAACGTCAGGATATTGTCACCCTGGTGAAACGGCAGCTGACGCGCGAAATCGCGG
С		TGTCCCTTGCAGTCCTATAACAGTGGGACCACTTTGCCGTCGACTCCGCCTTTAGCCCC
		R E R Q D I V T L V K R Q L T R E I A E -
	1561	AAGGGCGCTTCACTGCCAATCGTGAGGCGGTAAAACGCGAAGTTGAGCGTCGTGTGAAGG
	1561	TTCCCGCGAAGTGACGGTTAGCACTCCGCCATTTTGCGCTTCAACTCGCAGCACACTTCC
С	С	G R F T A N R E A V K R E V E R R V K E -
	1601	AGCGCATGATTCTGTCACGTAACCGTAATTACAGCCGGCTGGCCACAGCTTCCCCCTGAA
	1021	TCGCGTACTAAGACAGTGCATTGGCATTAATGTCGGCCGACCGGTGTCGAAGGGGGGACTT
С		RMILSRNRNYSRLATAS.P*
	1681	AGTGACCTCCTGAATAATCCGGCCTGCGCCGGAGGCTTCCGCACGTCTGAAGCCCGAC
	1001	TCACTGGAGGAGACTTATTAGGCCGGACGCGGCCTCCGAAGGCGTGCAGACTTCGGGCTG
		P
		£ 1
		<u>m</u>
	17/1	AGCGCACAAAAAATCAGCACCACATACAAAAAAACAACCTCATCATCCAGCTTCTGGTGCA
	1741	TCGCGTGTTTTTTAGTCGTGGTGTATGTTTTTTTGTTGGAGTAGTAGGTCGAAGACCACGT
		TCCGGCCCCCCTGTTTTCGATACAAAACACGCCTCACAGACGGGGAATTTTGCTTATCC
	1801	AGGCCGGGGGGACAAAGCTATGTTTTGTGCGGAGTGTCTGCCCCTTAAAACGAATAGG
		1
		ACATTAAACTGCAAGGGACTTCCCCATAAGGTTACAACCGTTCATGTCATAAAGCGCCAT
	1861	TGTAATTTGACGTTCCCTGAAGGGGTATTCCAATGTTGGCAAGTACAGTATTTCGCGGTA
		ori
	1921	CCGCCAGCGTTACAGGGTGCAATGTATCTTTTAAACACCTGTTTATATCTCCTTTAAACT
	1721	GGCGGTCGCAATGTCCCACGTTACATAGAAAATTTGTGGACAAATATAGAGGAAATTTGA
	1981	ACTTAATTACATTCATTTAAAAAGAAAACCTATTCACTGCCTGTCCTTGGACAGACA
		TGAATTAATGTAAGTAAATTTTTCTTTTGGATAAGTGACGGACAGGAACCTGTCTGT
	2041	ATGCACCTCCCACCGCAAGCGGCGGCCCCTACCGGAGCCGCTTTAGTTACAACACTCAG
_	2041	TACGTGGAGGGTGGCGTCGCCGCGGGGATGGCCTCGGCGAAATCAATGTTGTGAGTC
а		M H L P P Q A A G P Y R S R F S Y N T Q repA4 protein>
		ACACAACCACCAGAAAAACCCCGGTCCAGCGCAGAACTGAAACCACAAAGCCCCTCCCT
	2101	TGTGTTGGTGGTCTTTTTGGGGCCAGGTCGCGTCTTGACTTTGGTGTTTCGGGGGAGGGA
а		T Q P P E K P R S S A E L K P Q S P S L -
	•••	ATAACTGAAAAGCGGCCCCGCCCCGGTCCGAAGGGCCCGGAACAGAGTCGCTTTTAATTAT
2161 a	2161	TATTGACTTTTCGCCGGGGCCGGGCCCAGGCTTCCCGGCCTTGTCTCAGCGAAAATTAATA
	I T E K R P R P G P K G R N R V A F N Y -	

FIG. 5E

a	2221	GAATGTTGTAACTACTTCATCATCGCTGTCAGTCTTCTCGCTGGAAGTTCTCAGTACACG CTTACAACATTGATGAAGTAGTAGCGACAGTCAGAAGAGCGACCTTCAAGAGTCATGTGC E Ç C N Y F I I A V S L L A G S S Q Y T	2280
		BS gf li	_
	2201	CTCGTAAGCGGCCCTGACGGCCCGCTAACGCGGAGATACGCCCCGACTTCGGGTAAACCC	
a	2281	GAGCATTCGCCGGGACTGCCGGGCGATTGCGCCTCTATGCGGGGCTGAAGCCCATTTGGG L V S G P D G P L T R R Y A P T S G K P	2340
	23/1	TCGTCGGGACCACTCCGACCGCGCACAGAAGCTCTCTCATGGCTGAAAGCGGGTATGGTC	
a	2341	AGCAGCCCTGGTGAGGCTGCCGTGTCTTCGAGAGAGTACCGACTTTCGCCCATACCAG S S G P L R P R T E A L S W L K A G M V	2400
	2401	TGGCAGGGCTGGGGTAAGGTGAAATCTATCAATCAGTACCGGCTTACGCCGGGCT	
a	2401	ACCGTCCCGACCCTACCCATTCCACTTTAGATAGTTAGTCATGGCCGAATGCGGCCCGAWQGWVR*	2460
	2461	B S C C E I I I TCGGCGGTTTTACTCCTGTTTCATATATGAAACAACAGGTCACCGCCTTCCATGCCGCTG+ AGCCGCCAAAATGAGGACAAAGTATATACTTTGTTGTCCAGTGGCGGAAGGTACGGCGAC B S D L U 1 1 1	2520
	2521	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2580
		TACGCCGTATAGGACCATTGCTATAGACTTAACAATATGTACACATATATGCACCATTAC	
	2581	ACAAAAATAGGACAAGTTAAAAATTTACAGGCGATGCAATGATTCAAACACGTAATCAAT+ TGTTTTTATCCTGTTCAATTTTTAAATGTCCGCTACGTTACTAAGTTTGTGCATTAGTTA	2640
		ATCGGGGGTGGCGAAGAACTCCAGCATGAGATCCCCGCGCTGGAGGATCATCCAGCCGG	
	2641	TAGCCCCCACCCGCTTCTTGAGGTCGTACTCTAGGGGCGCGACCTCCTAGTAGGTCGGCC	2700
	2701	CGTCCCGGAAAACGATTCCGAAGCCCAACCTTTCATAGAAGGCGGCGGTGGAATCGAAAT	2760
		GCAGGGCCTTTTGCTAAGGCTTCGGGTTGGAAAGTATCTTCCGCCGCCACCTTAGCTTTA	

FIG. 5F

		N B s p p 1 V I	
	2761	CTCGTGATGGCAGGTTGGGCGTCGCTTGGTCGGTCATTTCGAACCCCAGAGTCCCGCTCA++++++	20
£	2821	GAAGAACTCGTCAAGAAGGCGATAGAAGGCGATGCGCTGCGAATCGGGAGCGGCGATACC+++++++	30
£	2881	GTAAAGCACGAGGAAGCGGTCAGCCCATTCGCCGCCAAGCTCTTCAGCAATATCACGGGT	10
f	2941	AGCCAACGCTATGTCCTGATAGCGGTCCGCCACACCCAGCCGGCCACAGTCGATGAATCC	10
f	3001	AGAAAAGCGGCCATTTTCCACCATGATATTCGGCAAGCAGGCATCGCCATGAGTCACGAC	60
f	3061	GAGATCCTCGCCGTCGGGCATGCGCGCCCTTGAGCCTGGCGAACAGTTCGGCTGGCGCGAG CTCTAGGAGCGGCAGCCCGTACGCGCGGAACTCGGACCGCTTGTCAAGCCGACCGCGCTC L D E G D P M R A K L R A F L E A P A L -	:0
£	3121	CCCCTGATGCTCTTCGTCCAGATCATCCTGATCGACAAGACCGGCTTCCATCCGAGTACG GGGGACTACGAGAAGCAGGTCTAGTAGGACTAGCTGTTCTGGCCGAAGGTAGGCTCATGC G Q H E E D L D D Q D V L G A E M R T R -	0
f	3181	TGCTCGCTCGATGCGATGTTTCGCTTGGTGGTCGAATGGGCAGGTAGCCGGATCAAGCGT	0 ا
f	3241	ATGCAGCCGCCGCATTGCATCAGCCATGATGGATACTTTCTCGGCAGGAGCAAGGTGAGA+ 330 TACGTCGGCGGCGTAACGTAGTCGGTACTACCTATGAAAGAGCCGTCCTCGTTCCACTCT H L R R M A D A M I S V K E A P A L H S -	0
f	3301	TGACAGGAGATCCTGCCCGGCACTTCGCCCAATAGCAGCCAGTCCCTTCCCGCTTCAGT +++++	0
f	3361	GACAACGTCGAGCACAGCTGCGCAAGGAACGCCCGTCGTGGCCAGCCA	:0
	3421	TGCCTCGTCCTGCAATTCATTCAGGACACCGGACAGGTCGGTC	10

FIG. 5G

f		A	. Е	D	Q	L	Ε	N	L	V	G	S I	r d	T	K	V	F	L	V	P	-
	3481	GCGC	CCC'	TGC	GCT	GAC!	AGC(CGG?	AC	ACGO	CGG	CAT	CAGA	GCAC	CCG	TTA	GTC	TGT	TGT	GC	3540
e		CGCG	GGG.	ACG(CGAC	CTG	rcg(GCC1	TG	rgcc	GCC	GTA	GTCTV	CGTC	GGC	TAA	CAG	ACA	ACA	CG	
f		R	G	Q	A	S	L	R	F	V	A	A I	o s	С	G	I	T	Q	Q	A	-
												E a									
												g									
		CCAG	TCA'	TAGO	CCGI	\TAP	AGC(CTCI	CCA	ACCO	AAG	CGG	CCGG	AGAZ	ACCT	GCG	TGC.	ААТ	CCA:	rc	
	3541	GGTC	AGT	ATC	GC:	נאדין	rcg(GAG	(GG	rgge	TTC	GCC	GCC'	rct1	`GGA	CGC	ACG	TTA	GGT	AG	
f		W	D	Y	G	F	L	R	E	V	W	A A	A P	S	G	A	Н	. L	G	D	-
	3601	TTGT	TCA	ATC	ATGO	CGA	AAC	SATO	СТС	CATC	CTG	TCT	CTTG	ATCI	GAT	CTT	GAT	CCC	CTG	CG	2660
f	3001	AACA	AGT'	ragi	race																3660
	- APHI		E anai			esi	ista	ance	e) [prot	ein))								
											<	– mI	RNA A	APHI	:I -	1			-10		
	3661	CCAT	CAG	ATCC	CTTC	GCG	GC	AAGA	AAC	SCCA	TCC	AGT'	TAC:	rtte	CAG	GGĊ	TTC	CCA	ACC:	PΤ	3720
	3001	GGTA	GTC:	rago	SAAC	CGC	CGI	TCI	TTC	GGT	'AGG	TCA	ATG	AAAC	GTC	CCG.	AAG	GGT'	rgg/	ΑA	3120
								-35 	_									•			
		ACCA	GAG	GCG	Pro	mot	er CTC	(AF	LIH LTA	i) -	GTT	CGCT	TGC		CAT	AAA	ACC	GCC	CAG	ויכי	
	3721	TGGT		+-			1				+						+			-+	3780
		TAGC	rato	CGCC	ATO	TAA	\GC(CAC	TGC	CAAG	СТА	CCTC	CTT	CTC	TTT:	GCG	CTT(GCG'	rrrı	rc	
	3781	ATCG																			3840
		CCTT																			
	3841			+-							+						+			-+	3900
		GGAA	CAG	FTCT	ATC	:GGG	TCA	ATCG	ACI	'GTA	AGT	AGGC	CCCI	AGTC	GTG	GCA	AAG	ACG	CCTC	SA.	
	3901	GGCT'																			3960
		CCGA	AAG																		
		መሮ አ አ	~ഗനു	\	ל וח גר	mar															
	3961			+-			+				+						+			-+	4020
		ACTT(CGAT	IGTA	TAT	ACA	CTA	\GGC	CCG	TTT	AGC	GACI	TAT	AAGG	AAA	ACA	GAG	GCT(GT <i>F</i>	\G	
									E												
									9	ī											
									- p	ar											
	4021			+-			+				+						+			-+	4080
		TCCG'	rggz	CTC	AGC	GAC	AGA	AAA	AGC	ACT	GTA	AGTO	AAGO	GAC	GCG	AGT	GCC(GAG	ACCG	T	
									- p	ar	loc	us -									

FIG. 5H

4081	CACTTACCCCCATTTACCGTGATGTCCGCGGAAAATACCTAAGTACGTTCCTTTGATGGG	4140
4141	TATTATGTTCTTTTCGGGCAGTGCCCGAAGAGTCCCGCAAAATACCGCCCAGACGATACA	4200
4201	${\tt CCACGATAGACTGAAAAACGACAAGTCGTCAAGGACGGGAGACTAAAAGGTCAGACTGGT}$	4260
4261	CTTCGGATTATCCCGTGACAGGTCATTCAGACTGGCTAATGCACCCAGTAAGGCAGCGGT+++ GAAGCCTAATAGGGCACTGTCCAGTAAGTCTGACCGATTACGTGGGTCATTCCGTCGCCA	4320
	N B i a I I	
4321	ATCATCAACAGGCTTACCCGTCTTACTGTCGAAGACGTGCGTAACGTATGCATGGTCTCC+ TAGTAGTTGTCCGAATGGCCAGAATGACAGCTTCTGCACGCATTGCATACGTACCAGAGG	4380
4381	T1 hairpin CCATGCGAGAGTAGGGAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATAAAACGAAAGGCTCAGTCGAAAGACT+ GGTACGCTCTCATCCCTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTATTTTGCTTTCCGAGTCAGCTTTCTGA	4440
4441	GGGCCTTCGTTTTATCTGTTGTTGTCGGTGAACGCTCTCCTGAGTAGGACAAATCCGC CCCGGAAAGCAAAATAGACAACAACAGCCACTTGCGAGAGGACTCATCCTGTTTAGGCG T1 stop>	4500
	P s p 1 4 0	
4500	I CGGGAGCGGATTTGAACGTTGCGAAGCAACGGCCCGGAGGGTGGCGGGCAGGACGCCCGC	
4501	GCCCTCGCCTAAACTTGCAACGCTTCGTTGCCGGGCCTCCCACCGCCCGTCCTGCGGGCG	4560
4561	T2 hairpin CATAAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATTAAGCAGAAGGCCATCCTGACGGATGGCCTTTTTGCGT GTATTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTAATTCGTCTTCCGGTAGGACTGCCTACCGGAAAAACGCA T2 stop>	4620
	- •	

FIG. 51

		A	
		a t	
		Ĭ	
		TTCTACAAACMCTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	
	4621	TTCTACAAACTCTTTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGGACGTCGTACTTAAC	
		1+ 46 AAGATGTTTGAGAAAACAAATAAAAAGATTTATGTAAGTTTATACCTGCAGCATGAATTG	80
		DITACON TAXABLE DATA TO TAKE THE TERRET PROTECTION OF THE TERRET PROTEC	
	4681	TTTTAAAGTATGGGCAATCAATTGCTCCTGTTAAAATTGCTTTAGAAATACTTTGGCAGC	
		AAAATTTCATACCCGTTAGTTAACGACGACAATTTTAACGAAATTTCAACGAAATCTTTAACGAAAATTTCATACCAAAACGACGACAATTTTAACGAAAATTTCAACGAAAATTTCAACGAAAATTTTAACGAAAATTTCAACGAAAATTTCAACGAAAATTTCAACGAAAATTTCAACGAAAATTTCAAAACGAAAATTTCAACGAAAATTCAACGAAAAATTTCAACGAAAAATTTCAACAAAAAAAA	40
d	*	S A F I P C D I A G T T, T A K G T C A A	
	1<-	luxR protein	
		GGTTTGTTGTATTGAGTTTCATTTGCGCATTGGTTAAATGGAAAGTGACCGTGCGCTTAC	
	4741		nn
đ		CCAAACAACAACATAACTCAAAACGCGCGTAACCAATTTAACCTTTTCACTCCAACCCCAATCC	30
ū		R N T T N L K M Q A N T L H F T V T R K -	
		TACAGCCTAATATTTTTGAAATATCCCAAGAGCTTTTTCCTTCGCATGCCCACGCTAAAC	
	4801		50
đ		ATGTCGGATTATAAAAACTTTATAGGGTTCTCGAAAAAGGAAGCGTACGGGTGCGATTTG S C G L I K S I D W S S K G E C A W A L -	•
		TO TERMSTOWS SKGECAWAL -	
	40.01	ATTCTTTTTCTCTTTTGGTTAAATCGTTGTTTGATTTATTATTTTGCTATATTTATT	
	486T		20
đ		TAAGAAAAAGAGAAAACCAATTTAGCAACAAACTAAATAAA	
	4921	GATAATTATCAACTAGAGAAGGAACAATTAATGGTATGTTCATACACGCATGTAAAAATA	
		CIALIAATAGTTGATCTCTTCTTCTTAATTACCATACAAGTATCTCCCTACATTTTTTTT	0
đ		RYNDVLSPVILPINMCAHLF-	
		D.	
		B s	
		m	
		I AACTATCTATATAGTTGTCTTTCTCTGAATGTGCAAAACTAAGCATTCCGAAGCCATTAT	
	4981		۸
ď		TIGATAGATATATCAACAGAAAGAGACTTACACGTTTTTGATTTCGTAACCCTTTCCCTAATA	v
u		L S D I Y N D K E S H A F S L M G F G N -	
		TAGCAGTATGAATAGGGAAACTAAACCCAGTGATAAGACCTGATGATTTCGCTTCTTTAA	
	5041		0
đ		ATCGTCATACTTATCCCTTTGATTTGGGTCACTATTCTGGACTACTAAAGCGAAGAAATT	
_		NATHIPFSFGTILGSSKAEK -	
	54.54	TTACATTTGGAGATTTTTTATTTACAGCATTGTTTTCAAATATATTCCAATTAATCGGTG	
	2101		0
đ		AATGTAAACCTCTAAAAAATAAATGTCGTAACAAAAGTTTATATAAGGTTAATTAGCCAC I V N P S K K N V A N N E F I N W N I P -	
	5161	AATGATTGGAGTTAGAATAATCTACTATAGGATCATATTTTATTAAATTAGCGTCATCAT	
	2101	TTACTAACCTCAATCTTATTAGATGATATCCTAGTATAAAATAATTTAATCGCAGTAGTA	ס
đ		S H N S N S Y D V I P D Y K I L N A D D -	
		-	

FIG. 5J

	5221	AATATTGCCTCCATTTTTTAGGGTAATTATCCAGAATTGAAATATCAGATTTAACCATAG
đ		TTATAACGGAGGTAAAAATCCCATTAATAGGTCTTAACTTTATAGTCTAAATTGGTATC Y Y Q R W K K P Y N D L I S I D S K V M -
		r u
	5281	I AATGAGGATAAATGATCGCGAGTAAATAATATTCACAATGTACCATTTTAGTCATATCAG
	2201	TTACTCCTATTTACTAGCGCTCATTTATTATAAGTGTTACATGGTAAAATCAGTATAGTC S H P Y I I A L L Y Y E C H V M K T M D -
•	5341	ATAAGCATTGATTAATATCATTATTGCTTCTACAGGCTTTAATTTTATTAATTA
	3311	TATTCGTAACTAATTATAGTAATAACGAAGATGTCCGAAATTAAAAATAATTAAT
	5401	AAGTGTCGTCGGCATTTATGTCTTTCATACCCATCTCTTTATCCTTACCTATTGTTTGT
		TTCACAGCAGCCGTAAATACAGAAAGTATGGGTAGAGAAATAGGAATGGATAACAAACA
	E 4.C3	GCAAGTTTTGCGTGTTATATATCATTAAAACGGTAATAGATTGACATTTGATTCTAATAA
		CGTTCAAAACGCACAATATATAGTAATTTTGCCATTATCTAACTGTAAACTAAGATTATT
	_	< < < Promoter (luxPL)
	4.0	CRP Binding Site
		ATTGGATTTTTGTCACACTATTATATCGCTTGAAATACAATTGTTTAACATAAGTACCTG
	5521	
		СВ
	lux	operator site -35
	5581	operator site -35 -10 a a I I TAGGATCGTACAGGTTTACGCAAGAAAATGGTTTGTTATAGTCGATTAATCGATTTGATT
	2201	ATCCTAGCATGTCCAAATGCGTTCTTTTACCAAACAATATCAGCTAATTAGCTAAACTAA
		1209-85> mRNA start>
		Ndel
		CTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGATCGCTCCACCATGCACCAG
	5641	GATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACTAGCGAGGTGGTACGTGGTC
þ		M I A P P C T S -
	5701	TGAGAAGCATTATGAGCATCTGGGACGGTGCTGTAACAAATGTGAACCAGGAAAGTACAT
		ACTCTTCGTAATACTCGTAGACCCTGCCACGACATTGTTTACACTTGGTCCTTTCATGTA
b		EKHYEHLGRCCNKCEPGKYM-

FIG. 5K

	5761	GTC	TTC	TAA	ATO	CAC	TAC	TAC	СТС	TGA	CAC	TGT	'ATG	TCT	GCC	CTG	TGG	CCC	GGA	TGA	ATA	
	3761	CAGAAGATTTACGTGATGATGAGACTGTCACATACAGACGGGACACCGGGCCTACTTAT S S K C T T T S D S V C L P C G P D E Y - CTTGGATAGCTGGAATGAAGAAGATAAATGCTTGCTGCATAAAGTTTGTGATACAGGCAA GAACCTATCGACCTTACTTCTATTTACGAACGACGTATTTCAAACACTATGTCCGTT L D S W N E E D K C L L H K V C D T G K - APALI GGCCCTGGTGGCCGTGGTCGCCGGCAACAGTACGACCCCCCGGCGCTGCACGGC CCGGGGACCACCGGCACCAGCGGCCGTTGTCATGTCA															5820					
b		s	·s	ĸ	С	Т	T	T	s	D	s	v	С	L	P	c	G	P	D	E	Y	-
	E 0 2 1	CTI	GGA	TAG	CTG	GAA	TGA	AGA	AGA	TAA	ATG	CTT	GCT	GCA	TAA	AGT	TTG	TGA	TAC	AGG	CAA	
٠	2021	GAA	CCI	ATC	GAC	CTI	ACT	TCI	TCI	TTA'	TAC	GAA	CGA	CGT	+ ATT	TCA	AAC	-+- ACT	ATG	TCC	+ :GTT	5880
b		L	D	s	W	N	E	E	D	ĸ	С	L	L	Н	K	v	С	D	т	G	K	_
																	A	paL	Į			
	E001	GGC	GGCCCTGGTGGCCGTGGTCGCCGGCAACAGTACGACCCCCCGGCGCTGCGCGTGCACGGC																			
	2881	CCG	GGA	CCA	CCG	GCA	CCA	.GCG	GCC	GTT	+ GTC	ATG	CTG	GGG	+ GGC	CGC	GAC	-+- GCG	CAC	GTG	CCG	5940
b		A	L	v	A	٧	V	A	G	N	s	т	T	P	R	R	С	A	С	T	A	_
	3 -		Kpn	I																		
	AC	265I -22																				
	5941				+			-+-			+				+			-+-			GGG +	6000-
1.		ACC												GGC	GTT	GTG	GCT	CAC	GCG	CGG	CCC	
b		G	Y	Н	W	S	Q	D	С	E	С	С	R	R	N	Т	Ē	С	A	,P	G	-
	6001	CCT	GGG	CGC	CCA	GCA	CCC	GTT	GCA	GCT	CAA	CAA	GGA	CAC	AGT	GTG	CAA	ACC'	TTG	ССТ	TGC	
	0001	GGA	CCC	GCG	GGT	CGT	GGG	CAA	CGT	CGA	GTT	GTT	CCT	GTG	rca	CAC	GTT'	rgg.	AAC	GGA	ACG	6060
b		L	G	A	Q	Н	P	L	Q	L	N	K	D	T	v	С	ĸ	P	С	L	A	-
	6061	AGG	СТА	CTT	CTC	TGA	TGC	CTT	TTC	CTC	CAC	CCM	ממי	3 m//	720			בא כי	ממח	ርጥር፡	TAC	
	0001				-							יתטט	CIMM	A.I.G	·AG	ACC	CTG	3MC	CIMI			
b			GAT	GAA	GAG.	ACT.	ACG	GAA	AAG	GAG	+			TAC	 -			-+-			+ ATG	6120
				GAA F	GAG.	ACT. D	ACG	GAA	AAG	GAG	GTG		GTT	TAC	 -	rgg		-+-		GAC.	+ ATG T	6120
	6121	G CTT	Y	F	GAG. S	ACT. D GAG	ACG A AGT	GAA. F AGA.	aag S aca	gag S TCA	TGG	CCT(D	GTT K AGA(TAC(FTC	rgg(GAC(T	GTT(GAC.	ATG T TTC	-
	6121	G CTT	Y CCT	F TGG.	GAG S AAA +	ACT. D GAG	ACG A AGT	GAA F AGA	AAG S ACA	GAG S TCA	TGG	D GAC	GTT'	TAC(R ATC	rgg(GAC(W	T GGT	GTT(N TTG(GAC. C	ATG T TTC	6120
b	6121	G CTT	Y CCT	F TGG. ACC	GAG S AAA + TTT	ACT. D GAG	ACG A AGT AGT TCA	GAA F AGA -+- TCT	AAG S ACA	GAG S TCA' TCA'	T T T TGG	D GAC	GTT'	TACO C GAAA	R ATC	rgg(GAC(W	T GGT	GTT(N TTG(GAC. C	ATG T TTC	-
b	6121	G CTT GAA	Y CCT GGA	F TGG. ACC	GAG S AAA + TTT	ACT. D GAG. CTC	ACG A AGT AGT TCA	GAA F AGA -+- TCT	AAG S ACA TGT	GAG S TCA' TCA'	T T T TGG	CCT(GTT K AGA(TACO C GAAA	R ATCO FAGO S	P CGA GCT	GACO W TGTO	T GGT	GTT(N ITG(AAC(GAC.	T TTC + AAG	-
b	6121	G CTT GAA	Y CCT GGA L	F TGG. ACC	GAG. S AAA: + TTT: K	D GAG. CTC'	ACG A AGT AGT TCA V	GAA F AGA TCT' E	AAG S ACA TGT: H	GAGG S TCA' TCA' AGTA H	T T TGGG + ACC	CCT(CTCTCTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	GTT K AGA(PCT(TACO GAAA CTT	R ATCO FAGO S Sal	P CGAC SCTZ D	GACO W TGTO ACAO V	T GGT CCA	GTT(N ITG(AAC(GAC.	T T TTC + AAG S	-
b	6121	G CTT GAA F	Y CCT GGA L	F TGG. ACC G	GAG. S AAA. + TTT. K AGC.	D GAG. CTC' R	ACG A AGT TCA' V	GAA F AGA TCT' E	AAG S ACA TGT H	GAGG S TCA' AGTA H	TTGGGA	CCTC D GACA CTGT	K AGA(PCT(E	TACO GAAA CTTT	R ATCO FAGO S AC Sal	P CGA GCT D CCI LI	GACAC	T GGT	GTT(N ITG(AAC)	GAC. CAGGTC.	TTC+ AAG S CAC	-
b		G CTTC GAA F TTC	Y CCT GGA L TCT	F TGG. ACC G	GAG. S AAA. + TTT. K AGC. TCG.	D GAG. CTC R	ACG A AGT TCA V	GAAA F AGAA TCT' E ACCA TGGG	AAG S ACA TGT. H	S TCA' AGT: H AAAA'	TTTGGGAACC	CCTY D GACZ T T ACCC TIGGG	K AGAGAG E CCA	TACO C C GAAA K K TGTT	R RATCO FINAGO S ACC S A	P CGA: D CCI	GACAC	T GGT V CAAA	GTT(N ITGG AACC C	GAC. CCAGGTC. S	TTC+ AAG S CAC	- 6180 - 6240

FIG. 5L

							spE	1							dI 							
	6241	ATGT TACA			+			-+-			+				+			-+-			+	6300
b		С	P	P	С	P	A	P	E	L	L	G	G	P	s	v	F	L	F	P	P	_
			•			Bs	ļНq															
	6301	AAAA	.CCC	CAA	GGA	CAC	CCT	CAT	GAT	CTC	CCG	GAC	ccc	TGA	GGT	CAC	ATG	CGT	GGT	GGT	GGA	
	6301	TTTT	GGG	TT	CCT	GTG	GGA	GTA	CTA	GAG	GGC	CTG	GGG	ACT	CCA	GTG	TAC	-+- GCA	CCA	CCA	CCT	6360
b		K	P	ĸ	D	T	L	M	I	s	R	Т	P	E	v	Т	С	v	Ÿ	v	D	-
	6361	CGTG.	AGC	CA	CGA.	AGA	CCC	TGA	GGT	CAA	GTT	CAA	.CTG	GTA	CGT	GGA	CGG	CGT	GGA	GGT	GCA	
	0301	GCAC	TCC	GT	GCT	rct	GGG.	ACT	CCA	GTT	CAA	GTT	GAC	CAT	GCA	CCT	GCC	-+- GCA	CCT	CCA	+ CGT	6420
b		v	s	Н	E	ם	P	E	V	ĸ	F	N	W	Y	v	D	G	v	E	v	Н	-
	6/21	TAAT																				
	0421	ATTA																				6480
b		N i	A	K	T	K	P	R	E	E	Q	Y	N	s	Т	Y	R	v	v	s	v	-
				,	Ecol	ΛT																
		CCTC	ACC			Ĩ	רר אי	C N	ביויכי	ന ്ന	ר א מי	mc c	~	CCA	CMX	C 3 3.	cmc.	~ n n	aam.	ama.	~~~	
	6481	GGAG'			+			-+-			+				+			-+-			+	6540
b					L					L											N	_
		CAAA		-	_		_										_		-	_		
	6541	GTTT			+ -			-+-			+				+			-+-			+	6600
b		K A																				_
										Sm								_				
			Bsr	1						maI 						-	xAI 					
	6601	ACCA		4	+			-+-			+				+			-+-			+	6660
		TGGT	GTC	CAC	CATO	STG	GGA(CGG	GGG'	rag(GGC	CCT	ACT	CGA	CTG	GTT	CTT	GGT	CCA	GTC	GGA	
b		P (Q	V	Y	Т	L	P	P	S	R	D	E	L	T	K	N	Q	V	S	L	-
	6661	GACC																				6720
		CTGG																				
b		T (-
	6721	GCAG	CCG	GAC	AAE	CAAC	CTA(CAA(GAC	CAC	GCC'	rcc	CGT	GCT	GGA	CTC	CGA	CGG(CTC	CTTC	TTC +	6780
		CGTC																				

FIG. 5M

b		Q	P	E	N	N	Y	К	T	т	P	P	v	L	D	s	D	G	s	F	F	_
		CCT	СТА	CAG	CAA	GCT	CAC	CGT	GGA	CAA	GAG	CAG	GTG	GCA	ርር A	GGG	GAD	ርርጥ	ריתיים.	- ኮጥሮ:	_	
	6781	GGA			+			-+-			+				+			-+-			+	6840
b			Y		ĸ	L	т	v		K			W			G						
-		CTC	_	-			_	-			_			~	~			V oma	_	S	C	-
	6841				+			-+-			+				+			-+-			+	6900
h		GAG																				
р		S	V	M -	H	E	A	L	Н	N	Н	Y	T	Q	K	S	L	S	L	S	P	•
					mHI 																	
	6901				+			-+-			+				+			-+-			+	6960
		CCC	'TTA	TAT	TAC	CTA	GGC	GCC	TTT	CTT	CTT	CTT	CTT	CTT	CTT	TCG	GGC'	TTT	CCT'	rcg/	АСТ	
b		G	K	*		В:	lpI															
							Ī						_					T 7	ha:	irp:	in	
	6961	GTT			TGC																	7000
	0501	CAA																				7020
		<			~ -	mmm/	200	~~ ~		.		000									>	•
	7021				+			-+-			+				+			-+			+	7080
•		GAAG					JGA	C.I.I.	rcc	TCC.	1"1'G	GCG.	AGA	AGT	GCG.	AGA	AGT	GCG	CTI	ATT!	TAT	
																	to	goc	hai	irpi	ln	
		AGT	AAC	GAT(CCG	GTC	CAG'	raa'	r ga	CCT	CAG	AAC'	rcc:	ATC:	rgg	ATT:	rgt'	CAC	GAAC	GCI	>	
	7081	TCA	rtgo	CTA	GGC(CAG	GTC	TTA	ACT	GGA(+ GTC	TTG/	AGG:	rag:	ACC'	raaz	ACA	-+ AGT(CTTC	CG?		7140
		t	cooī	o ha	airp	oin																
		CTTC	3CC(3CC	GGG	CGT	 rtt	rta:	rtg(GTG	AGA	ATC	GCA(GCA	ACT	rgt(CGC	GCC <i>I</i>	ATC	GAC	CC	
	7141	CAAC	CGGC	CGG		GCA?					•		CGT		•			•	-	CTC		7200
				to	g gc	stor) - -	->														
		ATG	rcg:	rcg:	rcai	ACG	ACC	CCC	CAT'	rca:	AGAZ	ACAG	GCA/	AGC2	AGC2	\TT(GAG	AACT	ርጥጥ	GAZ	ATC	
	7201	TAC			+			-+-			+-				 -			-+			+	7260
					'	•						,		J			0 .					
	7261	CAG									285											
		GTC									-05											

FIG. 6A

[AatII sticky end] 5' GCGTAACGTATGCATGGTCTCC-(position #4358 in pAMG21) 3' TGCACGCATTGCATACGTACCAGAGG-

- -CCATGCGAGAGTAGGGAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATAAAACGAAAGGCTCAGTCGAAAGACT--GGTACGCTCTCATCCCTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTATTTTGCTTTTCCGAGTCAGCTTTCTGA-
- -GGGCCTTTCGTTTATCTGTTGTTGTTGGGGGAACGCTCTCCTGAGTAGGACAAATCCGC--CCCGGAAAGCAAAATAGACAACAAACAGCCACTTGCGAGAGGACTCATCCTGTTTAGGCG-
- -CATAAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATTAAGCAGAAGGCCATCCTGACGGATGGCCTTTTTGCGT--GTATTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTAATTCGTCTTCCGGTAGGACTGCCTACCGGAAAAACGCA-

AALII -TTCTACAAACTCTTTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGGACGTCGTACTTAAC-AAGATGTTTGAGAAAACAAATAAAAAGATTTATGTAAGTTTATACCTGCAGCATGAATTG-

- $\mathtt{TTTTAAAGTATGGGCAATCAATTGCTCCTGTTAAAATTGCTTTAGAAATACTTTGGCAGC-AAAATTTCATACCCGTTAGTTAACGAGGACAATTTTAACGAAATCTTTATGAAACCGTCG-$
- $-\mathsf{GGTTTGTTGTATTGAGTTCATTTGCGCATTGGTTAAATGGAAAGTGACCGTGCGCTTTAC-\\-\mathsf{CCAAACAACATAACTCAAAGTAAACGCGTAACCAATTTACCTTTCACTGGCACGCGAATG-\\$
- $-{\tt TACAGCCTAATATTTTGAAATATCCCAAGAGCTTTTTCCTTCGCATGCCCACGCTAAAC-ATGTCGGATTATAAAAACTTTATAGGGTTCTCGAAAAAGGAAGCGTACGGGTGCGATTTG-$
- $-\mathsf{GATAATTATCAACTAGAGAAGGAACAATTAATGGTATGTTCATACACGCATGTAAAAATA-\\-\mathsf{CTATTAATAGTTGATCTCTTTCTTGTTAATTACCATACAAGTATGTGCGTACATTTTTAT-$
- $-{\tt TAGCAGTATGAATAGGGAAACTAAACCCAGTGATAAGACCTGATGATTTCGCTTCTTTAA-ATCGTCATACTTATCCCTTTGATTTGGGTCACTATTCTGGACTACTAAAGCGAAGAAATT-$
- -TTACATTTGGAGATTTTTTATTTACAGCATTGTTTTCAAATATATTCCAATTAATCGGTG--AATGTAAACCTCTAAAAAATAAATGTCGTAACAAAAGTTTATATAAGGTTAATTAGCCAC-
- $-\mathtt{AATATTGCCTCCATTTTTTAGGGTAATTATCCAGAATTGAAATATCAGATTTAACCATAG-TTATAACGGAGGTAAAAAATCCCATTAATAGGTCTTAACTTTATAGTCTAAATTTGGTATC-$
- -AATGAGGATAAATGATCGCGAGTAAATAATATCACAATGTACCATTTTAGTCATATCAG--TTACTCCTATTTACTAGCGCTCATTTATTATAAGTGTTACATGGTAAAATCAGTATAGTC-

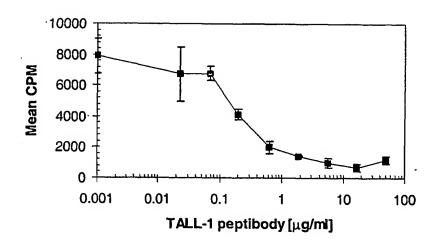
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FIG. 6B

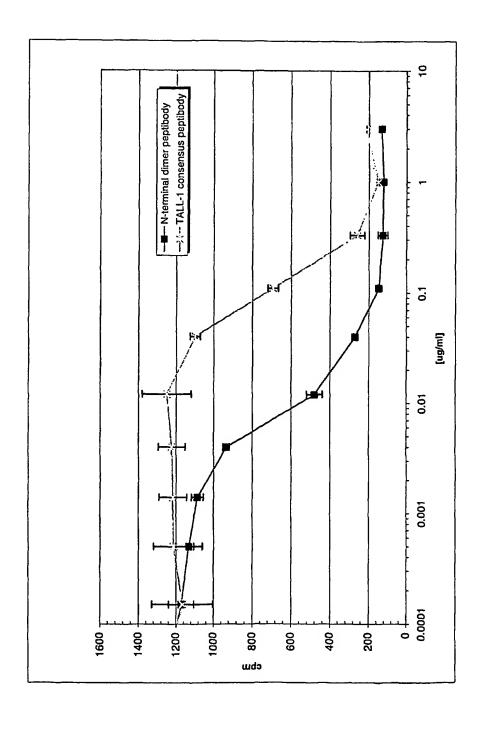
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- $-\mathtt{CTAGATTTGTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGTTAACGCGTTGGAATTCGA-GATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCAATTGCGCAACCTTAAGCT-$
- $GCTCACTAGTGTCGACCTGCAGGGTACCATGGAAGCTTACTCGAGGATCCGCGGAAAGAA-\\ CGAGTGATCACAGCTGGACGTCCCATGGTACCTTCGAATGAGCTCCTAGGCGCCTTTCTT-$

- -AACCGCTCTTCACGC 3' [SacII sticky end]
 -TTGGCGAGAAGTGCGAGAAGTG 5' (position #5904 in pAMG21)

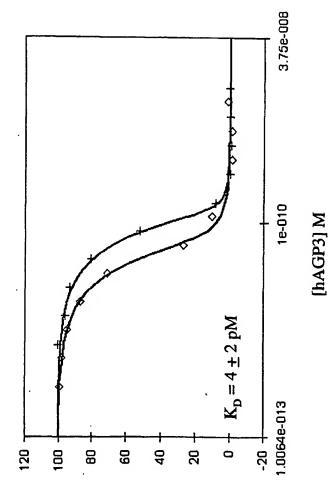
FIG. 7











Percentage of free AGP3 peptibody



FIG. 10A

WO 02/092620

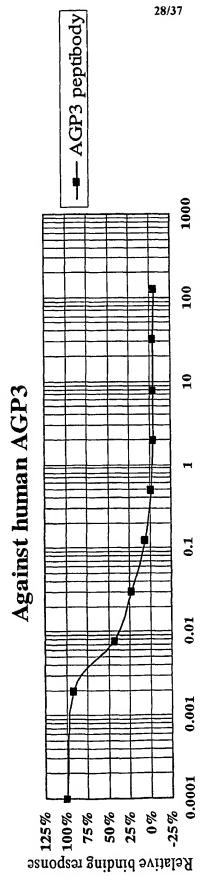


FIG. 10B

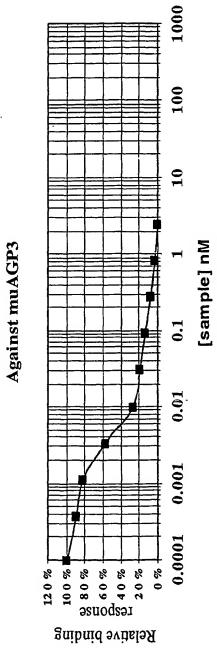


FIG. 11A

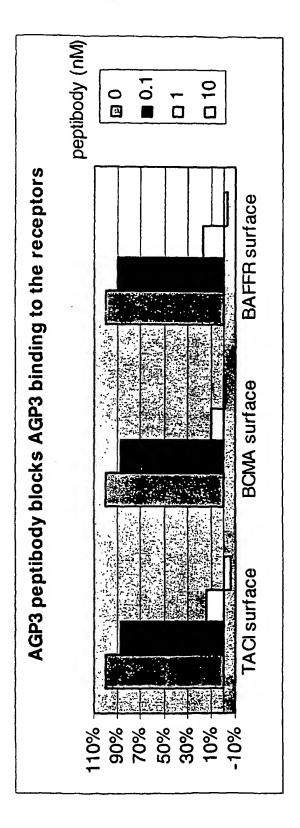


FIG. 11B

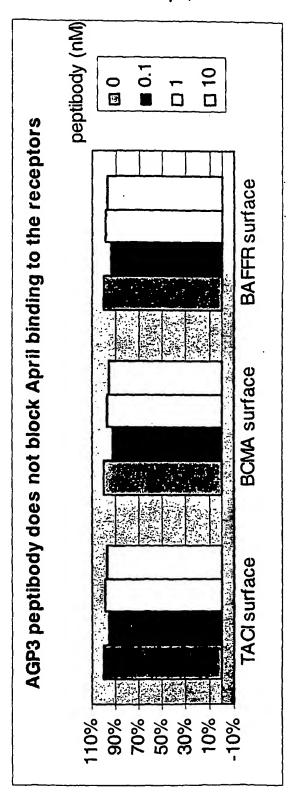
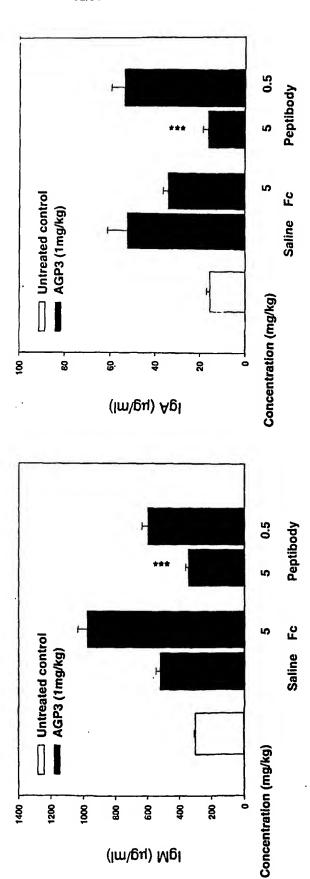
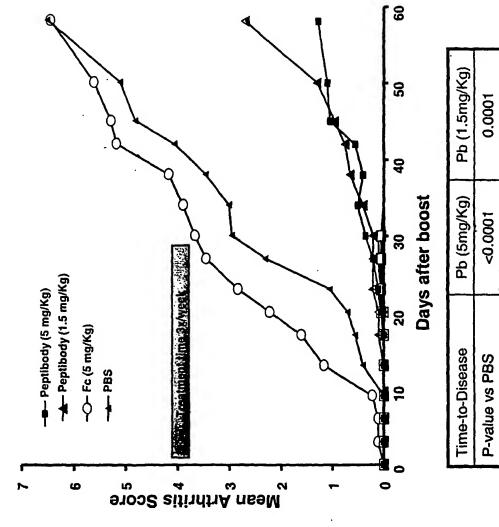


FIG. 12A



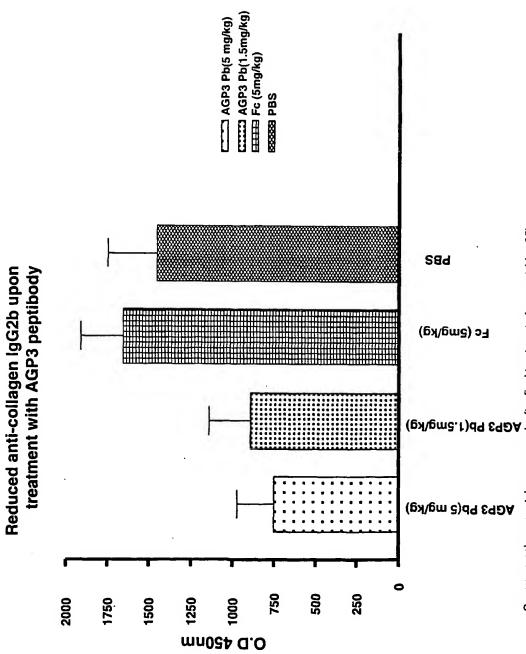
0.0004

FIG. 13



Note: p-value based on log-rank test

FIG. 14



Serum samples were taken one week after final treatment of reagent (day 35). The graph above is representative of the IgG1, IgG3, and IgG2a isotypes as well.

Fig. 15A

Fig. 15B

Delayed proteinuria with AGP3 protein blockers

← Fc control (5 mg/kg)

AGP3 Pb(5 mg/kg)

Percent proteinuria (>300mg/dl)

est	P-value based log-rank test
0.0159	p-value vs Fc
0.3685	p-value vs PBS
Ьb	Time-to-Death

9

Months of age

Ъ

Proteinuria Incidence

p-value vs PBS	0.0108
P-vs Fc	0.0573
P-value based Fisher's Exact test	

WO 02/092620 PCT/US02/15273 36/37

FIG. 16A

																			Bam	uΤ	
1	AT	GCT	TCC	AGG	CTG	CAA	GTG	GGA	TCI	rtci	CTAT	LAT1	AGC	ATG	GGI	PTA				TGGA	
															CCA	TAC	GCT	AGG	TGA	ACCT	60
	M	r.	P	G	С	К	W	D	L	L	I	K	Q	W	v	С	D	P	L	G	-
61	TC	CGG	TTC	TGC	TAC	TGG	TGG	TTC	CGG	CTC	CAC	CGC	CAAG	CTC	TGG	TTC	AGG	CAG	TGC	GACT	
01	AG	GCC	AAG	ACG	ATG	ACC	ACC	AAG	GCC	GAG	GTO	GCG	TTC	GAG	ACC	AAG	TCC	GTC	ACG	CTGA	120
	S	G	s	A	T	G	G	s	G	s	T	A	S	s	G	s	G	Ė	A	T	-
N	deI l																				
121	CA'	rat	GCT	GCC	GGG	TTG	TAA	ATG	GGA	CCI	GCI	GAT	CAA	ACA	GTG.	GGT	TTG	TGA	ccc	GCTG	400
	GT	ATA	CGA	CGG	CCC	AAC	ATT	TÃC	CCI	'GGA	CGA	CTA	GTI	TGT	CAC	CCA	AAC	ACT	GGG	CGAC	180
	Н	M	L	P	G	С	ĸ	À	D	L	L	I	K	Q	W	v	С	D	P	L	-
					Sa	lI I				•											
18 1																				ACTC	240
-01																				TGAG	240
	G	G	G	G	G	v	D	K	т	Н	T	С	P	P	С	P	A	P	E	L	-
241														CAA				CAT	GAT(CTCC	300
																	•	GTA	CTA	GAGG	300
	L	G	G	P	S	V	F	L	F	P	P	K	P	ĸ	D	T	L	M	I	S	-
301																				CAAG	360
																				GTTC	
	R	T	P	E	V	т	С	V	V	V	D	V	S	Н	E	D	P	E	v	ĸ	-
361	TTO	CAA	CTG	GTA	CGT	GGA	CGG +	CGT	GGA	GGT	GCA +	TAA	TGC	CAA	GAC	AAA 	GCC	GCG	GGA	GGAG	420
																				CCTC	
	F	N	W	Y	V	D	G	V	E	V	Н	N	A	K	T	K	P	R	E	E	-
421				-	-															GCTG	480
																				CGAC	
	0	v	N	c	T	v	B	17	17	c	17	۲.	т	17	т.	н	0	D	TAT	T.	_

WO 02/092620 PCT/US02/15273 37/37

FIG. 16B

481															CCC	CAGC	CCC			GAAA									
101															GGG	STCC	GGG	GTA	GCT.	CTTT	540								
	N	G	K	E	Y	ĸ	С	K	v	s	N	ĸ	A	L	P	A	P	I	E	K	-								
541	AC	CAT	CTC	CAA	AGC	CAA	AGG	GCA	GCC	CCG	AGA	ACC	CACA	GGI	GTA	CAC	ССТ	GCC	ccc	ATCC									
•••	TG	GTA	GAG	GTT	TCG	GTT	TCC	-+																					
	Т	I	s	K	A	K	G	Q	P	R	E	P	Q	v	Y	Т	L	P	P	s	-								
601	CG	GGA'	TGA	GCT	GAC	CAA	GAA	CCA	GGT	'CAG	CCI	GAC	СТС	CCI	'GGT	CAA	AGG	СТТ	СТА	TCCC									
•••	GC	CCT	ACT	CGA	СТG	GTT	CTI	`GGT	CCA	GTC	GGA	CTC	GAC	GGA	CCA	GTT	TCC	GAA	GAT	AGGG	660								
	R	D	E	L	T	K	N	Q	V	s	L	T	С	L	v	K	G	F	Y	P	-								
661	AGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACG													700															
001	TC	GCT	GTA	GCG	GCA	CCT	CAC	CCT	CTC	GTT	ACC	CGT	'CGG	CCT	CTI	GTT	GAT	GTT	CTG	TGGTGC									
	s	D	I	A	v	E	W	E	s	N	G	Q	P	E	N	N	Y	K	T	T	-								
721	CC'	TCC	CGT	GCT	GGA	CTC	CGA	.CGG	CTC	CTT	CTT	CCT	CTA	CAG	CAA	.GCT	CAC	CGT	GĢA	CAAG	700								
																				GTTC	760								
	P	P	V	L	D	Ś	D	G	s	F	F	L	Y	s	K	L	T	v	D	ĸ	-								
781																				CAAC	0.40								
_																				GTTG									
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		GATO													-														
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Page 4

PCT/US02/15273

74

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Page 9

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Gly	Cys 1625	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr 1630	Thr	Cys	Thr	Gly	Thr 1635	Cys	Ala	Cys
Gly	Thr 1640	Ala	Ala	Cys	Cys	Gly 1645	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr	Thr 1650	Ala	Cys	Ala
Gly	Cys 1655	Cys	Gly	Gly	Суз	Thr 1660	Gly				Ala 1665	Cys	Ala	Gly
									Page	20				

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Cys Thr Th	r Cys Cys	Cys Cys 167		Thr G	Sly Ala	Ala 1680	Ala	Gly	Thr
Gly Ala Cy 1685	s Cys Thr	Cys Cys 1690		Cys I	Thr Gly	Ala 1695	Ala	Thr	Ala
Ala Thr Cy 1700	s Cys Gly	Gly Cys 170	Cys 5	Thr G	Gly Cys	Gly 1710	Cys	Cys	Gly
Gly Ala Gl 1715	y Gly Cys	Thr Thr		Суз С	Gly Cys	Ala 1725	Cys	Gly	Thr
Cys Thr Gl 1730	y Ala Ala	Gly Cys 173		Cys G	Sly Ala	Cys 1740	Ala	Gly	Суѕ
Gly Cys Al 1745	a Cys Ala	Ala Ala 1750		Ala A	Ala Thr	Cys 1755	Ala	Gly	Cys
Ala Cys Cy 1760	s Ala Cys	Ala Thr 176		Cys A	Ala Ala	Ala 1770	Ala	Ala	Ala
Cys Ala Al 1775	a Cys Cys	Thr Cys		Thr C	Cys Ala	Thr 1785	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly Cys Th	r Thr Cys	Thr Gly 179		Thr G	Gly Cys	Ala 1800	Thr	Cys	Cys
Gly Gly Cy 1805	s Cys Cys	Cys Cys 1810		Cys I	Thr Gly	Thr 1815	Thr	Thr	Thr
Cys Gly Al 1820	a Thr Ala	Cys Ala 182		Ala A	Ala Cys	Ala 1830	Cys	Gly	Cys
Cys Thr Cy 1835	s Ala Cys	Ala Gly 184		Cys G	Gly Gly	Gly 1845	Gly	Ala	Ala
Thr Thr Th	r Thr Gly	Cys Thr 185		Ala 1	Thr Cys	Cys 1860	Ala	Cys	Ala
Thr Thr Al 1865	a Ala Ala	Cys Thr		Cys A	Ala Ala	Gly 1875	Gly	Gly	Ala
Cys Thr Th	r Cys Cys	Cys Cys 188		Thr A	Ala Ala	Gly 1890	Gly	Thr	Thr
Ala Cys Al 1895	a Ala Cys	Cys Gly 190		Thr C	Cys Ala	Thr 1905	Gly	Thr	Cys
Ala Thr Al 1910	a Ala Ala	Gly Cys 191	Gly 5	Cys C	Cys Ala	Thr 1920	Суз	Cys	Gly
				Pa	age 21				

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Cys	Cys 1925	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Thr 1930	Thr	Ala	Cys	Ala	Gly 1935	Gly	Gly	Thr
Gly	Cys 1940	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr 1945	Ala	Thr	Суз	Thr	Thr 1950	Thr	Thr	Ala
Ala	Ala 1955	Суз	Ala	Суѕ	Cys	Thr 1960	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala 1965	Thr	Ala	Thr
Cys	Thr 1970	Суѕ	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr 1975	Ala	Ala	Ala	Суѕ	Thr 1980	Ala	Сув	Thr
Thr	Ala 1985	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Cys 1990		Thr	Thr	Cys	Ala 1995		Thr	Thr
Ala	Ala 2000	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala 2005	Ala	Ala	Ala	Суз	Cys 2010	Thr	Ala	Thr
Thr	Cys 2015	Ala	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys 2020	Cys	Thr	Gly	Thr	Суs 2025	Cys	Thr	Thr
Gly	Gly 2030		Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala 2035	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala	Thr 2040	Ala	Thr	Gly
Cys	Ala 2045	Суз	Суз	Thr		Cys 2050		Ala	Суз		Gly 2055	Cys	Ala	Ala
Gly	Cys 2060	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Gly 2065	Gly	Cys	Cys	Cys	Cys 2070	Thr	Ala	Cys
Cys	Gly 2075	Gly	Ala	Gly	Cys	Cys 2080	Gly	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr 2085	Ala	Gly	Thr
Thr	Ala 2090	Cys	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ala 2095	Cys	Thr	Cys	Ala	Gly 2100	Ala	Cys	Ala
Cys	Ala 2105	Ala	Cys	Cys	Ala	Cys 2110	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala 2115	Ala	Ala	Ala
Cys	Cys 2120	Суѕ	Суз	Gly	Gly	Thr 2125	Cys	Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys 2130	Gly	Cys	Ala
Gly	Ala 2135	Ala	Сув	Thr	Gly	Ala 2140	Ala	Ala	Cys	Cys	Ala 2145	Суѕ	Ala	Ala
Ala	Gly 2150	Cys	Суѕ	Cys	Cys	Thr 2155	Cys	Cys	Суѕ	Thr	Cys 2160	Ala	Thr	Ala
Ala	Cys 2165	Thr	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala 2170	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Gly 2175	Cys	Cys	Cys

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Cys	Gly 2180	Cys	Cys	Cys	Cys	Gly 2185	Gly	Thr	Суѕ	Cys	Gly 2190	Ala	Ala	Gly
Gly	Gly 2195	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Ala 2200	Ala	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala 2205	Gly	Thr	Cys
Gly	Cys 2210		Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala 2215	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 2220	Gly	Ala	Ala
Thr	Gly 2225	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ala 2230	Ala	Суз	Thr	Ala	Cys 2235	Thr	Thr	Cys
Ala	Thr 2240	Cys	Ala	Thr	Cys	Gly 2245	Cys	Thr	Gly	Thr	Cys 2250	Ala	Gly	Thr
Cys	Thr 2255	Thr	Суз	Thr	Cys	Gly 2260	Cys	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala 2265	Ala	Gly	Thr
Thr	Cys 2270		Сув	Ala	Gly	Thr 2275	Ala	Сув	Ala	Cys	Gly 2280	Суѕ	Thr	Cys
Gly	Thr 2285	Ala	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly 2290	Gly	Суз	Cys	Суѕ	Thr 2295	Gly	Ala	Cys
Gly	Gly 2300	Cys	Суѕ	Cys	Gly	Cys 2305	Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys	Gly 2310	Cys	Gly	Gly
Ala	Gly 2315	Ala	Thr	Ala	Суѕ	Gly 2320	Cys	Cys	Суѕ	Суз	Gly 2325	Ala	Суз	Thr
Thr	Cys 2330		Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala 2335		Ala	Cys	Cys	Cys 2340		Cys	Gly
Thr	Cys 2345		Gly	Gly	Ala	Cys 2350		Ala	Cys	Thr	Cys 2355		Gly	Ala
Cys	Cys 2360		Cys	Gly	Cys	Ala 2365	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala 2370	Gly	Сув	Thr
Cys	Thr 2375		Thr	Сув	Ala	Thr 2380		Gly	Cys	Thr	Gly 2385	Ala	Ala	Ala
Gly	Cys 2390		Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala 2395		Gly	Gly	Thr	Cys 2400		Gly	Gly
Cys	Ala 2405		Gly	Gly	Cys	Thr 2410		Gly	Gly	Gly	Ala 2415	Thr	Gly	Gly
Gly	Thr 2420		Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 2425		Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr 2430	Cys	Thr	Ala
									_					

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Thr	Cys 2435	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala 2440	Gly	Thr	Ala	Cys	Cys 2445	Gly	Gly	Суѕ
Thr	Thr 2450	Ala	Cys	Gly	Cys	Cys 2455	Gly	Gly	Gly	Cys	Thr 2460		Cys	Gly
Gly	Cys 2465	Gly	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr 2470	Thr	Ala	Cys	Thr	Cys 2475		Thr	Gly
Thr	Thr 2480	Thr	Суѕ	Ala	Thr	Ala 2485	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala 2490	Ala	Ala	Cys
Ala	Ala 2495	Суз	Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 2500	Cys	Ala	Суз	Cys	Gly 2505		Суз	Thr
Thr	Cys 2510		Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys 2515		Gly	Суз	Thr	Gly 2520		Thr	Gly
Cys	Gly 2525	Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr	Ala 2530		Суз	Суз	Thr	Gly 2535	Gly	Thr	Ala
Ala	Cys 2540		Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr 2545	Cys	Thr	Gly		Ala 2550	Thr	Thr	Gly
Thr	Thr 2555	Ala	Thr	Ala		Ala 2560	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gly	Thr 2565	Ala	Thr	Ala
Thr	Ala 2570	Суѕ	Gly	Thr		Gly 2575	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly 2580	Ala	Cys	Ala
Ala	Ala 2585	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 2590	Gly	Ala	Суѕ	Ala	Ala 2595	Gly	Thr	Thr
Ala	Ala 2600	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Thr 2605	Thr	Ala	Суѕ	Ala	Gly 2610	Gly	Cys	Gly
Ala	Thr 2615	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala	Thr 2620	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Cys 2625	Ala	Ala	Ala
Cys	Ala 2630	Сув	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala 2635	Thr	Cys	Ala	Ala	Thr 2640	Ala	Thr	Cys
Gly	Gly 2645	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly 2650	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Ala 2655	Ala	Gly	Ala
Ala	Cys 2660	Thr	Cys	Cys	Ala	Gly 2665	Cys	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala 2670	Gly	Ala	Thr
Суѕ	Cys 2675	Суѕ	Cys	Gly	Cys	Gly 2680	Cys	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala 2685	Gly	Gly	Ala

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Thr Cy 26	s A] 90	a Ti	nr (Cys	Сув	Ala 2695	Gly	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly 2700	Сув	Gly	Thr
Cys Cy 27		/s Gi	ly (Gly	Ala	Ala 2710	Ala	Ala	Cys	Gly	Ala 2715	Thr	Thr	Cys
Cys Gl		ia A	la (Gly	Cys	Cys 2725	Cys	Ala	Ala	Cys	Cys 2730	Thr	Thr	Thr
Cys Al 27		ır A	la (Gly	Ala	Ala 2740	Gly	Gly	Суз	Gly	Gly 2745	Cys	Gly	Gly _.
Thr Gl	y G] 50	ly A	la 2	Ala	Thr	Cys 2755	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr 2760	Cys	Thr	Cys
Gly Th 27	r G] 65	ly A	la '	Thr	Gly	Gly 2770		Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 2775	Thr	Gly	Gly
Gly Cy 27	s G] 80	ly Tì	hr (Cys	Gly	Cys 2785	Thr	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr 2790	Cys	Gly	Gly
Thr Cy 27	s A] 95	la Tì	hr '	Thr	Thr	Cys 2800	Gly	Ala	Ala	Cys	Cys 2805	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly Al 28	a GI 10	ly Tì	hr (Суз	Cys	Cys 2815	Gly	Cys	Thr	Cys	Ala 2820	G1y	Ala	Ala
Gly Al 28	a Al 25	la C	ys '	Thr		Gly 2830	Thr	Cya	Ala	Ala	Gly 2835	Ala	Ala	Gly
Gly Cy 28	s G: 40	ly A	la '	Thr	Ala	Gly 2845	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Cys 2850	Gly	Ala	Thr
Gly Cy 28	s GI 55	ly C	ys '	Thr	Gly	Cys 2860	Gly	Ala	Ala	Thr	Суз 2865	Gly	Gly	Gly
Ala Gl 28	y Cչ 70	ys G	ly (Gly	Cys	Gly 2875	Ala	Thr	Ala	Cys	Суs 2880	Gly	Thr	Ala
Ala Al 28	a G: 85	ly C	ys .	Ala	Cys	Gly 2890	Ala	G1y	Gly	Ala	Ala 2895	Gly	Cys	Gly
Gly Th 29	r Cy 00	ys A	la (Gly	Cys	Cys 2905	Суѕ	Ala	Thr	Thr	Cys 2910	Gly	Суѕ	Cys
Gly Cy 29	s C <u>յ</u> 15	ys A	la :	Ala	Gly	Cys 2920	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr	Cys 2925	Ala	Gly	Cys
Ala Al 29	a Tl 30	nr A	la '	Thr	Cys	Ala 2935	Суз	_	Gly		Thr 2940	Ala	Gly	Суѕ

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Суз	Ala 2945	Ala	Cys	Gly	Cys	Thr 2950	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr	Cys 2955	Cys	Thr	Gly
Ala	Thr 2960	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Gly 2965	Thr	Суѕ	Cys	Gly	Cys 2970	Cys	Ala	Cys
Ala	Cys 2975	Сув	Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys 2980		Gly	Gly	Суз	Cys 2985	Ala	Cys	Ala
Gly	Thr 2990		Gly	Ala	Thr	Gly 2995	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys	Cys 3000	Ala	Gly	Ala
Ala	Ala 3005	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Gly 3010	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr	Thr 3015	Thr	Thr	Cys
Cys	Ala 3020	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr	Gly 3025	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr 3030	Cys	Gly	Gly
Cys	Ala 3035	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly 3040	Gly	Сув	Ala	Thr	Cys 3045	Gly	Cys	Cys
Ala	Thr 3050		Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys 3055	Ala	Cys	Gly	Ala	Cys 3060	Gly	Ala	Gly
Ala	Thr 3065	Суз	Суз	Thr	Cys	Gly 3070	Cys	Cys	Gly	Thr	Cys 3075	Gly	Gly	Gly
Cys	Ala 3080	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys 3085	Gly	Суѕ	Суз	Thr	Thr 3090	Gly	Ala	Gly
Cys	Cys 3095	Thr	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly 3100	Ala	Ala	Суз	Ala	Gly 3105		Thr	Cys
Gly	Gly 3110		Thr	Gly	Gly	Cys 3115	Gly	Cys	Gly	Ala	Gly 3120	Суѕ	Cys	Cys
Cys	Thr 3125	Gly	Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys 3130	Thr	Суѕ	Thr	Thr	Cys 3135	Gly	Thr	Cys
Cys	Ala 3140	Gly	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala 3145	Thr	Cys	Cys	Thr	Gly 3150	Ala	Thr	Cys
Gly	Ala 3155	Cys	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala 3160	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys 3165	Thr	Thr	Cys
Суѕ	Ala 3170	Thr	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ala 3175	Gly	Thr	Ala	Cys	Gly 3180	Thr	Gly	Суз
Thr	Cys 3185	Gly	Cys	Thr	Cys	Gly 3190	Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 3195	Ala	Thr	Gly

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Thr	Thr 3200	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys	Thr 3205	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly 3210		Thr	Cys
Gly	Ala 3215	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly 3220	Cys	Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 3225	Ala	Gly	Cys
Cys	Gly 3230	Gly	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala 3235	Ala	Gly	Cys	Gly	Thr 3240		Thr	Gly
Cys	Ala 3245	Gly	Cys	Cys	Gly	Cys 3250	Cys	Gly	Суѕ	Ala	Thr 3255	Thr	Gly	Cys
Ala	Thr 3260	Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys	Cys 3265	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr 3270	Gly	Gly	Ala
Thr	Ala 3275	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 3280	Thr	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys 3285	Ala	Gly	Gly
Ala	Gly 3290	Сув	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly 3295	Thr	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala 3300	Thr	Gly	Ala
Cys	Ala 3305	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala 3310	Thr	Суѕ	Cys	Thr	Gly 3315	Cys	Cys	Cys
Cys	Gly 3320	Gly	Cys	Ala	Cys	Thr 3325	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys	Cys 3330	Cys	Ala	Ala
Thr	Ala 3335	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys 3340	Cys	Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys 3345	Cys	Cys	Thr
Thr	3350 Cys	Суѕ	Cys	Gly	Cys	Thr 3355	Thr	Cys	Ala	Gly	Thr 3360	Gly	Ala	Cys
Ala	Ala 3365	Суѕ	Gly	Thr	Cys	Gly 3370	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Cys 3375	Ala	Gly	Cys
Thr	Gly 3380	Суѕ	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala 3385	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	Cys 3390	Gly	Cys	Cys
Cys	Gly 3395	Thr	Cys	Gly	Thr	Gly 3400	Gly	Cys	Суз	Ala	Gly 3405	Cys	Cys	Ala
Cys	Gly 3410	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Cys 3415	Cys	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys 3420	Thr	Gly	Cys
Cys	Thr 3425	Суѕ	Gly	Thr	Cys	Cys 3430	Thr	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala 3435	Thr	Thr	Cys
Ala	Thr 3440	Thr	Cys	Ala	Gly	Gly 3445	Ala	Cys	Ala	Cys	Cys 3450	Gly	Gly	Ala

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Cys	Ala 3455	Gly	Gly	Thr	Cys	Gly 3460	Gly	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr 3465	Gly	Ala	Cys
Ala	Ala 3470		Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala 3475	Ala	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly 3480	Gly	Суз	Gly
Суѕ	Cys 3485	Суѕ	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys 3490	Gly	Cys	Thr	Gly	Ala 3495	Суѕ	Ala	Gly
Cys	Cys 3500		Gly	Ala	Ala	Суs 3505	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys 3510	Gly	Gly	Cys
Ala	Thr 3515		Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly 3520		Ala	Gly	Cys	Суs 3525	Gly	Ala	Thr
Thr	Gly 3530	Thr	Cys	Thr	Gly	Thr 3535	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gly	Cys 3540	Cys	Суз	Ala
Gly	Thr 3545		Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 3550	Cys	Суѕ	Gly	Ala	Ala 3555	Thr	Ala	Gly
Суз	Cys 3560		Cys	Thr	Cys	Cys 3565	Ala	Cys	Cys	Cys	Ala 3570	Ala	Gly	Cys
Gly	Gly 3575		Суз	Gly	Gly	Ala 3580	Gly	Ala	Ala	Cys	Cys 3585	Thr	Gly	Cys
Gly	Thr 3590	Gly	Суз	Ala	Ala	Thr 3595	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr	Cys 3600	Thr	Thr	Gly
Thr	Thr 3605	Cys	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys 3610	Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 3615	Ala	Ala	Ala
Cys	Gly 3620		Thr	Суѕ	Cys	Thr 3625	Cys	Ala	Thr	Cys	Cys 3630	Thr	Gly	Thr
Суз	Thr 3635		Thr	Thr	Gly	Ala 3640	Thr	Cys	Thr	Gly	Ala 3645	Thr	Суѕ	Thr
Thr	Gly 3650	Ala	Thr	Cys	Cys	Cys 3655	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 3660	Cys	Суз	Ala
Thr	Cys 3665	Ala	Gly	Ala	Thr	Cys 3670	Cys	Thr	Thr	Gly	Gly 3675	Cys	Gly	Gly
Cys	Ala 3680		Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala 3685	Gly	Суѕ	Суѕ	Ala	Thr 3690	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly	Thr 3695	Thr	Thr	Ala	Cys	Thr 3700	Thr		Gly		Ala 3705	Gly	Gly	Gly

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Cys	Thr 3710	Thr	Cys	Суѕ	Cys	Ala 3715	Ala	Суз	Cys	Thr	Thr 3720	Ala	Cys	Cys
Ala	Gly 3725	Ala	Gly	Gly	Gly	Cys 3730		Суз	Суѕ	Суѕ	Cys 3735	Ala	Gly	Cys
Thr	Gly 3740	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala	Thr 3745	Thr	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly 3750	Thr	Thr	Cys
Gly	Cys 3755	Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys	Thr 3760	Gly	Thr	Суз	Суз	Ala 3765	Thr	Ala	Ala
Ala	Ala 3770	Суѕ	Cys	Gly	Cys	Cys 3775		Ala	Gly	Thr	Cys 3780		Ala	Gly
Cys	Thr 3785	Ala	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys 3790		Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr 3795	Ala	Ala	Gl.y
Сув	3800	Cys	Ala	Суз	Thr	Gly 3805	Cys	Ala	Ala	Gly	Cys 3810	Thr	Ala	Суз
Суз	Thr 3815	Gly	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr 3820	Суз	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr 3825	Thr	Gly	Cys
Gly	3830 CAa	Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 3835	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Суs 3840	Cys	Cys	Thr
Thr	Gly 3845	Thr	Cys	Cys	Ala	Gly 3850	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Cys 3855	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly	Thr 3860	Ala	Gly	Cys	Thr	Gly 3865	Ala	Cys	Ala	Thr	Thr 3870	Cys	Ala	Thr
Cys	Cys 3875	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr 3880	Cys	Ala	Gly	Сув	Ala 3885	Сув	Сув	Gly
Thr	Thr 3890	Thr	Cys	Thr	Gly	Суs 3895	Gly	Gly	Ala	Cys	Thr 3900	Gly	Gly	Cys
Thr	Thr 3905	Thr	Cys	Thr	Ala	Cys 3910	Gly	Thr	Gly	Thr	Thr 3915	Cys	Cys	Gly
Cys	Thr 3920	Thr	Cys	Cys	Thr	Thr 3925	Thr	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala 3930	Gly	Сув	Cys
Cys	Thr 3935	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys 3940	Суѕ	Cys	Thr	Gly	Ala 3945	Gly	Thr	Gly
Cys	Thr 3950	Thr	Gly	Суѕ	Gly	Gly 3955	Cys		Gly		Gly 3960	Thr	Gly	Ala

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Ala Gly 3965		Thr	Ala	Cys	Ala 3970		Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr 3975	Gly	Thr	Gly
Ala Thr 3980	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Gly 3985	Cys	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr 3990	Cys	Gly	Cys
Thr Gly 3995		Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr 4000	Thr	Cys	Cys	Thr	Thr 4005	Thr	Thr	Gly
Thr Cys 4010		Cys	Cys	Gly	Ala 4015	Cys	Cys	Ala	Thr	Cys 4020	Ala	Gly	Gly
Cys Ala 4025		Cys	Thr	Gly	Ala 4030	Gly	Thr	Суѕ	Gly	Cys 4035	Thr	Gly	Thr
Cys Thr 4040		Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 4045	Gly	Thr	Gly	Ala	Cys 4050	Ala	Thr	Thr
Cys Ala 4055	Gly	Thr	Thr	Сув	Gly 4060		Thr	Gly	Суз	Gly 4065	Сув	Thr	Cys
Ala Cys 4070		Gly	Cys	Thr	Cys 4075	Thr	Gly	Gly	Суз	Ala 4080	Gly	Thr	Gly
Ala Ala 4085		Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly 4090	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala 4095	Thr	Gly	Gly
Cys Ala 4100	Cys	Thr	Ala	Cys	Ala 4105	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys 4110	Cys	Thr	Thr
Thr Thr 4115		Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala 4120	Thr	Thr	Cys		Thr 4125	Gly	Суз	Ala
Ala Gly 4130		Ala	Ala	Ala	Cys 4135	Thr	Ala	Cys	Cys	Cys 4140	Ala	Thr	Ala
Ala Thr 4145		Cys	Ala	Ala	Gly 4150	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly 4155	Cys	Cys	Суѕ
Gly Thr 4160	Суѕ	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly 4165	Gly	Сув	Thr	Thr	Cys 4170	Thr	Cys	Ala
Gly Gly 4175		Cys	Gly	Thr	Thr 4180	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly 4185	Gly	Cys	Gly
Gly Gly 4190		Суѕ	Thr	Gly	Cys 4195	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr 4200	Gly	Gly	Thr
Gly Cys 4205	Thr	Ala	Thr	Cys	Thr 4210	Gly		Cys		Thr 4215	Thr	Thr	Thr

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Gly	Cys 4220		Gly	Thr	Thr	Cys 4225	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly 4230		Thr	Cys
Cys	Thr 4235	Gly	Cys	Cys	Cys	Thr 4240	Cys	Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr 4245		Thr	Thr
Cys	Cys 4250		Gly	Thr	Cys	Thr 4255	Gly	Ala	Суз	Суѕ	Ala 4260	Суѕ	Thr	Thr
Cys	Gly 4265	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala 4270	Thr	Суѕ	Суѕ	Суѕ	Gly 4275	Thr	Gly	Ala
Cys	Ala 4280	Gly	Gly	Thr	Cys	Ala 4285	Thr	Thr	Суз	Ala	Gly 4290	Ala	Суѕ	Thr
Gly	Gly 4295	Cys	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr 4300	Gly	Cys	Ala	Cys	Cys 4305	Cys	Ala	Gly
Thr	Ala 4310		Gly	Gly	Cys	Ala 4315	Gly	Суѕ	Gly	Gly	Thr 4320	Ala	Thr	Cys
Ala	Thr 4325	Cys	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ala 4330	Gly	Gly	Cys	Thr	Thr 4335	Ala	Cys	Cys
Cys	Gly 4340		Суѕ	Thr	Thr	Ala 4345	Суз	Thr	Gly		Cys 4350	Gly	Ala	Ala
Gly	Ala 4355		Gly	Thr	Gly	Cys 4360	GJĀ	Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys 4365	Gly	Thr	Ala
Thr	Gly 4370		Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly 4375	Thr	Сув	Thr	Суз	Cys 4380	Cys	Cys	Ala
Thr	Gly 4385	Cys	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala 4390	Gly	Thr	Ala	Gly	Gly 4395	Gly	Ala	Ala
Cys	Thr 4400	Gly	Cys	Суѕ	Ala	Gly 4405	Gly	Суз	Ala	Thr	Cys 4410	Ala	Ala	Ala
Thr	Ala 4415	Ala	Ala	Ala	Cys	Gly 4420	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly 4425	Cys	Thr	Cys
Ala	Gly 4430		Cys	Gly	Ala	Ala 4435	Ala	Gly	Ala	Суѕ	Thr 4440	Gly	Gly	Gly
Cys	Cys 4445	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys	Gly 4450	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala 4455	Thr	Суѕ	Thr
Gly	Thr 4460	Thr	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr 4465	Gly	Thr	Cys	Gly	Gly 4470	Thr	Gly	Ala

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Ala Cys G	ly Cys	Thr	Суѕ	Thr 4480	Cys	Cys	Thr	Gly	Ala 4485	Gly	Thr	Ala
Gly Gly A 4490	la Cys	Ala	Ala	Ala 4495	Thr	Cys	Сув	Gly	Cys 4500	Сув	Gly	Gly
Gly Ala G 4505	ly Cys	Gly		Ala 4510	Thr	Thr	Thr	GJA	Ala 4515	Ala	Cys	Gly
Thr Thr G 4520	ly Cys	Gly .	Ala	Ala 4525	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala	Cys 4530	Gly	Gly	Cys
Cys Cys G 4535	ly Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly 4540	Gly	Thr	Gly	Gly	Cys 4545	Gly	Gly	Gly
Cys Ala G 4550	ly Gly	Ala	Cys	Gly 4555	Cys	Cys	Cys	Gly	Cys 4560	Cys	Ala	Thr
Ala Ala A 4565	la Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys 4570	Cys	Ala	Gly	Gly	Cys 4575	Ala	Thr	Cys
Ala Ala A 4580	la Thr	Thr .		Ala 4585	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala 4590	Ala	Gly	Gly
Cys Cys A 4595	la Thr	Cys		Thr 4600	Gly	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly 4605	Ala	Thr	Gly
Gly Cys C 4610	ys Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr 4615	Thr	Gly	Суз	Gly	Thr 4620	Thr	Thr	Сув
Thr Ala C	ys Ala	Ala	Ala	Cys 4630	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr 4635	Thr	Gly	Thr
Thr Thr A 4640	la Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr 4645	Thr	Cys	Thr	Ala	Ala 4650	Ala	Thr	Ala
Cys Ala T 4655	hr Thr	Cys .	Ala	Ala 4660	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly 4665	Gly	Ala	Cys
Gly Thr C 4670	ys Gly	Thr	Ala	Cys 4675	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys 4680	Thr	Thr	Thr
Thr Ala A 4685	la Ala	Gly	Thr	Ala 4690	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Cys 4695	Ala	Ala	Thr
Cys Ala A 4700	la Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys 4705	Thr	Cys	Cys	Thr	Gly 4710	Thr	Thr	Ala
Ala Ala A 4715	la Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys 4720	Thr		Thr		Gly 4725	Ala	Ala	Ala

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Thr	Ala 4730	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly 4735		Cys	Ala	Gly	Cys 4740		Gly	Thr
Thr	Thr 4745	Gly	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr 4750	Ala	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ala 4755	Gly	Thr	Thr
Thr	Cys 4760	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly 4765	Cys	Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr 4770	Thr	Gly	Gly
Thr	Thr 4775	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly 4780		Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly 4785		Gly	Ala
Суѕ	Cys 4790	Gly	Thr	Gly	Cys	Gly 4795		Thr	Thr	Ala	Cys 4800		Ala	Cys
Ala	Gly 4805	Cys	Суз	Thr		Ala 4810	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr 4815	Thr	Thr	Gly
Ala	Ala 4820	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr	Cys 4825		Cys	Ala		Gly 4830	Ala	Gly	Cys
Thr	Thr 4835	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys	Cys 4840		Thr	Суѕ	Gly	Cys 4845	Ala	Thr	Gly
Cys	Cys 4850	Cys	Ala	Cys		Cys 4855	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala	Суз 4860	Ala	Thr	Thr
Cys	Thr 4865	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 4870	Thr	Cya	Thr	Thr	Thr 4875	Thr	Gly	Gly
Thr	Thr 4880	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys 4885	Gly	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr 4890	Thr	Thr	Gly
Ala	Thr 4895	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr 4900	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly 4905	Суз	Thr	Ala
Thr	Ala 4910	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 4915	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys 4920		Ala	Thr
Ala	Ala 4925	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Cys 4930	Ala	Ala	Cys	Thr	Ala 4935	Gly	Ala	Gly
Ala	Ala 4940	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	Cys 4945	Ala	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala 4950	Ala	Thr	Gly
Gly	Thr 4955	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr	Thr 4960	Суѕ	Ala	Thr	Ala	Cys 4965	Ala	Cys	Gly
Суѕ	Ala 4970	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala 4975	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala 4980	Ala	Ala	Cys

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

		Cys	Thr	Ala			Thr	Ala	Gly	Thr 4995	Thr	Gly	Thr
Thr 5000	Thr	Thr	Суѕ	Thr	Cys 5005	Thr	Gly	Ala	Ala	Thr 5010	Gly	Thr	Gly
Ala 5015	Ala	Ala	Ala			Ala	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala 5025	Thr	Thr	Cys
		Ala	Gly	Cys	Cys 5035	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 5040	Thr	Ala	Gly
Ala 5045	Gly	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly 5050	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 5055	Gly	Gly	Ala
Ala 5060	Cys	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala 5065	Cys	Сув	Суѕ	Ala	Gly 5070	Thr	Glv	Ala
		Gly	Ala	Cys			Gly	Ala	Thr	Gly 5085	Ala	Thr	Thr
		Cys	Thr	Thr	Cys 5095	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ala 5100	Thr	Thr	Ala
		Thr	Thr	Gly	Gly 5110	Ala	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr 5115	Thr	Thr	Thr
		Thr	Thr		Cys 5125	Ala	Gly	Суѕ	Ala	Thr 5130	Thr	Gly	Thr
		Суз	Ala	Ala	Ala 5140	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr 5145	Thr	Суѕ	Сув
		Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr 5155	Cys	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly 5160	Ala	Ala	Thr
		Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala 5170	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Gly 5175	Ala	Ala	Thr
		Cys	Thr	Ala	Cys 5185	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 5190	Gly	Ala	Thr
		Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr 5200	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala 5205	Ala	Ala	Thr
		Cys	Gly	Thr	Cys 5215	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala	Thr 5220	Ala	Ala	Thr
		Gly	Cys	Cys	Thr 5230	Cys				Thr 5235	Thr	Thr	Thr
	4985 Thr 5000 Ala 5015 Gly 5030 Ala 5060 Ala 5075 Cys 5090 Ala 5105 Ala 5120 Thr 5135 Ala 5165 Ala 5165 Ala 5165 Ala 5165 Thr 5135	### The The Sound	### Thr Thr 5000 Thr Thr 5100 Thr Thr 5120 Thr Thr 5135 Thr Thr 5150 Thr Thr 5165 Thr Thr 5160 Thr Thr Gly	### The Cys ### The Cys ### The Cys ### Ala Ala Ala ### Ala Ala Ala ### Ala ### Ala ### Cys The Ala ### Ala ### Cys The Ala ### The The The ### The The ### The Cys Ala ### Ala ### The Cys Ala ### Ala ### The Ala ### The Ala ### Ala ### The Cys The #### The Ala #### The Cys The #### Ala #### The Cys The #### Ala #### The Cys The #### Ala #### The Cys The ##### Ala ##### The Cys The ####################################	Thro Thr Thr Cys Thr 5000 Thr Thr Cys Thr 5000 Ala Ala Ala Cys 5030 Ala Ala Gly Cys Ala Ala Cys 5060 Gly Thr Ala Ala Cys 5075 Ala Gly Cys Thr Thr 5090 Thr Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Cys Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Cys Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Cys Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Cys Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr Cys Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr Cys Thr Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Cys Thr Ala Thr Thr Cys Thr Ala Thr Thr Cys Thr Ala Thr Thr Cys Cys Cys Thr Ala Cys Cys Cys Thr Cys Cys Cys	4985 4990 Thr Thr Thr Cys Thr Cys 5000 Ala Ala Ala Cys Thr 5015 Ala Ala Ala Cys Cys Cys 5030 Ala Ala Gly Cys Cys	### Appo	4985 4990 Thr Thr Thr Cys Thr Cys Thr Gly Ala Ala Ala Cys Thr Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala Gly Cys Cys Ala Ala Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Ala Cys Cys Cys Ala Ala Gly Ala Cys Cys Thr Thr Gly Thr Thr Gly Thr Thr Thr Gly Thr Thr Ala Gly Thr Ala Gly Thr Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr <td< td=""><td>4985 4990 Thr Thr Cys Thr Cys Thr Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Cys Thr Ala Ala Gly S030 Ala Ala Gly Cys Cys Ala Thr Thr Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Thr Thr Ala <t< td=""><td>### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##</td><td>### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##</td><td>### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##</td><td>The Solo The The Cys The Solos The Gly Ala Ala Sher Solo Solos The Solos Ala Ala Ala Cys The Solos Ala Ala Gly Cys Ala The Solos Solos The Ala Ala Gly Cys Solos The Ala The The Ala Solos Solos Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Cys Solos Ala The The Ala Solos Gly Gly Solos Ala The Ala The Ala Solos Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Cys Cys Ala The Ala Gly Solos Gly Gly Solos Ala Gly The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Gly Ala The Solos The The Solos The The The Ala Ala The Solos The The The Ala Ala The Solos The The Solos The The The Ala Ala The The Solos The The The Ala Ala The Solos The The Solos The The The Ala Ala The The Solos The The The Ala Ala Solos The The Ala The The Solos The The Ala The Solos The The Solos The Ala The The Solos The Ala The Solos The Ala The Solos The Ala The Solos The Ala Ala The Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala The Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala 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Gly Cys Ala The Solos Solos The Ala Ala Gly Cys Solos The Ala The The Ala Solos Solos Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Cys Solos Ala The The Ala Solos Gly Gly Solos Ala The Ala The Ala Solos Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Cys Cys Ala The Ala Gly Solos Gly Gly Solos Ala Gly The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Gly Ala The Solos The The Solos The The The Ala Ala The Solos The The The Ala Ala The Solos The The Solos The The The Ala Ala The The Solos The The The Ala Ala The Solos The The Solos The The The Ala Ala The The Solos The The The Ala Ala Solos The The Ala The The Solos The The Ala The Solos The The Solos The Ala The The Solos The Ala The Solos The Ala The Solos The Ala The Solos The Ala Ala The Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala The Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The Ala The Ala Ala Ala Ala Solos The Ala The 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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Thr	Ala 5240		Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala 5245	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 5250	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly	Ala 5255	Ala	Thr	Thr	Gly	Ala 5260	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr 5265	Cys	Ala	Gly
Ala	Thr 5270		Thr	Ala	Ala	Cys 5275		Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly 5280	Ala	Ala	Thr
Gly	Ala 5285	Gly	Gly	Ala	Thr	Ala 5290	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala 5295	Thr	Суѕ	Gly
Сув	Gly 5300	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala 5305	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr 5310	Ala	Thr	Thr
Cys	Ala 5315	Суѕ	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly 5320	Thr	Ala	Суѕ	Cys	Ala 5325	Thr	Thr	Thr
Thr	Ala 5330	Gly	Thr	Суѕ	Ala	Thr 5335	Ala	Thr	Суѕ	Ala	Gly 5340	Ala	Thr	Ala
Ala	Gly 5345		Ala	Thr	Thr	Gly 5350	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ala 5355	Thr	Ala	Thr
Cys	Ala 5360	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Thr 5365	Gly	Сув	Thr	Thr	Cys 5370	Thr	Ala	Cys
Ala	Gly 5375	Gly	Суѕ	Thr	Thr	Thr 5380	Ala	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr 5385	Thr	Ala	Thr
Thr	Ala 5390	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 5395	Thr	Суѕ	Thr		Thr 5400	Ala	Ala	Gly
Thr	Gly 5405	Thr	Сув	Gly	Thr	Cys 5410	Gly	Gly	Сув	Ala	Thr 5415	Thr	Thr	Ala
Thr	Gly 5420	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr 5425		Ala	Thr	Ala	Cys 5430	Cys	Cys	Ala
Thr	Cys 5435	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr	Thr 5440	Ala	Thr	Сув	Cys	Thr 5445	Thr	Ala	Cys
Суз	Thr 5450	Ala	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr 5455	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr	Cys 5460	Gly	Суѕ	Ala
Ala	Gly 5465	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly 5470	Cys	Gly	Thr	Gly	Thr 5475	Thr	Ala	Thr
Ala	Thr 5480	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ala	Thr 5485	Thr		Ala		Ala 5490	Cys	Gly	Gly

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Thr	Ala 5495	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Ala 5500		Thr	Gly	Ala	Cys 5505		Thr	Thr
Thr	Gly 5510	Ala	Thr	Thr	Cys	Thr 5515	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ala 5520	Ala	Thr	Thr
Gly	Gly 5525	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr 5530	Thr	Gly	Thr	Cys	Ala 5535		Ala	Суѕ
Thr	Ala 5540	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ala 5545	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys	Thr 5550		Gly	Ala
Ala	Ala 5555	Thr	Ala	Суз	Ala	Ala 5560	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr	Thr 5565		Ala	Ala
Cys	Ala 5570	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr 5575	Ala	Cys	Cys	Thr	Gly 5580	Thr	Ala	Gly
Gly	Ala 5585	Thr	Cys	Gly	Thr	Ala 5590	Cys	Ala	Gly	Gly	Thr 5595	Thr	Thr	Ala
Cys	Gly 5600		Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala 5605	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly 5610		Thr	Thr
Thr	Gly 5615	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ala 5620	Gly	Thr	Cys	Gly	Ala 5625	Thr	Thr	Ala
Ala	Thr 5630	Cys	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr 5635	Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr 5640	Cys	Thr	Ala
Gly	Ala 5645	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly	Thr 5650	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ala 5655	Суѕ	Thr	Ala
Ala	Thr 5660	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly 5665	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala 5670	Ala	Thr	Ala
Ala	Cys 5675	Ala	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly 5680	Ala	Thr	Суз	Gly	Cys 5685	Thr	Cys	Cys
Ala	Cys 5690	Суѕ	Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys 5695	Ala	Сув	Суз	Ala	Gly 5700	Thr	Gly	Ala
Gly	Ala 5705	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr 5710	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala 5715	Gly	Cys	Ala
Thr	Cys 5720	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ala 5725	Суз	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly 5730	Суѕ	Thr	Gly
Thr	Ala 5735	Ala	Cys	Ala	Ala	Ala 5740	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gly	Ala 5745	Ala	Cys	Суѕ

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Ala	Gly 5750	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly 5755	Thr	Ala	Cys	Ala	Thr 5760	Gly	Thr	Cys
Thr	Thr 5765	Cys	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala 5770	Thr	G1y	Cys	Ala	Cys 5775	Thr	Ala	Cys
Thr	Ala 5780	Cys	Cys	Thr	Cys	Thr 5785	Gly	Ala	Cys	Ala	Gly 5790	Thr	Gly	Thr
Ala	Thr 5795	Gly	Thr	Суз	Thr	Gly 5800		Cys	Cys	Thr	Gly 5805	Thr	Gly	Gly
Cys	Cys 5810		Gly	Gly	Ala	Thr 5815	Gly	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala 5820	Сув	Thr	Thr
Gly	Gly 5825	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Cys 5830	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala 5835	Thr	Gly	Ala
Ala	Gly 5840	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Thr 5845	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly 5850	Cys	Thr	Thr
Gly	Cys 5855	Thr	Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr 5860	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr 5865	Thr	Thr	Gly
Thr	Gly 5870		Thr	Ala	Cys	Ala 5875	Gly	Gly	Cys	Ala	Ala 5880	Gly	Gly	Cys
Cys	Cys 5885	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly 5890	Gly	Cys	Cys	Gly	Thr 5895	Gly	Gly	Thr
Cys	Gly 5900	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys 5905	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ala	Gly 5910	Thr	Ala	Cys
Gly	Ala 5915	Cys	Cys	Cys	Cys	Cys 5920	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly 5925	Cys	Thr	Gly
Cys	Gly 5930		Gly	Thr	Gly	Cys 5935	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly	Cys 5940	Thr	Gly	Gly
Gly	Thr 5945	Ala	Cys	Cys	Ala	Cys 5950	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly 5955	Cys	Cys	Ala
Gly	Gly 5960	Ala	Cys	Thr	Gly	Cys 5965	Gly	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gly 5970	Cys	Thr	Gly
Cys	Cys 5975	Gly	Cys	Cys	Gly	Суs 5980	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ala	Cys 5985	Cys	Gly	Ala
Gly	Thr 5990	Gly	Cys	Gly	Cys	Gly 5995	Суз		Gly		Gly 6000	Суѕ	Cys	Thr

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Gly	Gly 6005		Суѕ	Gly	Cys	Cys 6010		Ala	Gly	Суз	Ala 6015		Cys	Cys
Gly	Thr 6020	Thr	Gly	Cys	Ala	Gly 6025	Cys	Thr	Cys	Ala	Ala 6030	Cys	Ala	Ala
Gly	Gly 6035	Ala	Cys	Ala	Cys	Ala 6040	Gly	Thr	Gly	Thr	Gly 6045	Cys	Ala	Ala
Ala	Cys 6050		Thr	Thr	Gly	Суз 6055	Cys	Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys 6060		Gly	Gly
Cys	Thr 6065	Ala	Суз	Thr	Thr	Cys 6070		Суз	Thr	Gly	Ala 6075	Thr	Gly	Cys
Cys	Thr 6080	Thr	Thr	Thr	Cys	Суs 6085	Thr	Cys	Cys	Ala	Cys 6090	Gly	Gly	Ala
Cys	Ala 6095	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly	Cys 6100	Ala	Gly	Ala	Суѕ	Cys 6105	Cys	Thr	Gly
Gly	Ala 6110		Cys	Ala	Ala	Cys 6115	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ala	Cys 6120	Cys	Thr	Thr
Cys	Cys 6125	Thr	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala 6130	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly 6135	Ala	Gly	Thr
Ala	Gly 6140	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ala	Thr 6145	Cys	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly 6150	Gly	Ala	Cys
Ala	Gly 6155	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala 6160	Thr	Суѕ	Cys	Gly	Ala 6165	Thr	Gly	Thr
Gly	Gly 6170	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly	Cys 6175	Ala	Gly	Thr	Thr	Cys 6180	Thr	Thr	Cys
Thr	Cys 6185	Thr	Gly	Cys	Cys	Ala 6190	Gly	Cys	Thr	Ala	Gly 6195	Ala	Ala	Ala
Ala	Cys 6200	Cys	Ala	Сув	Суѕ	Ala 6205	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ala 6210	Ala	Cys	Cys
Cys	Cys 6215	Ala	Thr	Gly	Thr	Thr 6220	Thr	Ala	Cys	Gly	Thr 6225	Cys	Gly	Ala
Cys	Ala 6230	Ala	Ala	Ala	Cys	Thr 6235	Суѕ	Ala	Cys	Ala	Cys 6240	Ala	Thr	Gly
Thr	Cys 6245	Cys	Ala	Cys	Cys	Thr 6250	Thr	Gly	Thr	Cys	Cys 6255	Ala	Gly	Cys

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Thr	Cys 6260	Суѕ	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala 6265		Thr	Суз	Суѕ	Thr 6270		Gly	Gly
Gly	Gly 6275	Gly	Ala	Cys	Cys	Gly 6280	Thr	Cys	Ala	Gly	Thr 6285	Cys	Thr	Thr
Суѕ	Суs 6290	Thr	Cys	Thr	Thr	Cys 6295	Cys	Cys	Cys	Cys	Cys 6300		Ala	Ala
Ala	Cys 6305	Сув	Cys	Ala	Ala	Gly 6310	Gly	Ala	Cys	Ala	Cys 6315		Cys	Thr
Суз	Ala 6320	Thr	Gly	Ala	Thr	Cys 6325	Thr	Cys	Cys	Cys	Gly 6330	Gly	Ala	Cys
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Pro Leu Xaa

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Page 48

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Page 49

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Page 53

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
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ttacaad	cccg gcagca ,	76
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt				
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
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                                                                       720
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<220>
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<222> (6)..(6)
<223> Xaa (Pos6) is an amino acid residue; Xaa (Pos9) is a basic or hyd
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<220>
<221> misc_feature <222> (12)..(12)
<223> Xaa (Pos12) is a neutral hydrophobic residue.
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<210> 101
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Modulators of TALL-1
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1, 2, 3, 12 \text{ and})..(13) <223> Xaa (Pos1,2,3,12,13) are each independently absent or amino acid
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Page 63

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt residues; <220> <221> misc_feature <222> (5 and)..(8) <223> Xaa (Pos5,8) is a neutral hydrophobic residue; Xaa (Pos10) is an acidic residue; <220> <221> misc_feature <222> (14)..(14) <223> Xaa (Pos14) is absent or is an amino acid residue. <400> 101 Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Pro Phe Xaa Trp Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa 10 <210> 102 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Modulator of TALL-1 <220> <221> misc_feature (1, 2, 3, 12, 13 and)..(14) <222> <223> Xaa (Pos1,2,3,12,13,14) are each independently absent or amino ac id residues; <220> <221> misc_feature <222> (6 and)..(7)
<223> Xaa (Pos6,7) is a hydrophobic residue; <220> <221> misc_feature <222> (10)..(10) <223> Xaa (Pos10) is an acidic or polar hydrophobic residue. <400> 102 Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Trp Xaa Xaa Trp Gly Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa 5 10 <210> 103 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220>

<223> Xaa (Pos1) is absent or is an amino acid residue;

<223> Modulator of TALL-1

misc_feature

(1)..(1)

<220> <221>

<222>

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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<222> (2 and)..(14)
<223> Xaa (Pos2,14) is a neutral hydrophobic residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (3 and)..(10)
<223> Xaa (Pos3,10) is an amino acid residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and)..(13)
<223> Xaa (Pos5,6,7,8,12,13) are each independently amino acid residues
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<221> misc_feature
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       (9)..(9)
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<220>
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<222> (1, 2, 12, 13, 16, 17 and)..(18)
<223> Xaa (Pos1,2,12,13,16,17,18) are each independently absent or amin
       o acid residues;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (3)..(3)
<223> Xaa (Pos3) is an acidic or amide residue;
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<221> misc_feature
<222>
       (5 and)..(8)
<223> Xaa (Pos5,8) is an amino acid residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature <222> (6)..(6)
<223> Xaa (Pos6) is an aromatic residue;
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<221> misc_feature <222> (11)..(11)
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
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       (14)..(14)
<223> Xaa (Pos14) is a neutral hydrophobic residue.
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Xaa Xaa
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<211> 18
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<221> misc_feature
<222> (1, 2 and)..(3)
<223> Xaa (Pos1,2,3) are each independently absent or amino acid residu
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5, 7, 14 and)..(16)
<223> Xaa (Pos5,7,14,16) is an amino acid residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (10)..(10)
<223> Xaa (Pos10) is a basic residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (11 and)..(12)
<223> Xaa (Pos11,12) are each independently amino acid residues;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (13 and)..(17)
<223> Xaa (Pos13,17) is a neutral hydrophobic residue;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (18)..(18)
<223> Xaa (Pos18) is an amino acid residue or is absent.
<400> 105
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Page 66

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
                5
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1
                                     10
Xaa Xaa
<210> 106
<211> 18
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<213> Artificial Sequence
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<221> misc_feature
<222> (5, 6, 7, 10, 13 and)..(14)
<223> Xaa (Pos5,6,7,10,13,14) are each independently amino acid residue
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Xaa Xaa
<210> 107
<211> 18
<212> PRT
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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1,2,3,15,16,17)..(18)
<223> Xaa (Pos1,2,3,15,16,17,18) are each independently absent or amino
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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5, 6, 7, 9 and)..(13)
<223> Xaa (Pos 5,6,7,9 13) are each independently amino acid residues;
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (11)..(11)
<223> Xaa (Pos 11) is T or I; and
<400> 107
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Xaa Xaa
<210> 108
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<223> X at (Pos 2) is an amino acid residue
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<221> misc_feature
<222> (4)..(4)
<223> X at (Pos 4) is threonyl or isoleucyl
<400> 108
Asp Xaa Leu Xaa
<210> 109
<211> 14
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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1, 2 and)..(3)
<223> X at (Pos 1, 2, 3) are absent or are amino acid residues (with on
       e of X1, X2,
                                            and X3 preferred to be C when one of X12,
 X13, an
       d X14 is C);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (5)..(5)
<223> X at (Pos 5) is W, Y, or F (W preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (7)..(7)
<223> X at (Pos 7) is an amino acid residue (L preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (9)..(9)
<222> X at (Pos 9) is T or I (T preferred);
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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<221> misc_feature
<222> (10)..(10)
<223> X at (Pos 10) is K, R, or H ( K preferred).
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (12)..(12)
<223> X at (Pos 12) is C, a neutral hydrophobic residue, or a basic res
       idue (W, C, or R
                                         preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (13)..(13)
                      is C, a neutral hydrophobic residue or is absent
<223> X at (Post 13)
       (V preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (14)...(14) <223> X at (Pos 14) is any amino acid residue or is absent.
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<210> 111
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Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala
Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro
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40

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val

Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val

Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln 100

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro

Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr

Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser

Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr

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Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245

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Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Page 70

PCT/US02/15273 WO 02/092620

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

20

Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro

Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val

Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val 65 70 75 80

Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro

Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr

Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser

Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr 200

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<400> 113

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val

Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val

Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro

Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr

Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser 170

Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr 200

Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe

Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys

Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245

<210> 114

<211> 252 <212> PRT

A-743	PC T	ST25	tyt
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<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 114

Met Gly Ser Arg Cys Lys Tyr Lys Trp Asp Val Leu Thr Lys Gln Cys

1 10 15

Phe His His Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro 20 . 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe 35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val 50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 100 105 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val 115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210 215 220

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
Page 73

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 245

<210> 115

<211> 252
<211> 252
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 115

Met Leu Pro Gly Cys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Ile Lys Gln Trp Val Cys 1 5 10 15

Asp Pro Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 200

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 215

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245 250

<210> 116

<211> 252

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 116

Met Ser Ala Asp Cys Tyr Phe Asp Ile Leu Thr Lys Ser Asp Val Cys 1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro 20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe 35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val 50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 100 105 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val 115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Page 75

PCT/US02/15273 WO 02/092620

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 195

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 117 <211> 252

<212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 117

Met Ser Asp Asp Cys Met Tyr Asp Gln Leu Thr Arg Met Phe Ile Cys

Ser Asn Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 170 165

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 200

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 118

<211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 118

Met Asp Leu Asn Cys Lys Tyr Asp Glu Leu Thr Tyr Lys Glu Trp Cys

Gln Phe Asn Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 100

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Page 77

160

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 145 150

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 200

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 119

<211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

Met Phe His Asp Cys Lys Tyr Asp Leu Leu Thr Arg Gln Met Val Cys

His Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210 215 220

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245 250

<210> 120

<211> 252

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 120

Met Arg Asn His Cys Phe Trp Asp His Leu Leu Lys Gln Asp Ile Cys $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$

Pro Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro 20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe 35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val 50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Page 79

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 100

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 200

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 121

<211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 121

Met Ala Asn Gln Cys Trp Trp Asp Ser Leu Thr Lys Lys Asn Val Cys

Glu Phe Phe Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val

Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 105

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245

<210> 122 <211> 252 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 122

Met Phe His Asp Cys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Val Cys

His Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Page 81

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt 50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 100 105 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val 115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210 215

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys

<210> 123

<211> 293

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 123

Met Leu Pro Gly Cys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Ile Lys Gln Trp Val Cys 1 5 10

Asp Pro Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Ala 20 25 30

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr His Met Leu Pro Gly Cys Lys Trp 35 40 45

Asp Leu Leu Ile Lys Gln Trp Val Cys Asp Pro Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly 50 55 60

Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu 65 70 75 80

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr 85 90 95

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val 100 105 110

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 115 120 125

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser 130 140

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu 145 150 155 160

Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala 165 170 175

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro 180 185 190

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln 195 200 205

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala 210 215 220

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr 225 230 235 240

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu 245 250 255

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser 260 265 270

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser 275 280 285

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 290

Page 83

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

<210> 124 <211> 293

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> TALL-1 inhibitory peptibodies

<400> 124

Met Phe His Asp Cys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Val Cys 1 5 10 15

His Gly Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Ala 20 25 30

Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Thr His Met Phe His Asp Cys Lys Trp 35 40 45

Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Val Cys His Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly 50 55 60

Gly Val Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu 65 70 75 80

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr 85 90 95

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val
100 105 110

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 115 120 125

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser 130 135 140

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu 145 150 155 160

Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala 165 170 175

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro 180 185 190

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln 195 200 205

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala 210 215 220

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Page 84

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
225
                      230
                                                                   240
Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu
Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser
             260
                                    265
Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser
                               280
Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
    290
<210> 125
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Consensus Sequence
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1, 2 and)..(3)
<223> X at (Pos 1, 2, 3) are absent or are amino acid residues (with on
       e of X1, X2,
                                            and X3 preferred to be C when one of X12,
 X13, an
       d X14 is C);
<220>
<221> misc_feature <222> (7)..(7)
<223> X at (Pos 7) is an amino acid residue (L preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature <222> (9)..(9)
<223> X at (Pos 9) is T or I (T preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222>
        (12)..(12)
<223> X at (Pos 12) is C, a neutral hydrophobic residue, or a basic res
        idue (W, C, or R
        preferred);
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (13)..(13)
<223> X at (Pos 13) is C, a neutral hydrophobic residue or is absent (V
```

Page 85

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

preferred);

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (14)..(14) <223> X at (Pos 14) is any amino acid residue or is absent.

<400> 125

Xaa Xaa Xaa Lys Trp Asp Xaa Leu Xaa Lys Gln Xaa Xaa

<210> 126 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

<400> 126

Tyr Lys Gly Arg Gln Met Trp Asp Ile Leu Thr Arg Ser Trp Val Val

Ser Leu

<210> 127 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

<400> 127

Gln Asp Val Gly Leu Trp Trp Asp Ile Leu Thr Arg Ala Trp Met Pro

Asn Ile

<210> 128 <211> 18 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

<400> 128

Gln Asn Ala Gln Arg Val Trp Asp Leu Leu Ile Arg Thr Trp Val Tyr

Pro Gln

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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<210> 129
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 129
Gly Trp Asn Glu Ala Trp Trp Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Ile Trp Val Leu
Glu Gln
<210> 130
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 130
Arg Ile Thr Cys Asp Thr Trp Asp Ser Leu Ile Lys Lys Cys Val Pro
Gln Ser
<210> 131
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 131
Gly Ala Ile Met Gln Phe Trp Asp Ser Leu Thr Lys Thr Trp Leu Arg
Gln Ser
<210> 132
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 132
Trp Leu His Ser Gly Trp Trp Asp Pro Leu Thr Lys His Trp Leu Gln
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Page 87

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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Lys Val
<210> 133
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 133
Ser Glu Trp Phe Phe Trp Phe Asp Pro Leu Thr Arg Ala Gln Leu Lys
Phe Arg
<210> 134
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 134
Gly Val Trp Phe Trp Trp Phe Asp Pro Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Thr Gln
Ala Gly
<210> 135
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 135
Met Gln Cys Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Asp Ile Leu Thr Lys Trp Cys Val Thr 1 5 10 15
Asn Gly
<210> 136
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
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Page 88

<400> 136

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

Leu Trp Ser Lys Glu Val Trp Asp Ile Leu Thr Lys Ser Trp Val Ser

Gln Ala

<210> 137 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

Lys Ala Ala Gly Trp Trp Phe Asp Trp Leu Thr Lys Val Trp Val Pro 1 5 10 15

Ala Pro

<210> 138 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

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Ala Tyr Gln Thr Trp Phe Trp Asp Ser Leu Thr Arg Leu Trp Leu Ser 1 10 15

Thr Thr

<210> 139 <211> 18 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

<400> 139

Ser Gly Gln His Phe Trp Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser Trp Thr Pro

Ser Thr

<210> 140 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
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Leu Gly Val Gly Gln Lys Trp Asp Pro Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Val Ser
                                        10
Arg Gly
<210> 141
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 141
Val Gly Lys Met Cys Gln Trp Asp Pro Leu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Cys
Val Gly
<210> 142
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 142
Cys Arg Gln Gly Ala Lys Phe Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Cys Leu Leu
                                       10
Gly Arg
<210> 143
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 143
Gly Gln Ala Ile Arg His Trp Asp Val Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Val Asp
                                       10
Ser Gln
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<210> 144

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

<211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

<400> 144

Arg Gly Pro Cys Gly Ser Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys His Cys Leu Asp

Ser Gln

<210> 145 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

<400> 145

Trp Gln Trp Lys Gln Gln Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Met Val Trp

Val Gly

<210> 146 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

<400> 146

Pro Ile Thr Ile Cys Arg Lys Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Val Val Cys

Leu Asp

<210> 147 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains

<400> 147

Lys Thr Cys Asn Gly Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Cys Leu Gln

Gln Ala

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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<210> 148
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 148
Lys Cys Leu Lys Gly Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Cys Val Thr
Glu Val
<210> 149
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 149
Arg Cys Trp Asn Gly Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Cys Ile His
Pro Trp
<210> 150
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 150
Asn Arg Asp Met Arg Lys Trp Asp Pro Leu Ile Lys Gln Trp Ile Val
Arg Pro
<210> 151
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 151
Gln Ala Ala Ala Thr Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Leu Val
                                           Page 92
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A-743 PCT.ST25.txt
                  5
1
                                                                15
                                         10
Pro Pro
<210> 152
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
Pro Glu Gly Gly Pro Lys Trp Asp Pro Leu Thr Lys Gln Phe Leu Pro
Pro Val
<210> 153
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
Gln Thr Pro Gln Lys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Trp Phe Thr 1 5 10
Arg Asn
<210> 154
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
<400> 154
Ile Gly Ser Pro Cys Lys Trp Asp Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Met Ile Cys
Gln Thr
<210> 155
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Preferred TALL-1 modulating domains
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Page 93

PCT/US02/15273

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PCT/US02/15273 WO 02/092620

A-743 PCT.ST25.txt

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PCT/US02/15273

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WO 02/092620
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His Ala Cys Ile Pro Cys Gln Leu Arg Cys

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



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- (25) Filing Language:

English

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11 May 2001 (11.05.2001) U

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- (74) Agents: ODRE, Steven et al.; Amgen, Inc., One Amgen Center Drive, M/S 27-4-A, Thousand Oaks, CA 91320-1799 (US).
- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: PEPITDES AND RELATED MOLECULES THAT BIND TO TALL-1

(SEQ. ID. NO: 100),
b¹b²b²Cb³bʿDb⁵Lb¹b¹b¹¹b¹²b¹³b¹¹b¹¹Cb¹¹b¹²b¹³b¹

(SEQ. ID. NO: 104)
c¹c²c³Cc⁵Dc²Lc²c¹°c¹¹c¹²c¹³c¹⁴Cc¹⁵c¹²c¹⁵

(SEQ. ID. NO: 105)
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(SEQ. ID. NO: 106)
e¹e²e³Ce⁵e6e²De°Le¹¹Ke¹³Ce¹⁵e¹6e¹²e¹³

(SEQ. ID. NO: 107)
f¹f°fKf°Df°Lf°f¹¹Qf¹²f¹³f¹⁴

(SEO. ID NO: 109)

a'a'a'CDa'La'a'a''Ca''a''a

(57) Abstract: The present invention concerns therapeutic agents that modulate the activity of TALL-1. In accordance with the present invention, modulators of TALL-1 may comprise an amino acid sequence Dz2Lz4 wherein z2 is an amino acid residue and z4 is threonyl or isoleucyl. Exemplary molecules comprise a sequence of the formulae a¹a²a³CDa⁶La⁸a⁹a¹⁰Ca¹²a¹³a¹⁴ (SEQ.ID.NO:100), $b^1b^2b^3Cb^5b^6Db^8Lb^{10}b^{11}b^{12}b^{13}b^{14}Cb^{16}b^{17}b^{18}$ (SEQ.ID.NO:104) c1c2c3Cc5Dc7Lc9c10c11c12c13c14Cc16c17c18 (SEQ.ID.NO:105) d1d2d3Cd5d6d7WDd10Ld13d14d15Cd16d17d18 (SEQ.ID.NO:106) e1e2e3Ce5e6e7De9Le11Ke13Ce15e16e17e18 (SEQ.ID.NO:107) f¹f²f³Kf⁵Df⁷Lf⁹f¹⁰Qf¹²f¹³f¹⁴ (SEQ.ID NO:109) wherein the substituents are as defined in the specification. The invention further comprises compositions of matter of the formula (X1)_n-V1-(X2)_b wherein V1 is a vehicle that is covalently attached to one or more of the above TALL-1 modulating compositions of matter. The vehicle and the TALL-1 modulating composition of matter may be linked through the N- or C-terminus of the TALL-1 modulating portion. The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain, and the preferred Fc domain is an IgG Fc domain.

WO 02/092620 A3

 $(X^{1})_{a}-V^{1}-(X^{2})_{b}$ (1)



Published:

with international search report

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US02/15273

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER 1PC(7) : C07K 14/525; A61K 38/19; C12N 5/10, 15/28					
US CL	US CL : 530/351, 402; 514/2, 8, 12; 536/23.5; 435/69.1, 71.1, 471, 320.1, 325, 252.3, 254.11 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC				
	DS SEARCHED	ladollal Classification and IPC			
	cumentation searched (classification system followed	hy classification symbols)			
U.S.: 530/351, 402; 514/2, 8, 12; 536/23.5; 435/69.1, 71.1, 471, 320.1, 325, 252.3, 254.11					
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched NONE					
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) Please See Continuation Sheet					
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where a	ppropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
A	Database PNAS, SHU, HB. et al. B cell maturati necrosis factor family member TALL-1. Proc. Nat Vol. 97, No. 16, pages 9156-9161.		1-62		
A	Database PNAS, KHARE et al. Severe B cell hyperplasia and autoimmune disease in TALL-1 transgenis mice. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 28 March 2000, Vol. 97, No. 7, pages 3370-3375.		1-62		
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.		See patent family annex.			
* S	pecial categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the into date and not in conflict with the applie			
	defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be lar relevance	principle or theory underlying the inve	ention		
"E" earlier application or patent published on or after the international filing date		"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone			
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)		"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is			
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Date of the actual completion of the international search		Date of mailing of the international sea	Breport		
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Bax PCT Prema M Mertz Authorized officer Prema M Mertz Prema M Mertz					
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT	
•	
Continuation of B. FIELDS SEARCHED Item 3:	
CAS ONLINE, MEDLINE, CAPLUS, EMBASE, USPATFULL	
search terms: TALL-1, binding composition, ligand, hybrid, chimera, DNA, exp	ression vector, host cell, administering, treatment,
therapy	,

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1998)